



Recovery of the power system The potential of using local types of fuel



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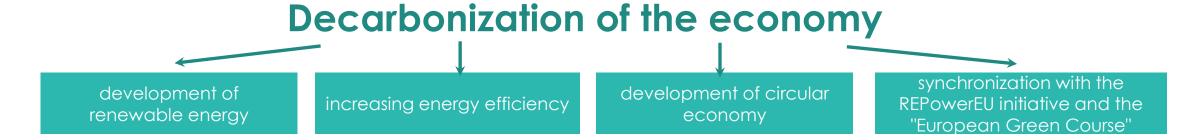




Parisi Agreement European Green Deal

4th Energy package "Clean energy for all Europeans"

REPowerEU PLAN



OBLIGATIONS FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY UNTIL 2030



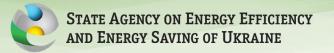
share of renewable sources in total energy consumption 27%







share of RES on transport 14%





Decentralization of energy

Challenges

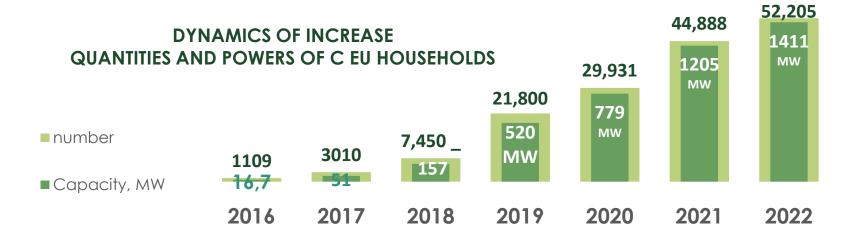
A waste of control/destruction 30% of power generation capacity:

- ➤ more than 10 GW of thermal generation
- > about 6 GW of nuclear power plants
- > 80% of Wind station
- > 20% of Solar station
- > Kakhovka hydroelectric power station

Advantages of distributed generation

- ✓ reducing the vulnerability of the power system during attacks
- √ reducing balancing needs
- ✓ reduction of losses in the network
- ✓ increasing maneuverability and flexibility
- √ increasing controllability
- ✓ increasing the use of local energy sources and types of fuel

The role of RES in distributed generation



HIGH EFFICIENCY COGENERATION



European integration

Directive 2012/27/EU "On energy efficiency"



Law No. 2955-IX dated February 24, 2023

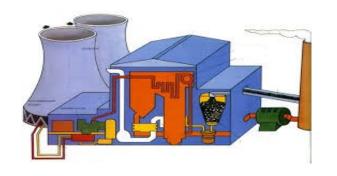


- > qualification of high efficiency cogeneration;
- >methodology for determining the efficiency of the cogeneration process
- introduction of a guarantee of the origin of electricity produced by high efficiency cogeneration

signs of high efficiency cogeneration

- ✓ Savings of primary energy over 10%* (CHP over 1 MW)
- ✓ Savings of primary energy more than 0% (for small and micro CGUs)
- * compared to reference values of separate production of electricity and heat

Energy production by cogeneration plants (year 2020)

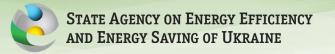




30% of the total thermal energy generation (40 GW thermal, 26 million Gcal)



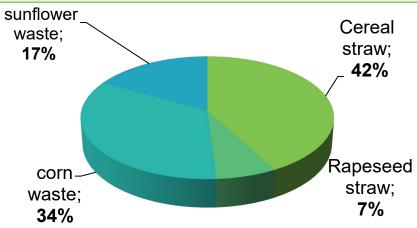
30% of total electricity generation (28 GW electric, 49 billion kWh)





THE STRUCTURE AND VOLUME OF AGRICULTURAL CROP WASTE

	The total amount of, million tons	The share is availableto obtain energy, %	Economic potential, million tons
Cereal straw	33.5	30%	10.05
Rapeseed straw	3.9	40%	1.56
Corn waste	37.0	40%	14.8
Sunflower waste, incl. husk	19.1	40%	7.64
Total:	93.5	37%	34.05



Substitution potential **9.3 billion m**³gas

≈ 30% of the total annual gas needs of Ukraine





INITIATIVES IN THE FIELD OF BIOENERGY DEVELOPMENT

DRAFT LAWS



DEVELOPMENT OF SOLID FUEL TRADE (№ 8052)



PROMOTION OF CULTIVATION OF ENERGY CROPS (№ 5227)



DEVELOPMENT OF THE MARKET OF LIQUID BIOFUELS IN TRANSPORT (№ 3356)



BIOFUEL TAX EXEMPTION (№ 9596)

BASIC PROVISIONS

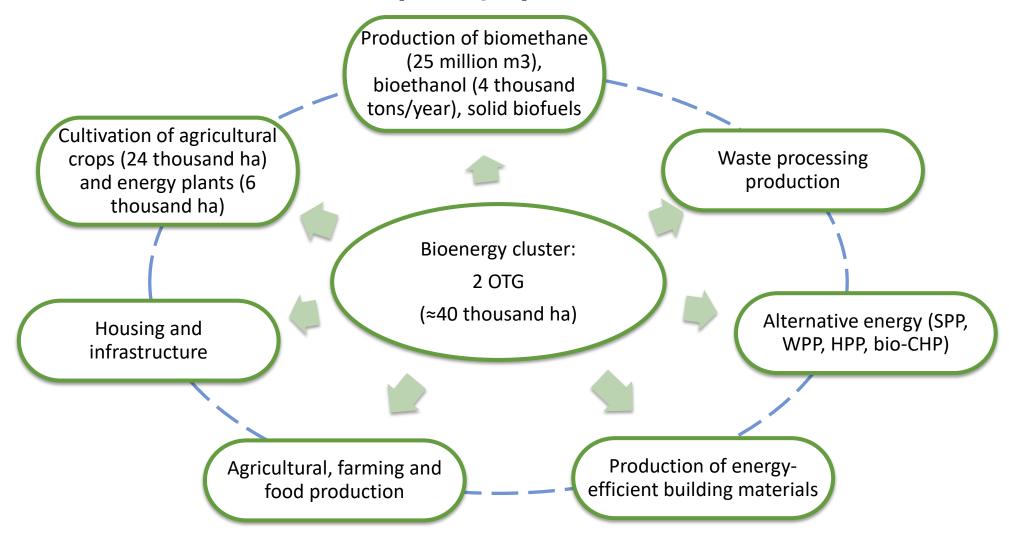
- creation of a single e-commerce system
- introduction of requirements for the quality of biofuels
- improving the conditions for growing energy crops
- envisaging state support

- introduction of a mandatory share of biofuels
- introduction of sustainability criteria for biofuels
- reducing the tax burden for bioenergy
- improving the investment attractiveness of projects





THE CONCEPT OF IDENTIFYING REGIONS AT THE ACCOUNT OF ENERGY CLUSTER (example)









Thank you tor attention!