

TFIAM-CIAM Work plan 2024-2025

Priorities, progress, plans & requests

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TFIAM & CIAM 2024/2025 work plan

≈ 25 specific tasks on the work plan matching the areas of the TFIAM mandate

- Integrate knowledge from science bodies in an integrated assessment framework and support the policy process with scenario analyses
- Produce special reports on request
- Stimulate national integrated assessment capacity and exchange experiences

Priorities for 2024/25 are on support to the Gothenburg Protocol revision process

- Integrate knowledge from science bodies into the IAM framework and further develop GAINS to enable scenario analysis replying to questions from WGSR, EB, and parties
- Provide documentation informing policy decisions

Requests received by TFIAM/CIAM

WGSR61

- To prepare a policy brief on the attainability of a 50% reduction target for health-risks as suggested during the Saltsjöbaden-VII meeting
- To assess the feasibility of reaching a 50% improvement also for ecosystems

EB43

 To provide further analysis on potential implications of introducing collective risk-based targets for the UNECE region to address air pollution impacts on health and ecosystems (adopted WP 2024/25)

Policy brief on potential targets to reduce risks for health and ecosystems (1/2)

- First version provided to EB43 as informal document
 - Focus on reaching a 50% improvement in health impacts from PM_{2.5} in 2050
- Comments requested by EB by 3 February 2024
 - Comments received from EU&MS, CH, UK
 - Comments received from TFIAM expert (UBA DE)
- Recurrent comments are
 - Choice of & criteria for base and target years; modelling intermediate years
 - Clear definition and documentation of scenarios (BL, LOW, GP compliant...)
 - Optimization also for O₃ health and combined PM_{2.5} O₃ health, analyses for ecosystems (biodiversity)
 - Explore staged/phased approaches
 - Sensitivity scenarios (impact of targets for marine ecosystems, impact of N management policies, ...)

Policy brief on potential targets to reduce risks for health and ecosystems (2/2)

- Document destined to evolve with modelling and assessments throughout GP revision (2024-2026)
- First updates planned for WGSR62
 - Updates in Baseline (EU consultations, West Balkan, EECCA)
 - CIAM modelling intermediate years (2035, 2040)
 - Region vs. state wise optimisation
 - Suggestions for analyses that could inform revision options for West Balkan & EECCA countries
 - Suggestions for optimisation for biodiversity protection target setting
- Further additions for EB44
 - First analyses informing revision options for West Balkan & EECCA countries (staged / phased approaches...)
- Not before 2025
 - Multiple health target optimisation (PM_{2.5} & O₃)
 - Other indicators (biodiversity, marine...)

Some key issues for the next steps

- Need for improving the involvement of/exchange with representatives of nonparties
 - technical and policy perspective
- Priorities on scenarios
 - WGSR, EB
- Collaboration with other TFs on issues relevant for data quality improvements, target setting, optimization, health...
 - => CIAM presentation

Further TFIAM work for 2024 and 2025

- Draft guidance document on NTMs and structural measures to EB44
 - Approaches to assessment and examples of successful implementation of such measures
 - Cooperation with TFRN (e.g., on dietary change)
- EPCAC position paper on multi-level modelling
 - Draft by summer, workshop in autumn, final version end of 2024
- Coordination with task forces and expert groups
 - Regular coordination with TFHTAP, TF-Health, TFTEI, TFRN, and FICAP
 - Commonly engaging in outreach activities

Meetings

- TFIAM53 on 15-17 April 2024 in Paris
 - Focus on the tasks supporting the Air Convention during the Gothenburg Protocol revision
 - Information on recent international IAM model development and modelling results





• EPCAC 5 (after the summer)

A call for collaboration with TFMM

- Correction of biases between modelled and measured concentrations
 - Whether and how biases are corrected differs between parties (Δ %, + Δ , no correction)
 - Choices may impact on the assumed policy effectiveness
 - Choices can explain differences in scenario results from different models
 - Choices may be politically motivated
 - TFIAM is interested in systematic biases in average exposure
 - Raise awareness by countries' IAM modellers on this
 - Obtain information on options to bias correction, their rationale and potential limitations
 - Obtain recommendations on whether and how to correct systematic biases

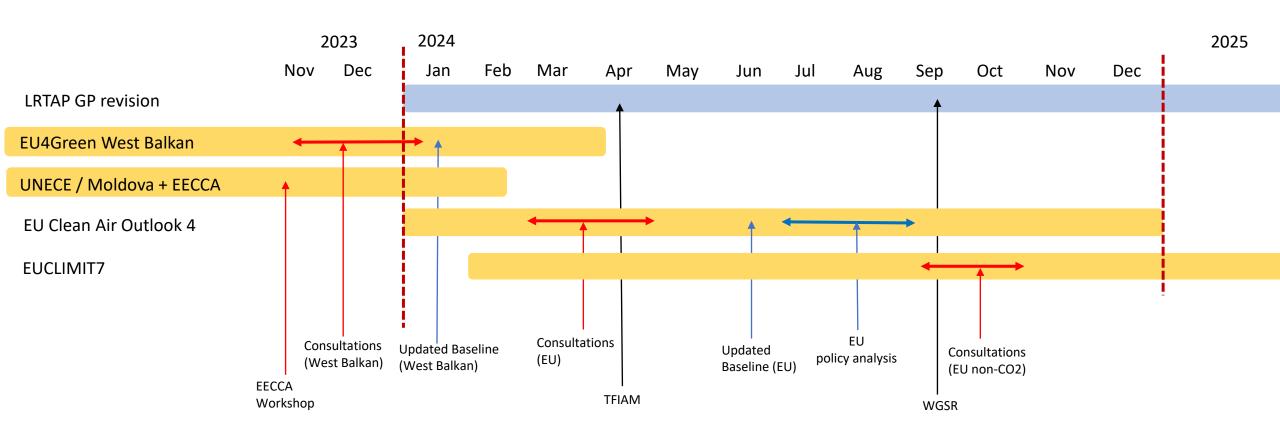


CIAM Work

Plans & requests more in detail

Gregor Kiesewetter & Zig Klimont

Synergies with other activities (in 2024)



Addressing comments to Policy brief - general considerations

- Updated calculations for TFIAM will draw on:
 - EU4Green West Balkan
 - SR3 (detailed analysis with GAINS for the EU Industrial Emissions Directive)
 - EU Clean Air Outlook 4 (MS consultations, new baseline)
 - EECCA work funded by UNECE
 - Initial responses to comments to policy brief
- Air quality targets/limit values vs health-based targets (emission ceilings)
- "Inequality / injustice" between countries
 - Meteorology: different years are high or low for different countries
 - Natural vs anthropogenic PM: different background levels in different countries

Specific questions to the Policy Brief

- Target setting options
 - Base year (data availability!), target years (beyond 2030)
 - Region wide vs country targets
 - Population dynamics take them into account or not?
 - Inclusion of natural PM
- Details of the health calculations (premature deaths, YLLs, mortality)
- Inclusion of biodiversity, O₃
- Impact of different ways of representing condensable PM
- Staged / phased approaches: next slide

Thoughts on staged/phased approaches

- Addressing concerns by West Balkan & EECCA, providing new options for achievement of targets
- Options were outlined in informal EB document (Expert Paper Dec 2023).
- GAINS could:
 - Run optimization for different target setup
 - Identify priority sectors for cost-effective reductions, similarities across countries
 - Run simulations with more stringent controls for selected sectors (for example assuming full compliance with EU Industrial Emissions Directive)
 - 5

Further considerations

- Sequential optimization to derive a consistent time series?
 - Could be relevant for later target years. Currently each GAINS run for a specific year starts from CLE.
- What to assume for the rest of the world? (particularly relevant for O₃)
- Assumptions on international shipping
- Should there be an additional target on urban population / cities?
- "Beyond MFR"
 - What can be assumptions on behavioural changes?
 - What emission levels are 'permissible' to reach a given target, e.g., nature preservation?

Next steps in detail

- Information on publication dates for EMAPEC and HRAPIE II: TFH
- Extension of critical load (eutrophication, acidification) database coverage to the whole EMEP domain
- Concept & data (for the whole EMEP domain) for optimisation of biodiversity targets: CCE, WGE (ICP Vegetation), CIAM
- Information on feasibility of implementing technological options in EECCA: TFTEI -> CIAM
- Reported data, emission inventories (improving completeness and quality, focus on WB and EECCA): TFEIP/CEIP
- Updating atmospheric calculations in GAINS: MSC-W, CIAM
 - Completing the PM_{2.5} exposure increment for the whole domain (so far only Europe)
 - Develop new ambient ozone calculations in GAINS for the EMEP domain (which indicator/s?)

Thank you!

TFIAM co-chairs

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Presentations and conclusions from all earlier TFIAM and EPCAC meetings found at: https://iiasa.ac.at/TFIAM

Annex

TFIAM & CIAM 2024/2025 work plan

Objectives according to the TFIAM mandate

- 1. Integrate knowledge from science bodies in an integrated assessment framework and support the policy process with scenario analyses
- 2. Produce special reports on request
- 3. Stimulate national integrated assessment capacity and exchange experiences

Integrate knowledge from science bodies in an integrated assessment framework ...

- Review source-receptor methodologies (WP 1.1.1.5, TFIAM supporting MSC-W, TFMM, CIAM, TFHTAP)
- Update GAINS for simulating O3 response to precursors' emission reductions (WP1.1.1.6, CIAM with MSC-W, TFHTAP)
- Consolidate evidence on health outcomes of air pollution (WP 1.1.1.32, TFIAM support TF-Health)
- Improve spatial distribution of emissions (WP1.1.2.5, CIAM support to CEIP)
- Integrate knowledge from science bodies in IAM framework and support policy process with scenario analysis (WP1.1.3.4, CIAM, MSC-W, TFHTAP, TFIAM)
- Update, refine, further develop GAINS (local health impacts, condensables, soil NOX/NMVOC incl. implications for hydrogen economy, update emission projections incl. mercury (WP1.1.3.5, CIAM)

... support the policy process with scenario analyses

- Contribute to Gothenburg protocol revision (WP 1.1.3.0, TFIAM, CIAM, TFMM, MSC-W, CCC, TFHTAP, CCE, WGE)
- Support policy process with scenario analysis, incl. effects based/risk-based approaches (WP1.1.3.1, CIAM, MSC-W, TFHTAP, TFIAM, WGE)
- Ozone modelling for future scenarios (WP1.1.3.2, TFHTAP, TFIAM, CIAM, TFMM, MSC-W, ICP Vegetation)
- New global and regional model simulations of historical trends and future scenarios for Gothenburg Protocol pollutants (WP1.1.4.2, TFHTAP, TFMM, MSC-W, CIAM, ICP Vegetation)
- Assess implications of ammonia as an energy carrier & write information note (WP 2.1.7, TFRN with TFIAM, TFTEI)
- Examination of benefits and barriers to dietary change (WP2.1.8, TFRN with TFIAM)
- Provide further analysis on implications of introducing collective risk-based targets (WP2.1.12, TFIAM)
- Cooperate with Arctic Council and AMAP (WP1.3.8, CEIP, CIAM, MSC-W, secretariat)
- Coordination with Task forces and expert groups (draft WP 1.2.3)

Produce special reports on request

- Policy brief on multiscale modelling (WP2.1.4, TFIAM, TFICAP)
- Policy Brief on implications of introducing collective risk-based targets (WP2.1.12, TFIAM)
- Draft guidance document on NTMs and structural measures to EB (WP2.2.3, TFIAM with TFRN, TFTEI)
- Promote guidance documents (WP 1.3.10 and 2.2.1, with TFRN, TFIAM, TFTEI)

Stimulate national integrated assessment capacity and exchange experiences

- Stimulate national IAM capacity (WP 1.1.3.3, TFIAM), particularly in EECCA, Türkiye and West Balkan countries (WP1.2.2, MSC-W and CIAM with CEIP, TFIAM, TFTEI)
- Hold EPCAC meetings 5 and 6 (WP1.1.4.6, TFIAM with nominated experts)
- Promote/use multiscale modelling (WP2.1.4, TFIAM, TFICAP)
- Outreach of TFICAP (WP 1.3.1, TFEIP, TFIAM, TFMM)