

EU Single Window Environment for Customs (EU SWE-C)

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EU Customs Union

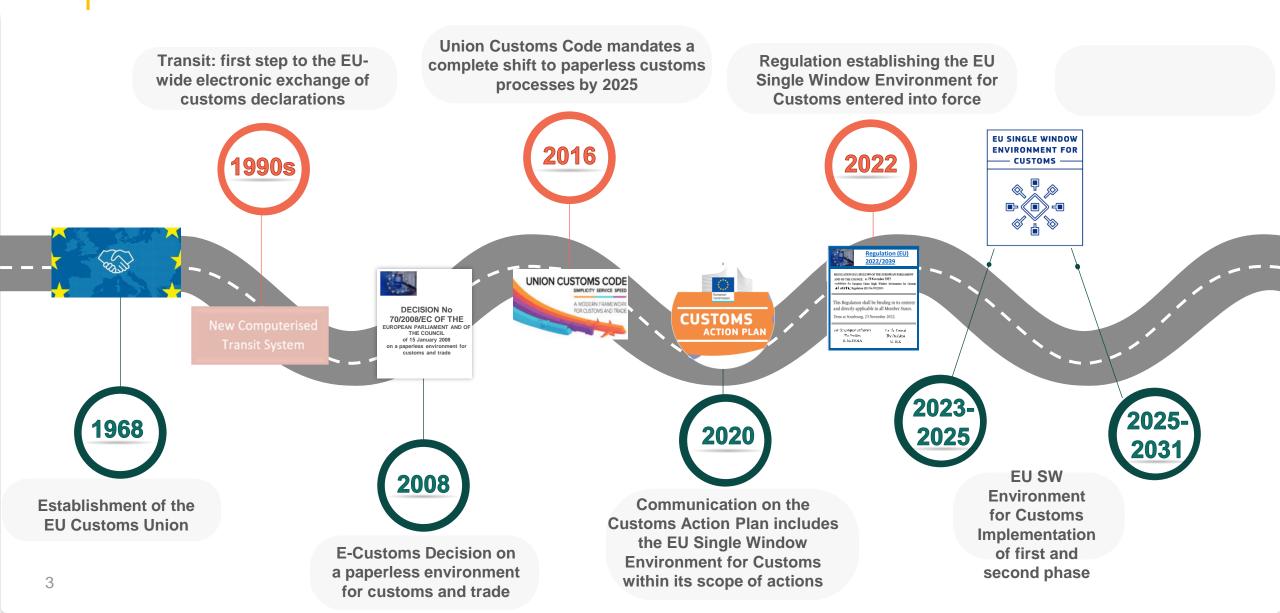
Single common customs territory with no border controls on the goods moved between the EU's Member States.



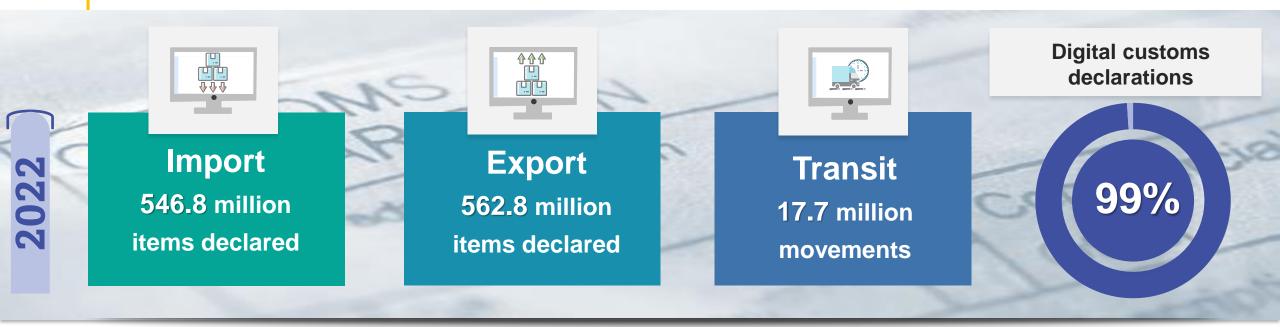
Largest trading block in the world, accounting for over 15% of the world's trade in goods.

Uniform measures for handling the import, export and transit of goods governed by a common set of rules called the Union Customs Code (UCC).

Journey to the digitalisation of the EU Customs Union



EU electronic customs: Key statistics and strategic planning





EU Single Window Environment for Customs (EU SWE-C) legislation

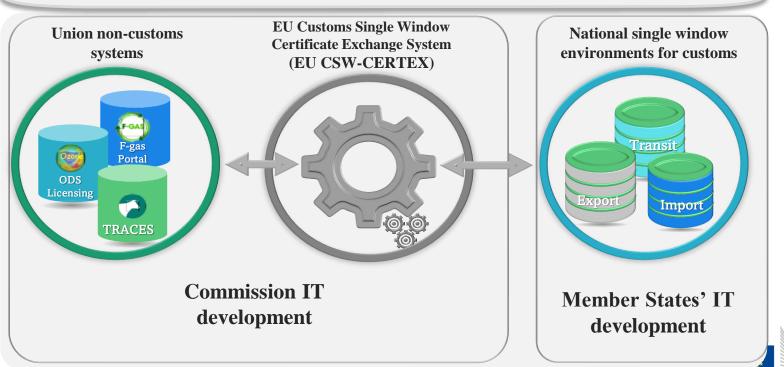
 Framework for digital cooperation focusing on intra-EU processes

Enables

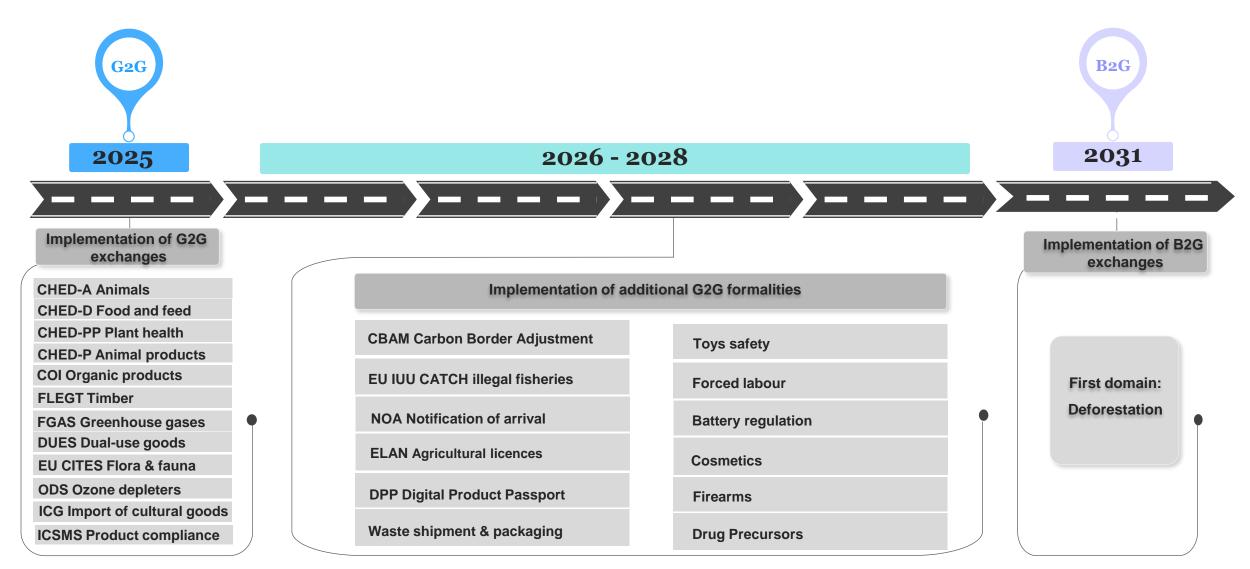
 interoperability
 between customs and
 non-customs domains
 to streamlines the
 electronic exchange of
 documents and
 information required
 for goods clearance



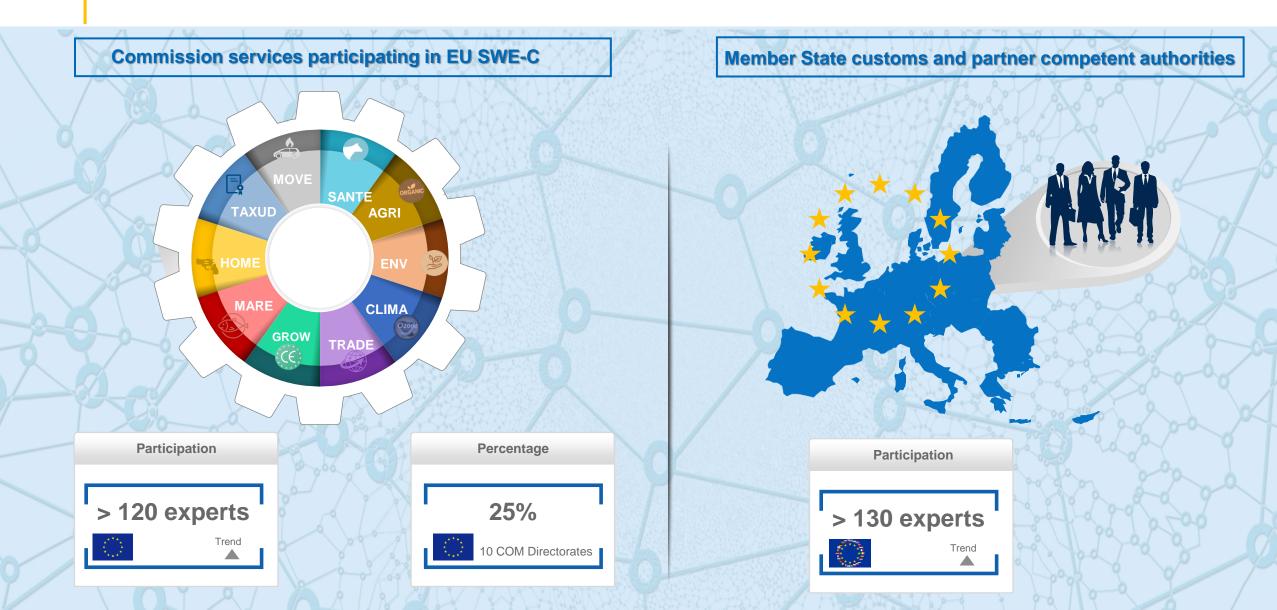
Regulation (EU) 2022/2399 on EU SWE-C entered into force on 12 December 2022.



Timeline for the EU SWE-C implementation



EU SWE-C stakeholder network



Certification for third-countries

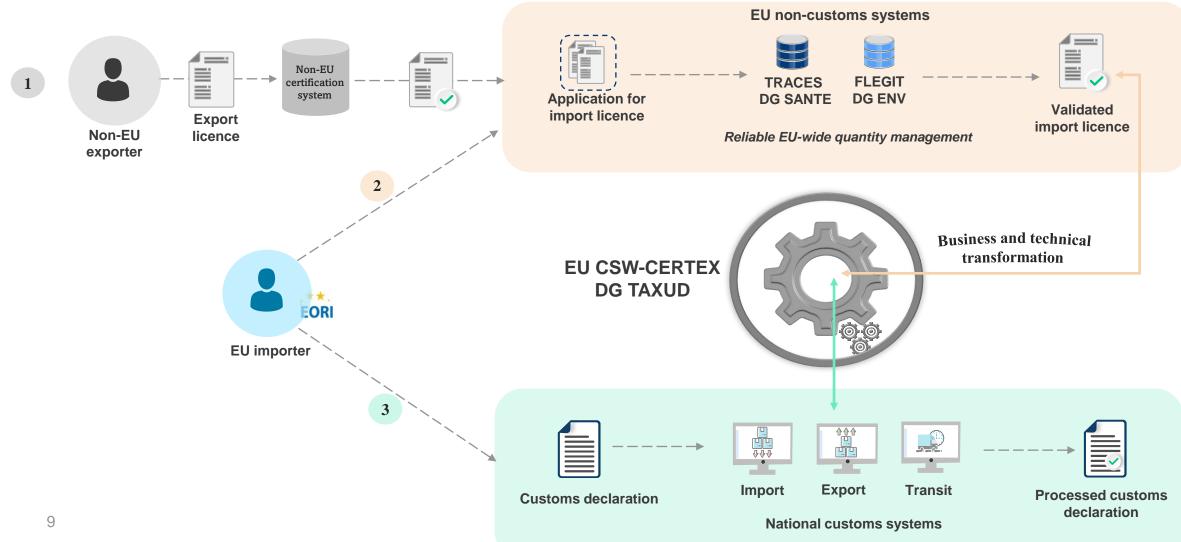
Certification systems of Commission Partner Directorates-General accessible to third countries



Benefits of interfacing EU certification systems with the EU SWE-C

Streamlined trade processes	Improved compliance with EU regulations	Enhanced transparency and traceability	Efficient quantity management	Data harmonisation and standardisation	Risk management and safety
Helps reduce paperwork and administrative burdens through automated checks, making it easier for third- countries to export to the EU.	Helps third countries comply with EU sanitary, photosanitary and forestry regulations, essential for accessing the EU market.	Increases transparency in the supply chain, ensuring the safety and traceability of goods entering the EU.	Facilitates accurate tracking and management of imported quantities, ensuring compliance with specified limits and optimising trade efficiency.	Streamlines data harmonisation across different standards, ensuring uniformity and accuracy in the data exchanged between 3 rd countries and the EU.	By facilitating better data exchange, the interface indirectly aids in risk management, enhancing the safety of food and forestry products.

Third-country certification flow via the EU SWE-C





Further information and e-learning



EU Single Window Environment for Customs website

EUR-Lex <u>Regulation (EU) 2022/2399 of the European Parliament and of the Council of</u> <u>23 November 2022 establishing the European Union Single Window</u> <u>Environment for Customs and amending Regulation (EU) No 952/2013</u>

e - Learning

The ABCs of the EU Single Window Environment for Customs

e - Learning

Enforcement of the F-gas Regulation via EU-CSW CERTEX for Economic operators



Thank you!



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