

## Households' financial vulnerability

#### **UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROPE**

**CONFERENCE OF EUROPEAN STATISTICIANS** 

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## Outline

EU – SILC background information

 EU – SILC 2020 module on Over-indebtedness, consumption and wealth (OWC)

Conclusions

Overview - Income and living conditions - Eurostat (europa.eu)



European

### **EU-SILC**

- EU-Statistics on Income and Living Conditions (EU-SILC) is an annual survey collected in all EU MS and several countries from outside the EU.
- The EU-SILC collection is a key instrument in the <u>European Pillar of Social</u> <u>Rights</u>-and the main source of data for microsimulation purposes, flash estimates of income distribution and poverty rates.
- AROPE is crucial to monitor European social policies, especially the <u>EU 2030</u> target on poverty and social exclusion.
- The following aspects are covered in annual data: income, poverty, social exclusion, housing, labor, education, health



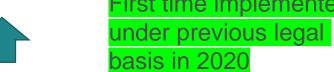
## **EU-SILC**

Annual variables



| Year of<br>data<br>collection | 3-yearly rolling<br>module    | 6-yearly rolling<br>module  | Ad-hoc policy subjects  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| 2021                          | Children                      | _   | Living arrangements<br>and conditions of<br>children in separated<br>and blended families |
| 2022                          | Health                        | Quality of life   | -   |
| 2023                          | Labour and housing conditions | Intergenerational<br>transmission of<br>advantages and<br>disadvantages and<br>housing difficulties | Households' energy<br>efficiency  |
| 2024                          | Children                      | Access to services  | -   |
| 2025                          | Health                        | _   | Energy and the environment  |
| 2026                          | Labour and housing conditions | Over-indebtedness, consumption and wealth   | First time impleme  |

**Since 2021**, EU SILC is collected under new framework regulation and its implementing acts that foresee the multi annual rolling modules <u>Legislation</u> -Income and living conditions -**Eurostat** (europa.eu)





# Module 2020 variables -> very similar proposal for module 2026

#### Over-indebtedness, including reasons

- Arrears on non-housing bills
- Number of loans (excluding mortgages on purchase of main residence)
- Purpose of loans (excluding mortgages on purchase of main residence)
- Source of loans (excluding mortgages on purchase of main residence)
- Amount due last month on loans (excluding mortgages on purchase of main residence)

#### Elements of wealth, including dwelling ownership

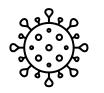
- Value of main residence
- Total left to repay for the mortgage on main residence
- Possession of real estate other than main residence
- Ability to maintain the same standard of living using savings

#### **Elements of consumption**

- Savings (in a typical month)
- Food or drink outside home
- Public transport
- Private transport



## Module 2020 indicators



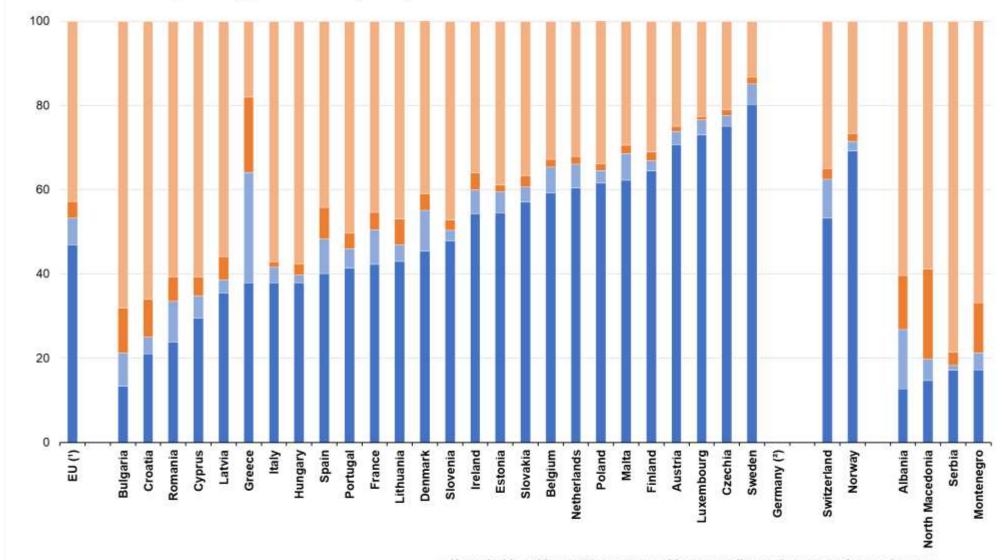
COVID-19

Data published in Eurobase on 13/09/2023

Financial vulnerability in households - Statistics Explained (europa.eu) 30/10/2023

- Arrears on non-housing bills by risk of poverty threshold (ILC\_ODBT01) and by income quintile (ILC\_ODBT02)
- Loans (excluding mortgages on purchase of main residence) by risk of poverty threshold (ILC\_ODBT03) and by income quintile (ILC\_ODBT04)
- Persons with loans for property (ILC\_ODBT06) / transport (ILC\_ODBT06) / education (ilc\_odbt07) / daily living expenses (ilc\_odbt08) purposes by risk of poverty threshold
- Persons with loans for other purposes by risk of poverty threshold (ilc\_odbt09)
- Savings in a typical month by household habits and risk of poverty threshold (ilc\_odbt10) and income
  quintile (ilc\_odbt11)
- Persons owning real estate other than main residence by risk of poverty threshold (ilc\_odbt12) and by income quintile (ilc\_odbt13)
- Households maintaining the same standard of living using savings by duration and risk of poverty threshold (ILC\_ODBT14) and income quintile (ilc\_odbt15)

#### Households' savings in a typical month, 2020, %



Note: ranked on households putting money aside

(1) low reliability.

(2) not available.

Source: Eurostat (online data code: ilc\_odbt10)

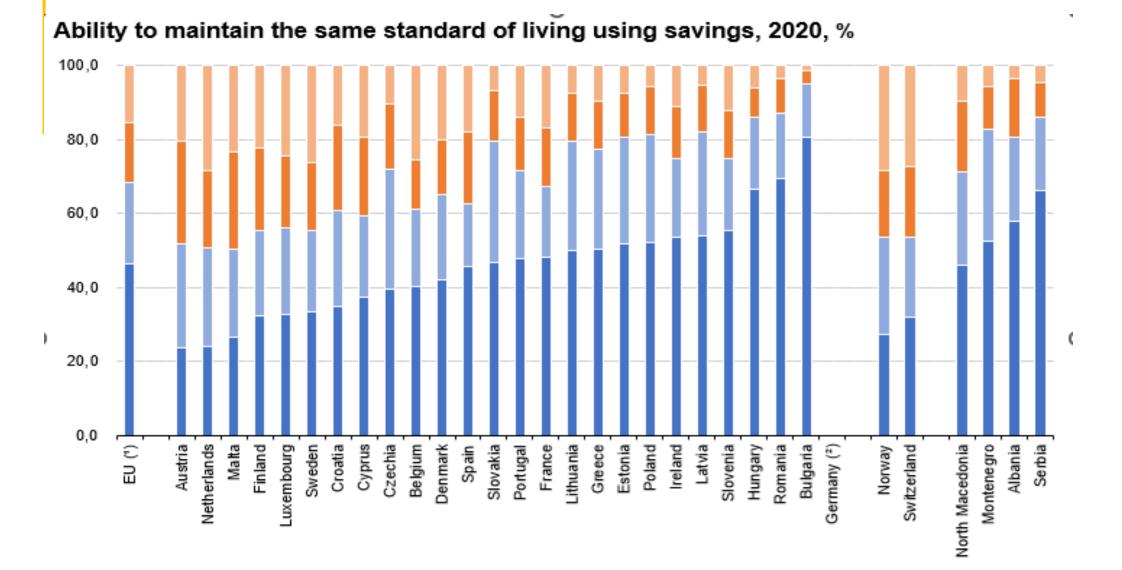
Households neither putting money aside nor needing to draw on savings or borrow

Households needing to borrow money

Households needing to draw on savings

Households putting money aside





Note: sorted on less than 3 months data

(1) low reliability (2) not available

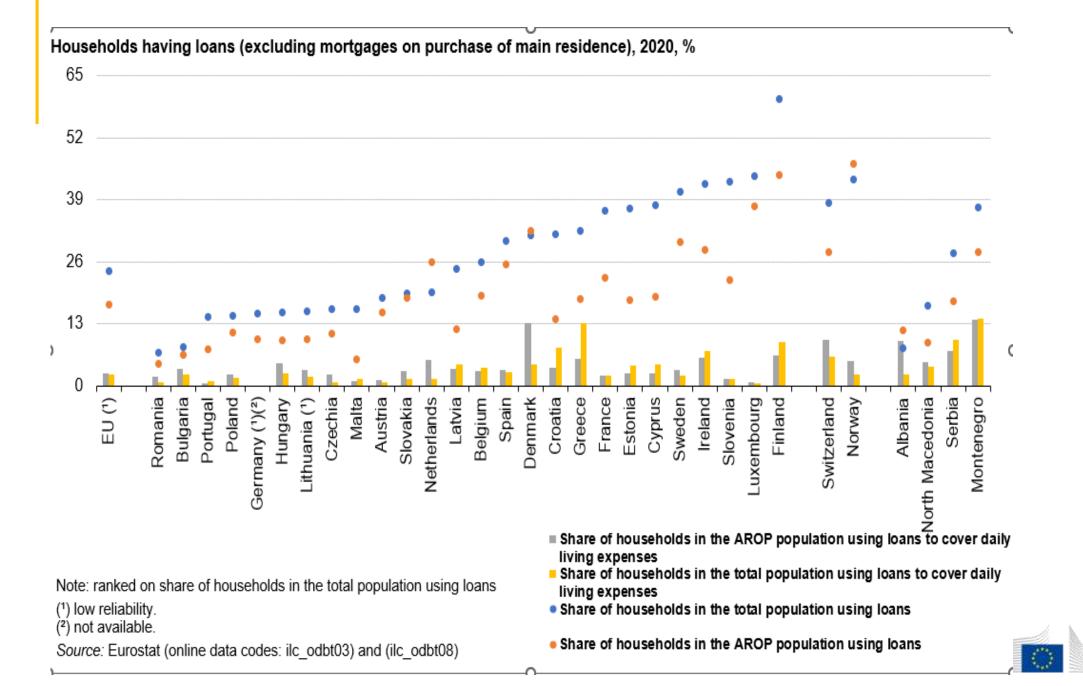
Less than 3 months

From 3 to 6 months

From 6 to 12 months

Over 12 months





European



## Conclusions

- EU- SILC module on OCW broadens EU-SILC instrument and allows analysis of multidimensional poverty
- Used for statistical matching between EU-SILC, HBS (Household budget survey) and HFCS (household finance and consumption survey) by Eurostat and the countries



## Thank you

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