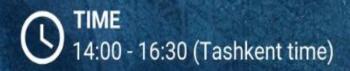




FOURTH SESSION OF THE SPECA WORKING GROUP ON INNOVATION AND TECHNOLOGY FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT









Session 2: ESCAP Work Progress and Work Plan 2023-2024

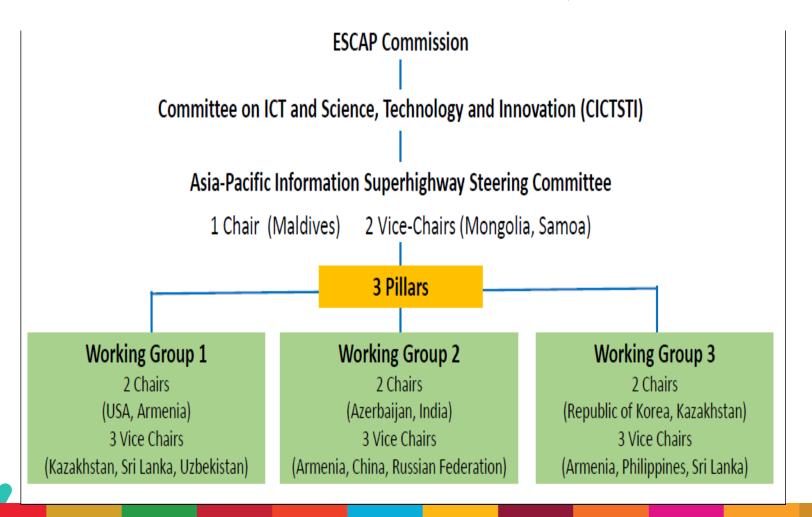
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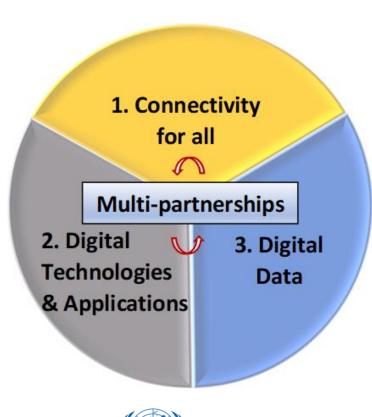
19 October 2023



UN ESCAP for Inclusive Digital Transformation

- Regional cooperative mechanism on ICT
- APIS Action Plan 2022-2026 (ESCAP resolution 79/10 in May 2023)







APIS Working Groups





Working Group 1 of the Asia-Pacific Information Superhighway (APIS) on Connectivity for All

The Working Group 1 (WG1) on Connectivity for All is aimed to facilitate implementation of the APIS Action Plan in 2022-2026 by connecting people, organisations, and things anywhere and all the time.



Bureau of the Working Group 1







SUSTAINABLE GOALS DEVELOPMENT GOALS

Working Group 2

Asia-Pacific Information Superhighway (APIS) on Digital Technologies and Applications

The Working Group 2 on digital technologies and applications is aimed to facilitate implementation of the APIS Action Plan in 2022-2026 by bridging the digital divide and accelerating digital transformation through multi stakeholder cooperation

Bureau of the Working Group 2



I.New and Emerging Tech i.Digital and Frontier Technologies ii.Strategies of Digital Transformation II.Digital Policies i.Policies for ICT Infrastructure Resilience ii.SMEs Digitalization iii.Enabling Public-Private Partnerships **III.Digital Applications** i.Digital Transformation Assessment Frame ii. Digital Skills and Digital Financial Service: iii.ICT for disaster risk management iv.Sectoral Digitalization • Exchange information at monthly online meetings Prepare publications and guidelines (reports, working papers etc.) · Hold capacity-building activities (webinars and trainings) ICT and Disaster Risk Reduction Div United Nations Economic and the Pacific (ESCAP)



Email: escap-ids@un.org



Working Group 3 of the Asia-Pacific Information Superhighway (APIS) on Digital Data

Working Group 3 on "Digital Data" in the AP-IS Action Plan (2022-2026) focuses on strengthening digital data creation, transition to open format, storing, maintaining, use, and integration with other data sources such as satellite-geospatial data, real-time Internet of things and statistical data.



Bureau of the Working Group 3





Asia Pacific Information Superhighway (APIS) **Steering Committee**







Vice Chairs



Ms. Ayazhan Mukanova

Nanayakkara

Rakhmatullaev

MM XO **ХОЛБ**

Kerobyan

Chen

Gomboin

Kerobyan

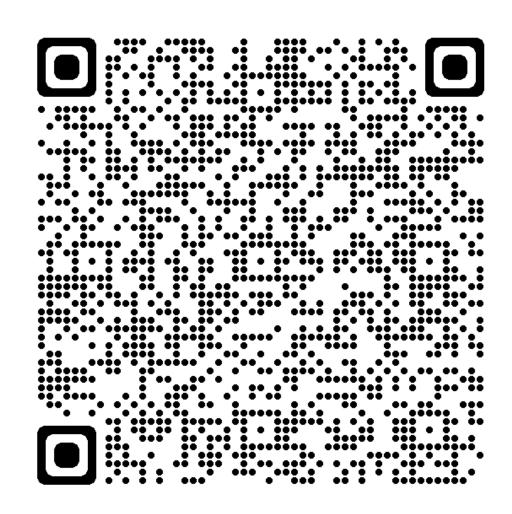
Ligot

Nanayakkara

Please click to complete: APIS Survey

Https://forms.office.com/e/RKaVnxGD0i

- This survey aims to gauge the interest and demand of members regarding the Asia-Pacific Information Superhighway (APIS) related areas. By collecting this information, the Working Groups can allocate resources more effectively and provide better support for member States' activities, leading to closer collaboration.
- We kindly request your active participation in this process. Please complete and submit the questionnaire online by **15 November 2023**.
- Your valuable feedback will contribute to shaping the future direction and focus of APIS working group discussions and cooperation.





Online Training on Using ICT Connectivity Tools of ESCAP for ICT Infrastructure Development and co-Deployment in the Region, 5 June 2023



CO-DEPLOYMENT PORTAL

There are 62 land borders between ESCAP member-States in Asia and the Pacific with the total length more than 75,000 km. More than 100 Integrated Infrastructure Corridors can be developed.

The Infrastructure Co-deployment Partnership Portal is a collaborative online workspace supporting ICT infrastructure co-deployment with road transport and the energy infrastructure. The portal enables services to:

- ✓ Register new infrastructure facilities and find other compatible infrastructure development projects (either planned or at early development stage);
- ✓ Learn from other infrastructure codeployment projects;
- ✓ Assess technical compatibility, cost-effectiveness and economic efficiency of the co-deployed infrastructure development:
- ✓ Initiate and generate the interest of potential partners for infrastructure co-deployment, from initial correspondence to formulation of ioint infrastructure co-deployment

This tool contributes to achieving ESCAP, in partnership with ITTLLDC Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), on: (i) connectivity: SDG 1, 5, SDG 9, 16, 17, (iv) broadband for all: SDG 9, 17.

Potential Partnership

















How and Who Benefits?

The portal provides working desks for 30-50 professionals in real-time; these allow co-working and viewing the infrastructure co-deployment in different combinations. Several hundreds of stakeholders and experts could be further engaged.

The portal streamlines the efforts of decision-makers, development agencies, investors, infrastructure owners, service providers to find each other for codeployed infrastructure development.

Committed Partners

national networks, regional and subregional knowledge centers, and 9, 17, (ii) e-resilience: SDG 9, 13, 17, institutions, has generated interest from (iii) traffic and network management: the LLDC policymakers of Asia and the Pacific to institutionalize infrastructuredeployment cooperation collaboration, including through the

> ESCAP, ITTLLDC, and APCICT have delivered training modules for the policymakers and officials of the region.

> LLDCs. through these efforts, will overcome landlocked isolation and be better integrated into global and regional economies.



(ESCAP **INFRASTRUCTURE** CORRIDOR SIMULATOR

The Infrastructure Corridors Simulator is built on in-depth research and methodology of infrastructure co-deployment simulation to promising infrastructure corridors. It contains the spatial simulation module, as well as calculus and variable modules.

- · The most prospective economic and technological flows.
- · Scenarios and economic efficiency for infrastructure corridor
- The most appropriate combination of co-deployment partnerships.





More than 70 different types of infrastructure including roads, railways bridges and overpasses can be designed using this tool.

Using the simulation can save labour costs during the pre feasibility phase, and estimate co-deployment efficiency - for example possible savings of capital and operational cost.

The Simulator is a collaborative workspace and virtual co-location for online teamwork. Professionals can use it to work together on joint planning, designing infrastructure co-deployment, and developing integrated infrastructure corridors across borders and between countries regardless of the distance of their location.

More than 100 integrated infrastructure corridors can be simulated, with a total length more than 75,000 km, along 62 land borders between ESCAP Member-States in Asia and the Pacific

Currently the Simulator contains qualitative and quantitative parametric data for three pilot corridors:

- (i) Almaty (Kazakhstan) -Cholpon-Ata (Kyrgyzstan):
- (ii) Urzhar (Kazakhstan) -Chuqunchak (China);
- (iii) Semei (Kazakhstan) -Rubtsovsk (Russian Federation).

- To simulate new transboundary orridors the following initial data re needed
- Economic and technical flows around the territory of infrastructure corridor.
- Traces of existing or planned facilities with granularity up to separate segments:
- ii) Site-specific data set for partnerships model and other

POTENTIAL PARTNERS







































COMMITTED PARTNERSHIP

ESCAP and ITTLLDC have confirmed their commitment

to strengthening the technical capacities of selected

LLDCs. For the simulation of newly-identified transboundary infrastructure corridors, technical expert

groups will be established. These will conduct in-depth

This tool contributes to achieving Sustainable

Development Goals (SDGs), on: (i) connectivity: SDG 1.

5, 9, 17, (ii) e-resilience: SDG 9, 13, 17, (iii) traffic and

network management: SDG 9, 16, 17, (iv) broadband for

training, collaborative research, and data collection.

Expert Group Meeting on E-Resilience 23 August 2023 The Link is **HERE**

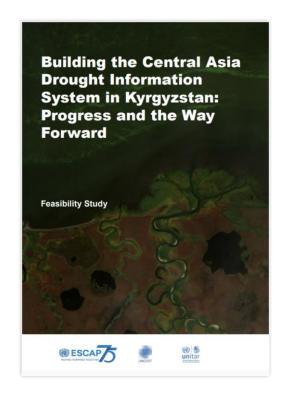


- Finalised the Working Paper on Tracking Eresilience in SPECA countries
- Proposed new indicators for tracking eresilience in 2023-2024
- Proposed to establish a task force on updating the dashboard analytics

Central Asia Drought Information System (CADIS) Pilot Project (2021-2023)

Objective: To strengthen the capacity of target Central Asian countries to use satellite data and geospatial information for effective drought monitoring and early warning.

Outcome: Target Central Asian countries use the pilot drought information system for drought monitoring and early warning.









Massive Open Online Courses (wlc.un.edu)

New Course Launch: **Spatiotemporal Drought Assessment by** Leveraging **Google Earth Engine Platform** (Russian) **Course Start:** 01 August 2023



Пространственновременной анализ засухи с использованием платформы GEE

Этот онлайн-курс знакомит участников с платформой редактора кода Earth Engine и реализует алгоритм обнаружения и мониторинга засухи с использованием пассивного и активного дистанционного зондирования.

View Course











Capacity Building Activities

- Digital SDGs: Regional Workshop on Digital Inclusion and Community Development, 18-19 September 2023, Bangkok, Thailand
- National Training on Information Security and Privacy,
 4-5 October, Baku, Azerbaijan
- Digital Bridge 2023, 12-13 October 2023, Astana, Kazakhstan

Area of Activity	Lead Executive Agency	Timeframe
Ongoing and planned projects/activities with fun- would be implemented in mutually reinforcing way would expand the scope and the nur projects/activ	. Additional support from inte mber of beneficiaries of these	
Capacity-building on policy options and practical instruments to promote knowledge- based development	UNECE	October 2023- December 2025
Implementation of the UNECE project on Innovation for Sustainable Development Reviews of selected countries	UNECE	October 2023- December 2025
Support to SPECA countries to foster innovation to deliver the SDGs	UNECE	October 2023- December 2025
Promote regional connectivity and transformation of SPECA region in the framework of the Asia-Pacific Information Superhighway Action Plan 2022-2026	ESCAP	Octobe. 2023- December 2025
Capacity development on the utilization of digital echnology and geospatial information	ESCAP	October 2023- December 2025
Strengthen institutional capacity on integrating geospatial and statistical data, with a focus on drought monitoring and land accounts in Central Asia	ESCAP	October 2023- December 2025
Capacity Development to reduce and nitigate disaster risks in endorheic (inland) water assins in Central Asia	ESCAP	October 2023- December 2025

Digital Solutions Center for Sustainable Development (DSC SD) for Central Asia and beyond

- 1. MoA of ESCAP and MDDIAI of 20 April 2022
- **2. ESCAP CS resolution 79/10 of May 2023:** welcomed initiative of Kazakhstan on the establishment of DSC SD under UN
- 3. SPECA member states expect the operational modality of DSC SD since there are three options for building DSC SD in 2024
 - a. One functional office of ESCAP (preferable)
 - b. Independent Center
 - c. Independent under SPECA framework

Work Plan November 2023-November 2024

- APIS Steering Committee, 9-10 November 2023 (Armenia)
- Updating APIS connectivity tools and e-resilience monitoring dashboard for SPECA countries (consultations, analytical work)
- Digital Almaty Forum, February 2024 (Kazakhstan)
- Asia and the Pacific Ministerial Conference on Digital Inclusion and Transformation (August, Astana, Kazakhstan)
- Central Asia workshop on the common challenges of the Landlocked Developing Countries for ICT Sector (Ulaanbaatar, 2024, ITTLLDC, ITU)
- SPECA WG on ITSD, October 2024 (host TBD)