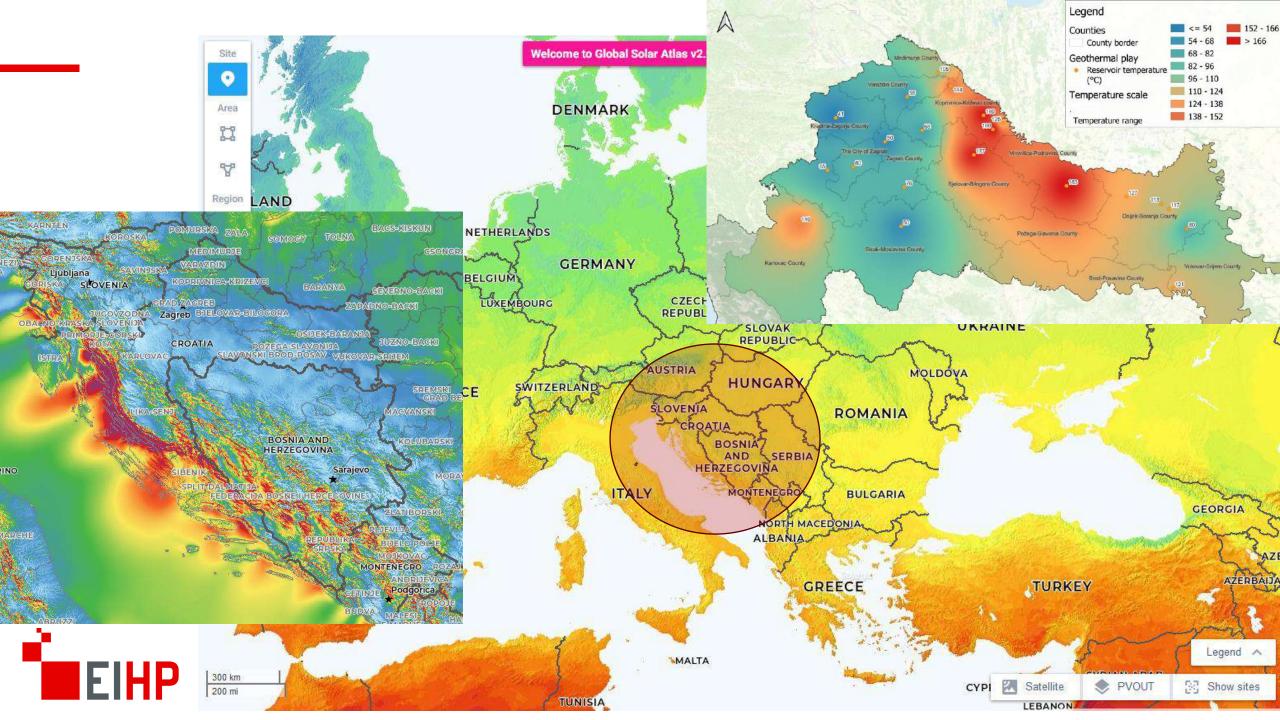


Session V. Case study CROATIA

Transport sector decarbonisation measures from the newly developed Update of the Integrated National and Climate Plan (NECP) for Croatia

Matija Vajdić 21 November 2023

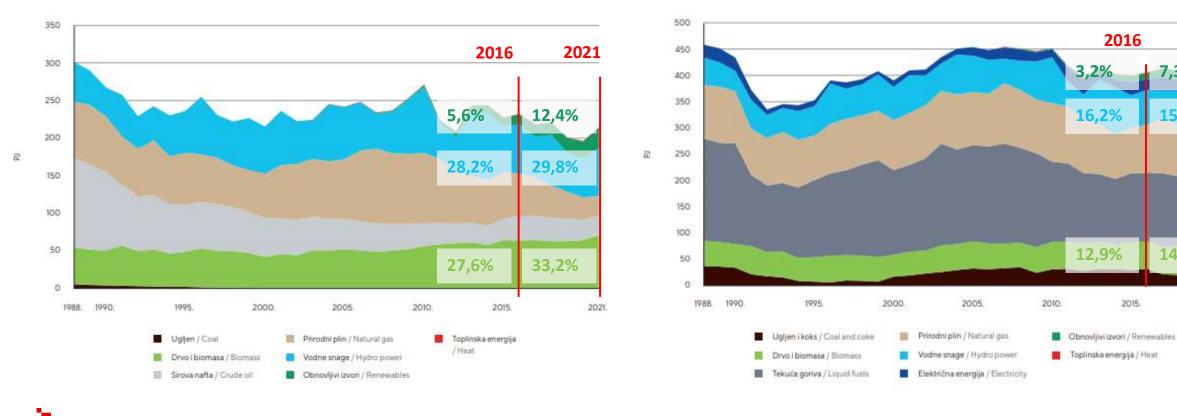
Tbilisi, Georgia



RES in Croatia

Primary energy production

EIHP



Energy consumption

2021

7,3%

15,5%

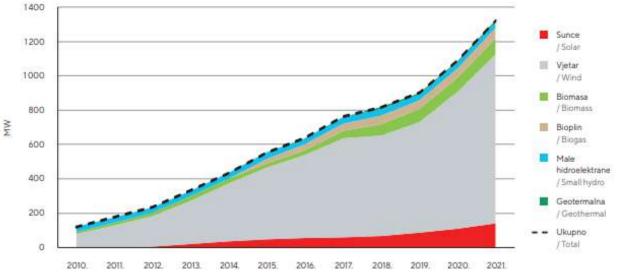
14,9%

2021

2016

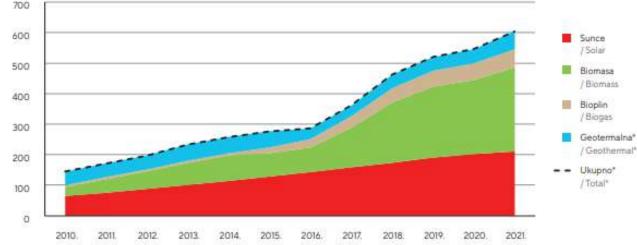
2015

RES in Croatia – MW



Slika 8.1.2. Instalirani kapaciteti za proizvodnju električne energije iz obnovljivih izvora energije u Hrvatskoj / Figure 8.1.2. Installed capacities for RES-E generation in Croatia

IEIHP



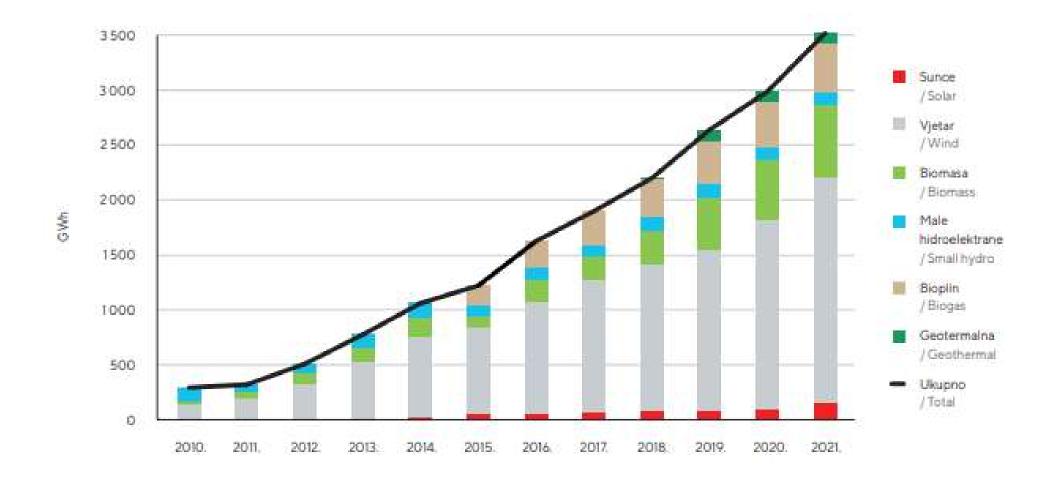
* geotermaina toplinska energija za grijanje prostora / geothermal heat for space heating

Slika 8.1.1. Instalirani kapaciteti za proizvodnju toplinske energije iz obnovljivih izvora energije u Hrvatskoj /Figure 8.1.1. Installed capacities for RES-H generation in Croatia



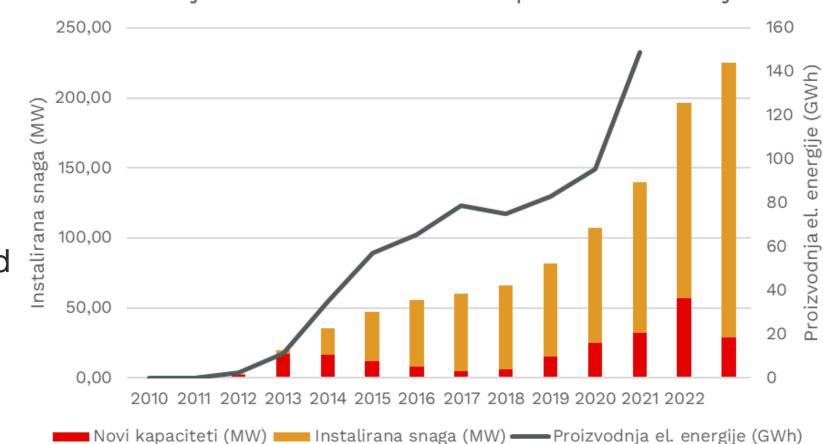
4

RES in Croatia – GWh





Solar energy in Croatia

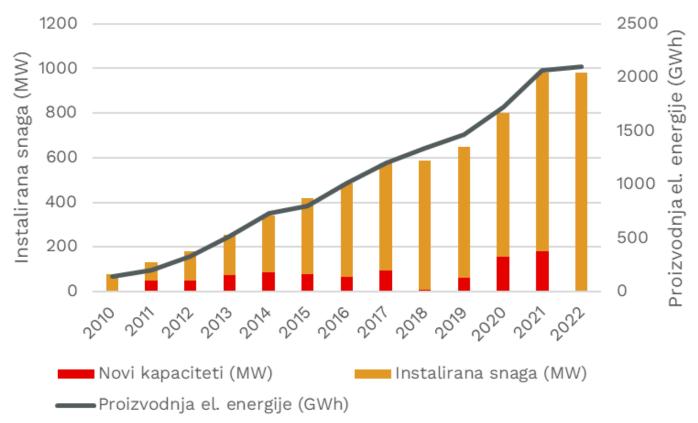


Razvoj tržišta FN sustava u Republici Hrvatskoj

- Solar heating
 - ca. 210 MWt
 - mostly small systems
 - steady growth
- PV
 - ca. 190 MW until the end of 2022
 - today, around 500 MW
 - growth depends on the legal framework

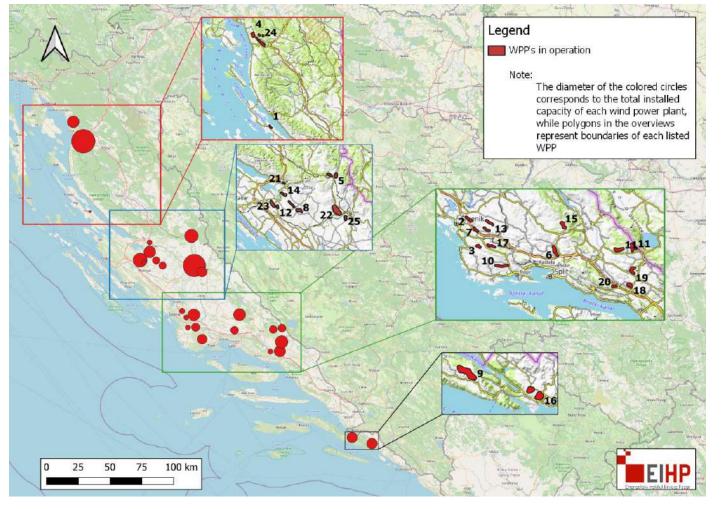
Wind energy in Croatia

Razvoj tržišta vjetroelektrana u Republici Hrvatskoj



- 980 MW by the end of 2022
- 1-2 projects per year (around 85 MW/annually)
- Most recent WPPs are fully on the market (no feedin/premium incentives needed)
- Around 150 MW are being installed by the end of 2024

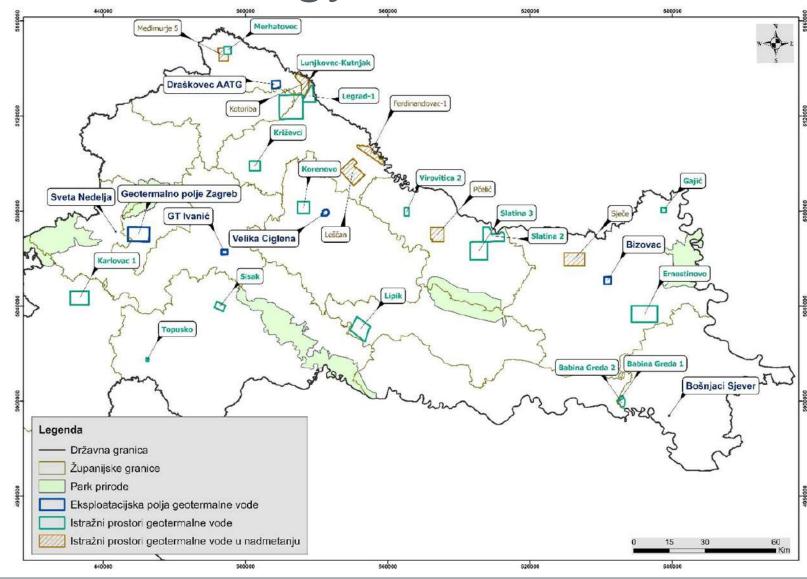
Wind energy in Croatia



IEIHP



Geothermal energy in Croatia



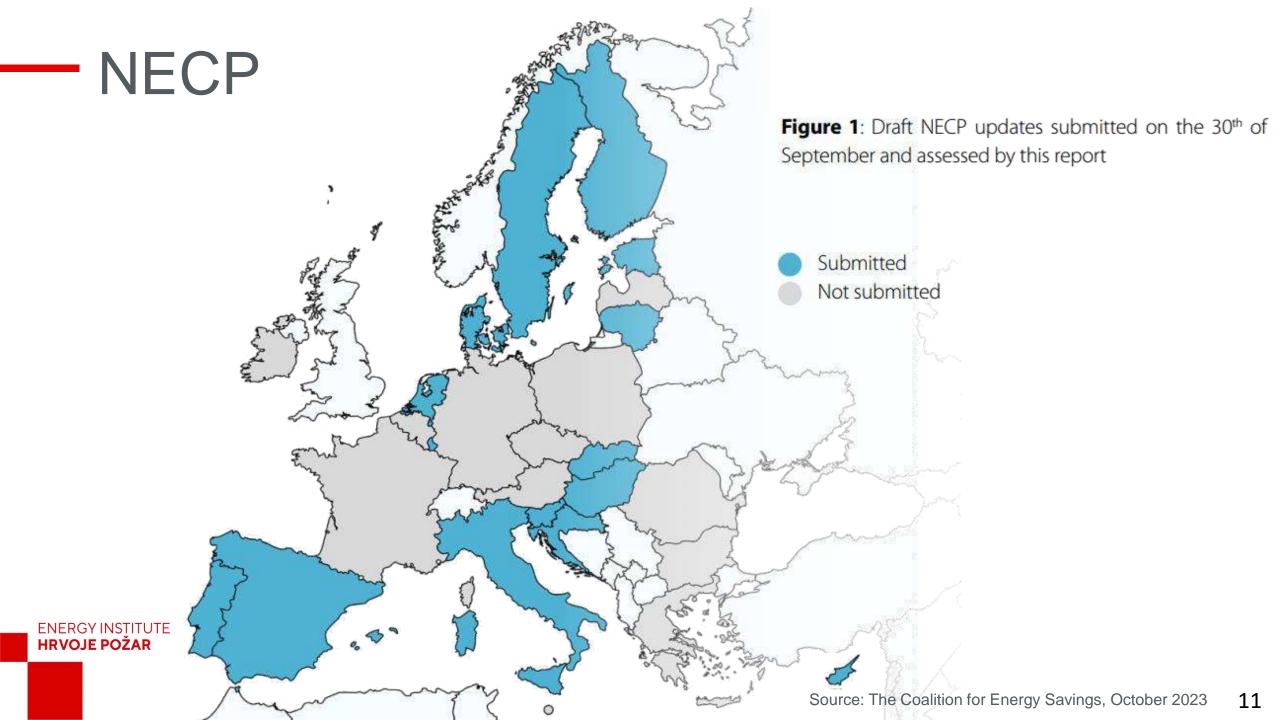
National Energy and Climate Plan (NECP)

 EU countries' 10-year National Energy and Climate Plans for 2021 – 2030

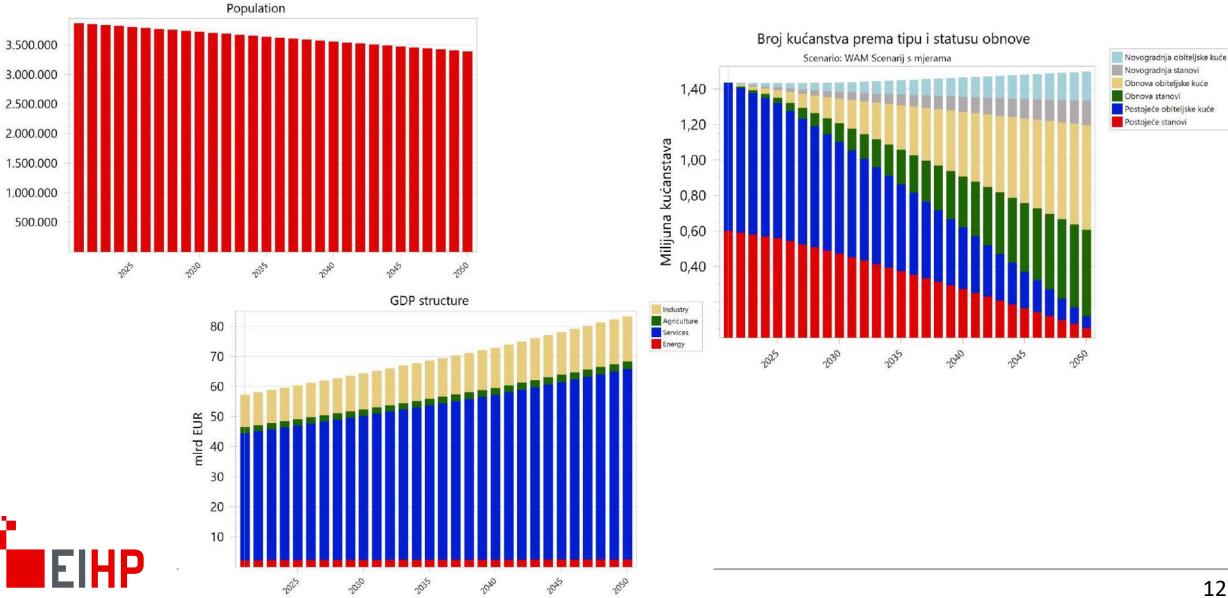
• Five dimensions of energy union:

- Decarbonisation
- Energy efficiency
- Energy security
- Internal energy market
- Research, innovation and competitiveness
- Drafted by 31 December 2018 / Assessment and recommendations by EC published in June 2019 / final NECP by 31 December 2019 / progress report every two years
- By 30 June 2023, draft NECP updates were submitted

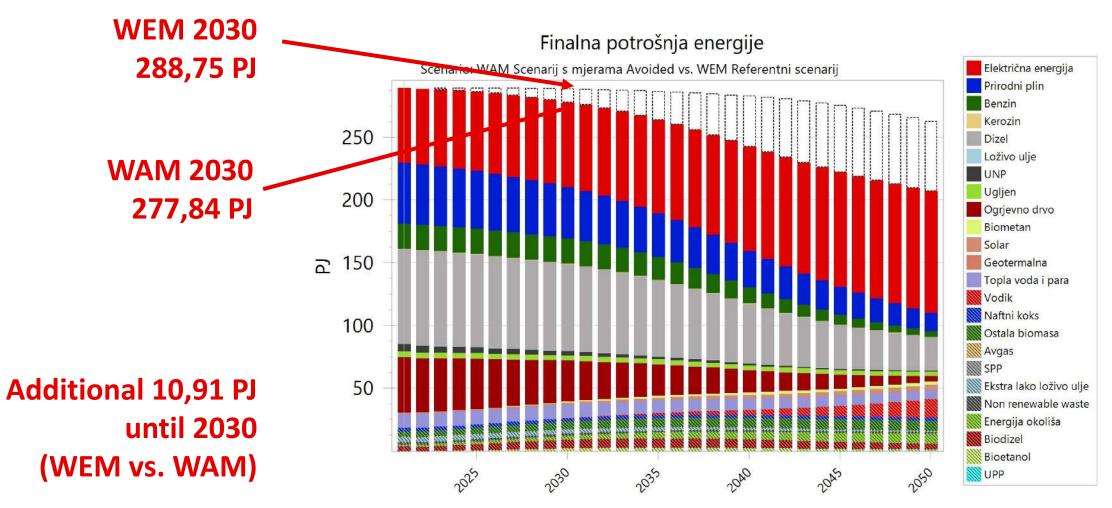




NECP inputs



Final energy consumption



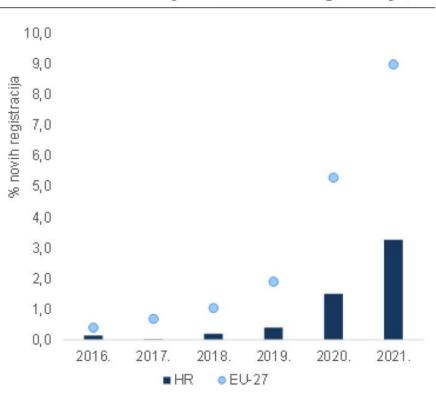


- TR-1 Regulatory instruments to promote a cleaner transport system
 - Regulatory measure, parafiscal measure
 - Aim is to encourage changes in the transport system that will reduce environmental pollution and achieve a more sustainable transport system
 - The application of regulatory instruments such as regulations, standards, and taxes that will encourage the use of low-emission vehicles and increase the use of public transport, pedestrian and bicycle paths



- TR-2 Programme for co-financing the purchase of new alternative fuel vehicles and the development of alternative fuel infrastructure in road transport
 - Financial measure
 - Various co-financing mechanisms will be defined for the purchase of vehicles of all categories with alternative energy sources
 - The minimum degree of market uptake will be defined by the revision of the National Policy Framework for the Establishment of Infrastructure and the Development of Alternative Fuel Markets in Transport by 1st January 2024

Grafikon A5.4.: Tematsko područje – Mobilnost: Udio vozila s nultim emisijama (% novih registracija)



(1) Vozila s nultim emisijama (osobni automobili) uključuju baterijska električna vozila (BEV) i vozila na gorivne ćelije (FCEV).

Izvor: Europski informativni portal za alternativna goriva

- TR-3 Improving the public transport system and promoting sustainable integrated transport
 - Financial measure, information and organizational measure
 - to promote the sustainable development of urban transport systems through the optimization of freight transport logistics and intelligent management of public parking areas, the introduction of platforms for integrated passenger transport, the introduction of car-sharing systems in cities, the introduction of low-emission zones in cities, the introduction of public urban bicycle systems and the construction of associated cycling infrastructure, intelligent traffic management



- TR-4 Encouraging the development of energy-efficient maritime transport and inland navigation
 - Financial measure
 - the measure encourages constructing an onshore electricity supply system for seagoing ships and inland waterway vessels.
 - the measure also envisages encouraging the construction of publicly available stations for the supply of hydrogen, ammonia and / or liquefied natural gas to seagoing ships and / or inland waterway vessels



- TR-5 Encouraging the development of energy-efficient rail transport
 - Financial measure
 - establishes the objective of constructing an appropriate number of stations for the supply of electricity or hydrogen from electric trains with a battery storage system and from hydrogen-powered trains on sections of the basic and comprehensive TEN-T network whose electrification is not possible for technical or cost reasons
 - Introduction of new battery-powered trains for passenger transport by rail on non-electrified railways and construction of stable energy connections for battery charging in accordance with the Program for encouraging the construction of infrastructure for alternative fuels in the Republic of Croatia



- TR-6 Encouraging the development of energy-efficient air transport
 - Financial measure
 - to reduce greenhouse gas and pollutant emissions, the electricity supply should replace the consumption of liquid fuel in airports
 - All aircraft in the commercial transport function should be able to use the external electricity supply while parked at exits or at positions away from terminals at TEN-T airports
 - to build infrastructure for the electricity supply of stationary aircraft and infrastructure for the supply of preconditioned air

- TR-7 Developing a low-carbon fuel market
 - Financial and regulatory measure
 - increasing the share of RES in transport by 2030 through the development of the market for low-carbon fuels and achieving the planned share of fuels produced from renewable energy sources in final energy consumption in transport
 - amendments to the relevant laws and by-laws based on the Renewable Energy Directive
 - The measure also implies the creation of a long-term sustainable supply chain of biomass and the construction of a bio-industrial complex designed to produce advanced biofuels with negative net greenhouse gas emissions

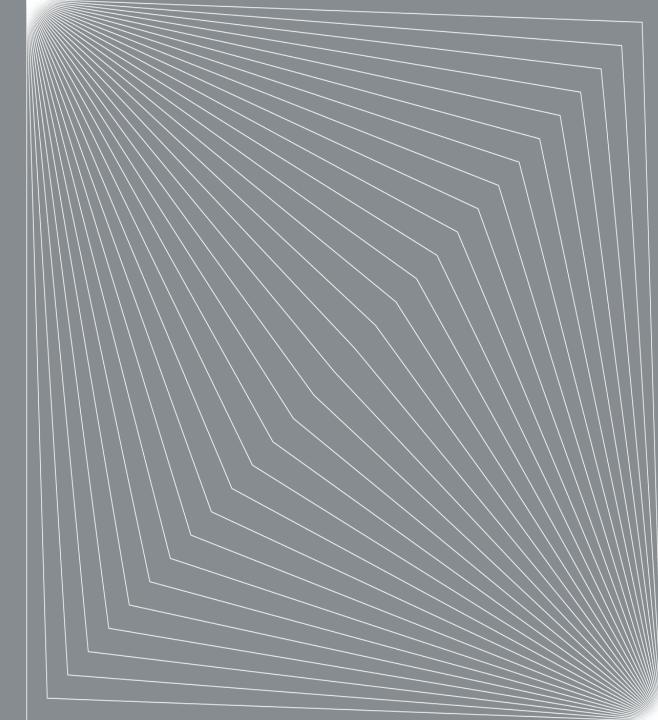


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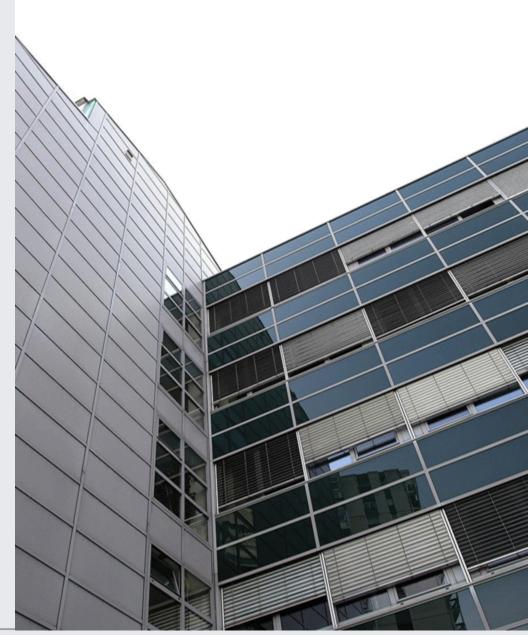
Energy Institute Hrvoje Požar Savska cesta 163, 10000 Zagreb Croatia

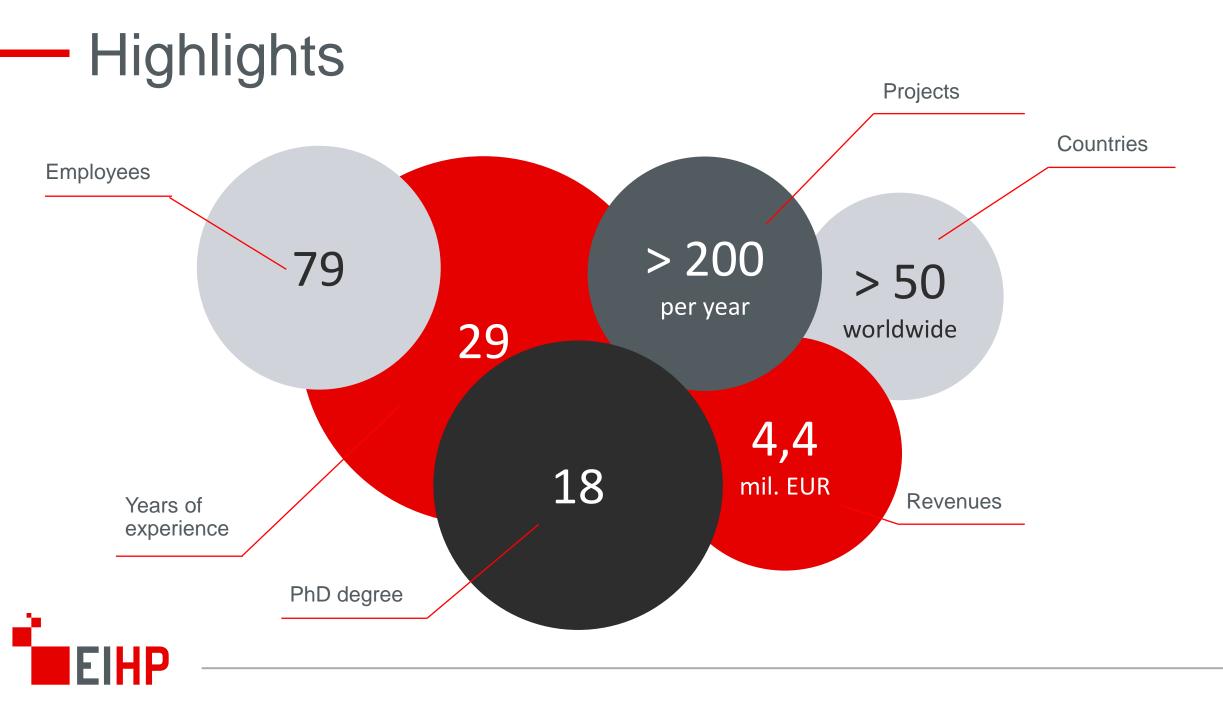




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- Energy Institute Hrvoje Požar (EIHP) is an institution owned by the Republic of Croatia, self-financed by providing services to the public and business sectors.
- Our activities include:
 - Implementing scientific research in the energy field
 - Providing professional support to public authorities
 - Providing advisory services in the domestic and international markets

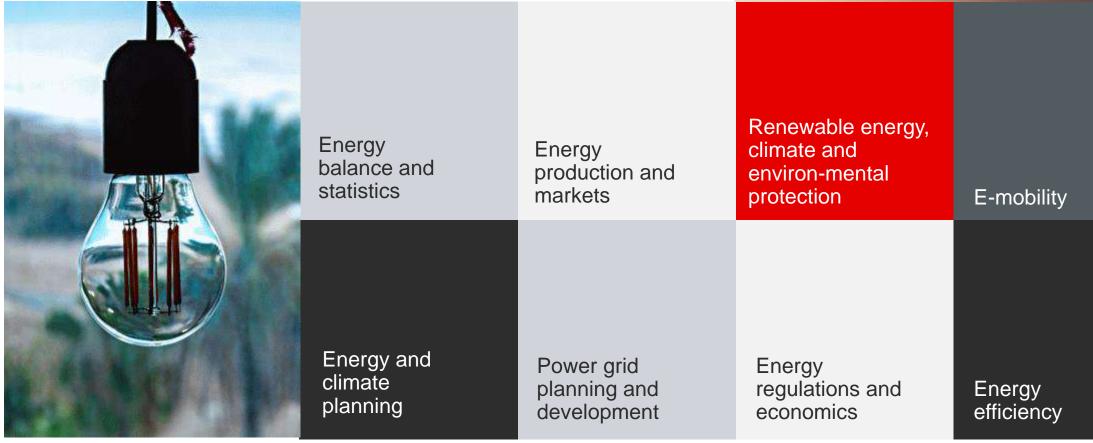




Areas of Activity

IEIHP





Global Clients



Energy Companies



AND NUMEROUS GOVERNMENTS, MINISTRIES, ENERGY REGULATORY AGENCIES, LOCAL AUTHORITIES...

Numerous EU Projects



Multidisciplinary research. Business consulting. Knowledge transfer.