### 2020 Census Integrated Partnerships and Communications Operation: Campaign Optimization and Lessons Learned





### 2020 Census Integrated Partnership and Communications Operation

The Integrated Partnership and Communications operation communicated the importance of participating in the 2020 Census to the entire population of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and the island areas to:

- We engage and encourage people to auto-respond, preferably via the Internet
- Raised and kept awareness high throughout the 2020 Census to encourage response





### 2020 Census Integrated Communications Contract (ICC)

Scope	<ul> <li>The contractor planned, designed, integrated, produced, implemented, monitor, and assess an integrated communications program for the 2020 Census.</li> </ul>		
Importance	<ul> <li>Supported the 2020 Census Program's mission to complete and accurate census in 2020</li> </ul>		
Purpose	<ul> <li>The partnership and communications program is the public face of the census.</li> <li>This contract is a key foundation for a successful census - we have learned a great deal from the last two censuses and used that knowledge in planning for this contract.</li> </ul>		





### Languages Covered

Arabic Tagalog Polish French Haitian Creole Portuguese Japanese



### **National Partnerships Program**

Use strategic national partnerships to increase public trust, awareness, and support of the Census Bureau's mission to accurately measure the nation's population and economy



Sponsorship and Promotions



Activities and Events



Increase Response Rates



Data Use and Feedback



Message and Brand Awareness



Social and Digital Engagement



Policy/Advocacy



# Community Partnership and Engagement Program (CPEP)

Enrolled community partners to increase decennial participation of those who are less likely to respond or are often missed

- **Educate** people about the 2020 Census and foster cooperation with enumerators
- **Encourage** community partners to motivate people to self-respond
- Engage grass roots organizations to reach out to hard-to-count groups and those who are not motivated to respond to the national campaign



### 2020 Census Integrated Partnership and Communications: Research Flow

#### **Respondent Data Sources**

- Provides raw material for predictive modeling
- Integrates respondent data sources:
  - Census data Planning Database, American Community Survey, National Content Test, and Master Address File
  - Third-party, commercially available data National Household File

#### **Predictive Models**

Creates models that predict tract-level low response scores for overall self-response and the proportion of self-response expected to occur online; also includes the creation of benchmarks to predict response timing (available for different geographic and demographic groupings)

Predictive Models Report: October 2018

#### Segmentation

- Identifies groups of tracts (segments) based on the similarity of low response scores, demographic characteristics, and other factors
- Brings together predicted response behaviors, media usage data, and 2020 CBAMS mindsets
- Segment profiles inform many aspects of the campaign including creative development, media planning, and partnership efforts

Segmentation Report: March 2019

#### 2020 Census Barriers, Attitudes, and Motivators Study

- Identifies perceptions and knowledge that impedes or assists individuals in responding to the census
- Survey component: Fielded from February through April 2018; 17,283 respondents, 39.4% weighted response rate
- Focus Group component: Fielded from March through April 2018; 42 groups across the country with 308 participants
- Outputs: Mindsets to inform segmentation and granular data to support creative development

Final Survey and Focus Group Reports: December 2018

#### **Quick Idea Platform Testing**

- Team Y&R and the Census Bureau will select 3 potential campaign platforms (theme, tagline, etc.) using all available inputs including research results to date and lessons learned from the 2010 Census
- QIPT tests those platforms via online testing, focus groups, and discussions with cultural representatives
- Output: Final campaign platform

QIPT Report: February 2019

#### **Creative Testing**

- Ingests all QIPT inputs and final selected campaign details to develop culturally sensitive advertising that will resonate among varied audiences, encouraging self-response
- Iterative feedback process with creative teams using qualitative and online quantitative techniques to create and refine ads from initial sketches to preproduction to the final product

Creative Testing Iterative Results: Throughout 2019

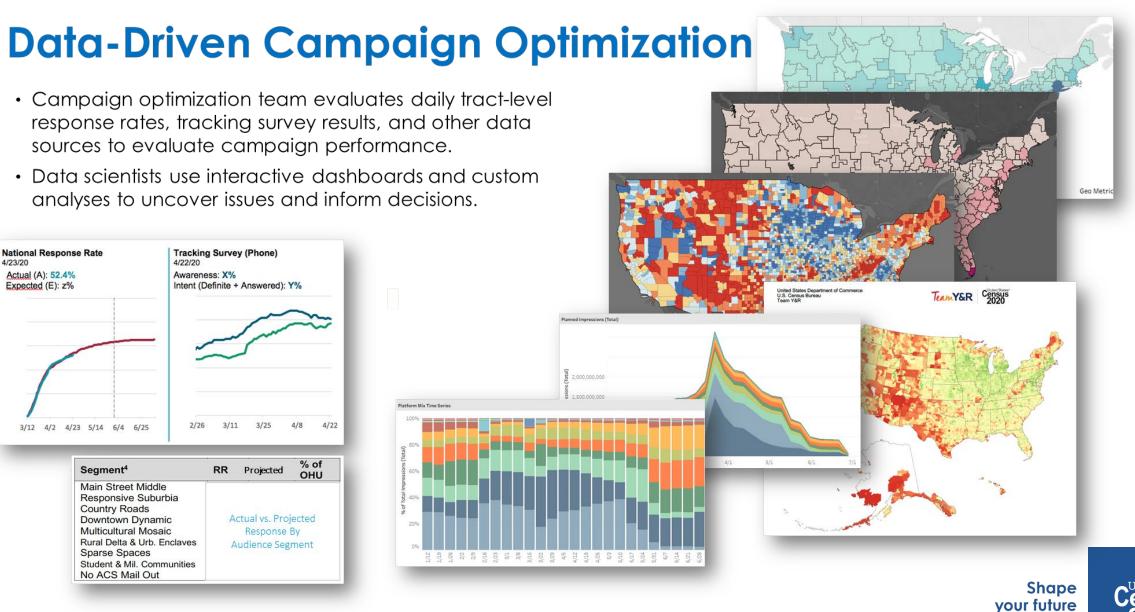


# What happened on March 2020?





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# COVID-19 fallout surged as we approached and entered the Motivation phase, with far-reaching implications

- Occupied a substantial "share of mind" among the U.S. public, making it harder for Census messaging to breakthrough
- Limited ground support for 2020 Census campaign –significantly reducing the regional and localized outreach supporting the overall 2020 campaign
- Reduced earned media opportunities media focus on COVID-19 and related changes in news/talk
  program format made it difficult to secure earned media coverage
- Shifted programming and media consumption patterns necessitated rapid adjustment in media planning and tactics
- Campaign messaging adjustments needed to reflect COVID-19 related realities across all audiences
- Longer motivation phase required additional investment and planning to achieve target reach and frequency levels
- Loss of operational synchronization with the communications campaign, including capacity reductions for CQA, delays in national questionnaire mailout (mailing #4), and suspension of update/leave and update/enumerate operations





### 2020 Paid Media Planning Evolution and Adaptation

Campaign Expansion	Motivation Launch Heavy Up (3/23)	Census Day/Week Heavy Up	April/May Surge	
Expand breadth of paid campaign to engage more audiences and local media markets and expand number of languages supported. In market April-May 2020	gage more audiences and localawareness and intent metricsa markets and expand numberinformed broad media heavy up toof languages supported.address difficult media landscapedue to outsized spending on early		<b>Incremental investment</b> to support longer, more media intensive Motivation Phase due to suspension of 2020 field operations and COVID- related market dynamics.	
	Investment In	cludes		
<ul> <li>Addition of 137 new DMAs in local media plans, including Hispanic (62), B/AA (4), Asian (24), and Diverse Mass (47)</li> <li>Increase of 7 billion impressions – 33% increase over original plan</li> <li>Paid search or print advertising in ~32 new languages</li> <li>Incremental paid search</li> <li>Hyper-local media support (~30 markets)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Broad media investment in English and Spanish to complement previously planned media, drive awareness and self response and boost beginning of Motivation phase during week of 3/23, including:</li> <li>National TV</li> <li>Digital Out of Home (new channel)</li> <li>Digital</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased weight in national and local paid media across all markets</li> <li>Integrations across key morning shows such as Good Morning America, Steve Harvey Show, Un Nuevo Dia, and Despierta America</li> <li>Census Day radio activation across 850+ Diverse Mass, B/AA, and Hispanic iHeartMedia radio stations</li> <li>Full-page newspaper ads and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase media weight and extend Motivation Phase thru May, including:</li> <li>Increased local TV, radio, print, and digital support to targeted audiences and DMAs</li> <li>Innovative media placements to reflect changing behavior like pizza boxes, digital OOH, and integration with at home concerts and virtual graduations</li> <li>Hyper local media support</li> </ul>	
(		<ul> <li>Full-page newspaper ads and online takeovers with NY Times, Washington Post, USA Today, and Tribune Network</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hyper-local media support (~60 additional markets)</li> <li>Shape your future</li> </ul>	



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# Media channel and strategy has also adapted to the COVID-19 media environment

- Shifting media weights in traditional dayparts as people have been viewing more news, early morning, late night, and entertainment programming
- Adjusting digital media mix as people have been consuming more digital news, streaming audio, interacting on social networks, and using more apps on their mobile devices
- Increased weight in Free Episode Player (FEP) platforms such as Hulu and major TV networks



- Launching digital out-of-home placements specifically at grocery and convenience stores, gas stations, and other locations still open while stay at home orders are in place
- Implementing innovative media placements, such as flyers on pizza boxes and other carry out dining food, to leverage the changing consumer behavior due to COVID-19
- Executing media placements during virtual events, such as athome concerts and iHeartMedia Commencement, which have taken the place of live events
- Leveraging influencers and trusted voices to carry Census messaging to those audiences who are historically hard to count





### **Creative Developed Post-COVID-19**



Shape your future START HERE > Census 2020

# The paid media campaign has expanded to support at least 45 of the 59 languages included in the 2020 Census expanded language program

Core ICC Languages: Paid + ISR + CQA	<b>2020 Census Expanded Language Program</b> Supported with language guides and videos at 2020census.gov/languages				
Spanish	Italian	Khmer	Tamil	Croatian	
Chinese	Farsi	Nepali	Navajo	Bulgarian	
Vietnamese	German	Urdu	Hungarian	Twi	
Korean	Armenian	Romanian	Hebrew	Lithuanian	
Russian	Hindi	Telugu	Malayalam	Yoruba	
Arabic	Ukrainian	Burmese	Swahili	Czech	
Tagalog	Bengali	Punjabi	Yiddish	Igbo	
Polish	Greek	Lao	Indonesian	Marathi	
French	Amharic	Hmong	Serbian	Sinhala	
Haitian Creole	Somali	Albanian	Tigrinya	Slovak	
Portuguese	Thai	Turkish	llocano	American Sign Language	
Japanese	Gujarati	Bosnian	Dutch		

Now supported by paid search, digital, or print advertising



# Census moved quickly and effectively to adapt to market dynamics

- Increased total paid media budget from \$240M to \$323.5M, with incremental investment across all audiences and markets and strategic campaign enhancements, including:
  - Additional paid media to support launch of Motivation Phase and Census Week and longer enumeration period
  - Expansion of languages supported with paid media from original 13 core languages to at least 45 languages<sup>1,2</sup>
  - Addition of English-language Hispanic-targeted media campaign across TV, radio, print, and digital channels<sup>1</sup>
  - Increased number of local paid media markets, advertising channels, and tactics
- Expanded hyper-local earned media outreach to ~90 markets nationwide
- Quickly launched updated creative and messaging with three new TV, radio and digital spots in less than 10 days to reflect new COVID-19 related realities
- Ongoing data-driven campaign decisions based upon tract-level response analysis. Data insights inform media investment and channel mix, paid search keywords and tactics, hyper-local earned media market prioritization, and much more

<sup>1</sup> Note: Creative development and media vendor selection/negotiation still in process. Creative will air in May 2020.

<sup>2</sup> Language expansion was focused on the 59 non-English languages with translated web pages and response guides at 2020census.gov/en/languages.html







### 2020 Census National Partnership Program

- Secured **1,064 national participating organizations** as of Sept. 25, 2020. More than 446,000 national and community partnership events were held as of August 2020.
- Created hundreds of downloadable and printable materials for partners to use in various languages on the 2020 Census website—including fact sheets, posters, social media toolkits and more.
- Shared information, resources and operational updates with partners via an email list with nearly 80,000 subscribers.

#### **Examples of Partner Engagement:**

- Sesame Workshop created a PSA with characters The Count, Elmo and Rosita to remind households to count kids in the census. They also created a 2020 Census toolkit and sent characters to a Census Bureau event focused on counting young children.
- United Way Worldwide gave census promotional items to food bank clients.
- Uber sent an email reminder in both English and Spanish to 46.7 million riders and drivers as well as Uber Eats customers and employees encouraging them to complete the census online.
- NASCAR sent an email to its subscribers encouraging fans to respond to the census.
- Walmart ran the Census Bureau's "Recovery" ad on its TV display walls in stores.
- The Asian Pacific American Labor Alliance hosted a virtual dance party promoting census response.
- Ring coordinated 2020 Census push notifications through its app, Neighbors.





### Community Partnership and Engagement Program (CPEP)

#### Digital Engagement Weekend – May 1st-3rd

#### Activating Locally, Engaging Virtually

- COVID-19 led to the cancellation of in-person events, requiring CPEP to develop and implement their
   Partnership Virtual Strategy Engagement Plan
- The plan provided strategies for partners to promote the 2020 Census and self response through virtual events and other online activities. For example: Digital Weekend of Action; Virtual Create-a-thons; participation in online events, calls, and other media.
- Digital Weekend of Action Metrics
  - 32,727 posts
  - 800,000 responses during that weekend
  - 13.4% increase in traffic to census.gov



# **Lessons Learned**



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### 2020 IPC LL Data Collection Approach

Three different types of data collection tools were used during the 2020 IPC Lessons Learned Research Phase. Data collection tools included surveys, interviews, and workshops. These three data sources served different purposes and provided different types of data (quantitative and qualitative).

	Surveys	اnterviews الع	Workshops	
Objective	Traditional Likert scale questionnaires enabled collection of preliminary anonymous feedback and, in turn, inform discussions in interviews and workshops.	Dynamic interview guides were used to facilitate individual and/or group interviews to capture feedback on key research questions.	Workshops were conducted to encourage open discussion and mutual learning among participants.	
Audiences	<ul> <li>Two online survey questionnaires were administered to different groups of Lessons Learned participants:</li> <li>(1) The first online survey (IPC-ICC Survey) was distributed to Census staff and contractor and subcontractor staff involved in the IPC operation via the Integrated Communications Contract (ICC)</li> <li>(2) The second online survey (National Partner and Stakeholder Survey) was distributed to all 2020 Census national partners and stakeholder organizations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The primary intended target group for individual interviews was Census Executives, IPC Management and key external stakeholders.</li> <li>Group interviews were planned for smaller IPC sub-teams, or to gather up to 4 individuals when seeking collective input (e.g., external stakeholders having cooperated on outreach activities).</li> </ul>	Workshops were organized for each IPC sub-team and ICC campaign elements as well as a selection of cross-team topics (e.g., program management, languages and translation/audiences, integration). IPC workshops included only Census participants, while ICC workshops included Census participants, contractors and sub-contractors. While workshops all followed the same structure and high-level agenda to ensure consistency in data collection, facilitation guides were tailored for each workshop based on key topics identified.	
	<ol> <li>The IPC-ICC survey was distributed to 275 potential respondents and open for a 6-week period (Sept Oct. 2020). The 41 questions were structured around the Lessons Learned Research Topics. By the survey close date, the response rate was just over 80%.</li> <li>The National Partner &amp; Stakeholder survey was distributed to 1,000+ potential respondents; the response rate was just over 18% by the survey close date (open for a 3-week period, between mid-February and the mid-March 2021).</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>52 interviews were conducted during the research phase spanning from September 17,2020 – March 31, 2021. Of these 50+ interviews:</li> <li>(1) 26 interviews (60 min/each) were conducted with Census leadership mid-October 2020 to mid-January 2021.</li> <li>(2) 26 interviews were conducted with individuals representing 36 different national organizations, covering each of the 22 National Partnership Program portfolios and other stakeholder groups.</li> </ul>	31 virtual workshops were conducted between IPC and ICC, each gathering 5-40+ participants.	

### **Overview of Key Successes**

In assessing both the quantitative and qualitative data, certain themes consistently emerged across operational areas and campaign elements. Key overarching successes are listed below; successes specific to sub-teams are covered in <u>section 4</u> of this document.

#### MISSION

- The IPC operations' sub-teams and contracts supported the mission to motivate self response according to 91% of survey respondents (see <u>Appendix</u>)
- More effort was devoted to reaching specific populations than in past decennials, although LL participants noted opportunities for improvement
- Collaboration with partners and stakeholders helped reach Hard to Count (HTC) audiences with tailored messaging from a trusted voice

#### **ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE**

• The structure of the IPC operation with smaller sub-teams and task orders was effective for an operation of this scale

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#### **COMMUNICATION & INTEGRATION**

• The weekly meeting for IPC team leads to share information across the IPC operation enabled coordination and broke down silos when well attended

#### <u>CONTENT</u>

- Diverse channels and media platforms were used to reach a wide audience
- The Creative Review Team (CRT) was successful in adhering to a process to review, approve, and obtain buy-in for creative assets
- The website contained information in several languages and was consistent with the look and feel of the campaign

#### CONTRACT

- The services provided via the ICC were appropriate for meeting IPC's needs
- Resources allocated to ICC task orders were sufficient for program success according to 73% of ICC survey respondents (see <u>Appendix</u>)
- Having a PMO dedicated to tracking risks and scheduling enabled informed decision making and agile operations
- The structure of having an SME paired with an Order Manager for task orders was effective for managing ICC activities
- Multicultural subcontractors provided valuable expertise for targeting HTC and non-English-speaking audiences

#### RESEARCH, EVALUATION & METRICS

• The Census Bureau Attitudes and Motivators Survey (CBAMS) was an indispensable tool that informed decision making resulting in a research-driven campaign (see <u>Appendix</u>)

#### **PROJECT LIFECYCLE**

• Continuity of staff meant IPC personnel were equipped with the knowledge, skills, and understanding needed to fulfill IPC's mission

#### RESOURCES

 Dedicated personnel and teams delivered in a constantly changing and under-staffed environment

#### RISK & AGILITY

Shape vour future



IPC was able to adapt the campaign and outreach to the pandemic

### **Overview of Key Opportunities for Improvement**

Key overarching opportunities for improvement are listed below; challenges and opportunities specific to sub-teams are covered in <u>section 4</u> of this document.

#### MISSION

Outreach to HTC/HTR audiences could be improved by devoting greater attention to key aspects of these populations; intersectionality, English speakers in an immigrant population, the digital divide, and subsegments within each population

#### **ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE**

- Occasional leadership misalignment on objectives for IPC and, at times, inconsistent leadership involvement created scheduling and decisionmaking challenges
- IPC's placement within DCCO, instead of DCMD, impacted IPC in terms of visibility and access to resources
- Having the ICC PMO office hosted outside of the core IPC structure resulted in misalignment in schedule and communication gaps

#### **COMMUNICATION & INTEGRATION**

Siloed teams were, at times, unaware of each others' activities with reported communication gaps across directorates, ICC work orders, and partnership programs (National and Community-Based)

#### CONTENT

- The implementation of different review and approval processes resulted in inefficiencies
- Messaging and materials in English and non-English languages were not sufficiently tailored to HTC audiences
- The process for developing non-English materials caused delays and inconsistencies and did not take regional dialects and cultural differences into account

#### CONTRACT

- The contract structure perpetuated silos; the contract had limited ability to accommodate the evolving needs of the campaign
- Having digital content activities under multiple task orders created integration challenges

#### **RESEARCH, EVALUATION & METRICS**

• Tracking the success of campaign ads in terms of traffic to internet selfresponse (ISR) and self-response completion proved challenging

#### **PROJECT LIFECYCLE**

- Timelines, and what has been referred to as a 'late start', were identified as major challenges during the 2020 IPC operation, especially for program elements that began earlier (e.g., recruitment, CRM, website, early media buys)
- Funding was not made available until too late in the cycle and the contract was not funded early enough despite awarding it early

#### RESOURCES ົດດີ

- Budget and staffing were deemed insufficient for an operation of this size with the contract over resourced in relation to government staff funding (see Appendix)
- A lack of funding early on meant there were roadblocks in the hiring process when all projects were bringing on staff at the same time

#### **RISK & AGILITY** $\langle \rangle$

United States\* Shape Census staff experienced difficulties quickly releasing information and a staff experience difficulties quickly releas rapidly changing environment to partners, stakeholders, and the public

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### **Overview of Key Recommendations**

Participants suggested IPC-wide recommendations to repeat successes and address areas for improvement; recommendations specific to sub-teams are covered in <u>section 4</u> of this document.

#### MISSION

- Conduct additional research on HTC/HTR populations focusing on intersectionality of different audiences and populations
- Rethink approaches for HTC/HTR populations including messaging, mix of non-English languages, channels, and intersectionality

#### ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

- Establish a clear governance structure so the operation is executed as designed with roles and responsibilities clearly defined
- Sub-teams focused on media (social media, digital media, ESO) could be structured to be more collaborative and integrated

#### **COMMUNICATION & INTEGRATION**

 Encourage open lines of communication for information sharing across sub-teams and directorates throughout the entire lifecycle of IPC & ICC

#### <u>CONTENT</u>

- Have a consistent content review process and a single review team for all content to ensure consistency across programs
- Expand the structure for the Creative Review Team with full-time staff to cover all creative content for the campaign
- Transcreate (develop materials and messaging in parallel with English ones) non-English content to avoid delays and inconsistent messaging

#### CONTRACT

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- Explore contract arrangements that allows flexibility to accommodate the campaign's evolving needs
- Involve individuals with previous hands-on experience in the campaign in the requirements gathering process
- Continue collaboration with multicultural advertising agencies

#### **RESEARCH, EVALUATION & METRICS**

- Conduct earlier, upfront analysis of media channels and media use for creative assets
- Grow communications research expertise at Census so that research can begin earlier and in-house

#### **PROJECT LIFECYCLE**

- Plan a structure for the program earlier that is ready to implement based on needs assessed for the upcoming decennial (instead of replicating 2020)
- Begin more projects in Evergreen, but deliberately sequence timing of projects to prevent bottlenecks

#### RESOURCES

• Retain IPC personnel throughout the decade to retain knowledge – otherwise hire earlier (year 7) to train staff

#### RISK & AGILITY

- Consolidate crisis planning and communication and reputational threates within one team at Census
- Set up a structure for rapid response communications to stakeholders

# **Conclusions and Next Steps**





# 2030 Census CBAMS

- Leveraging on the success and lessons learned from the 2020 Integrated Partnership and Communications Campaign research to inform early planning for the 2030 Census.
- Establishing a CBAMS that it is conducted every two years instead of every ten years as Census was doing it in the past. Our objective is to have four CBAMS in total before 2030.
- Identify and set priorities to advance research on our understanding of historically undercounted populations.



### **Office of Strategic Alliances Goals**

Engage with internal stakeholders who manage relationships with Census Bureau partners, external stakeholders, and customers to leverage those relationships to meet the objectives of the Census Bureau's Strategic Plan and the needs of the Program Areas.

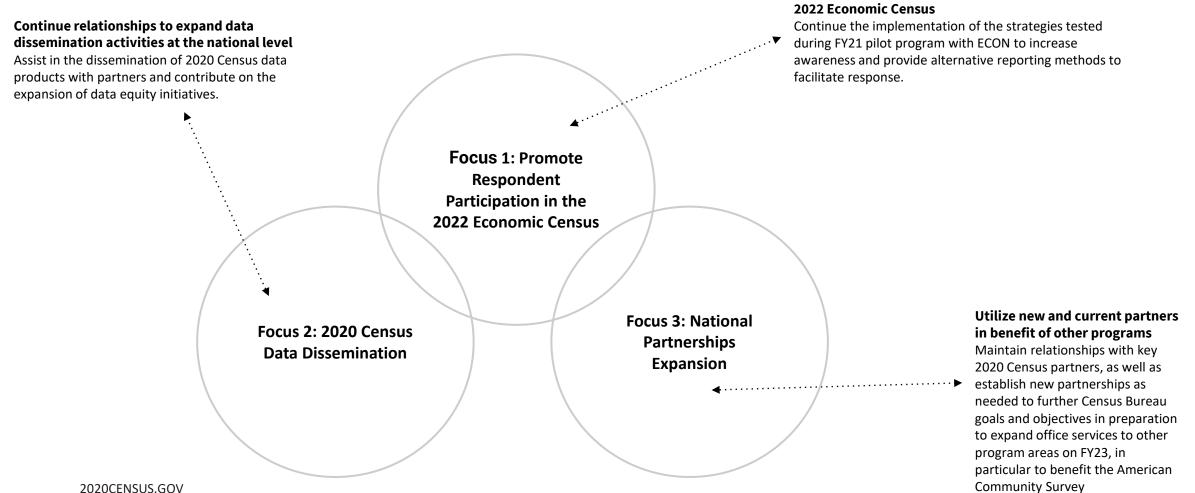
Engage with external entities to help promote education and respondent participation in the decennial census, economic census, census of governments, and other demographic and economic surveys.

Engage with external entities to leverage knowledge and data assets in the modernization of Census Bureau data products, collection, acquisition, and dissemination.

Engage with external entities to seek feedback on their data needs and to identify data gaps to solve challenges related to their businesses, organizations, or communities.



# Focus FY22/FY23



Leverage current partnerships in preparation for the



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