

An introduction to Chapter 6 Just Transition

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Outline of the chapter



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6.1 Introduction Data needed to support a just transition





To ensure that no one is left behind, it is essential that the transition towards net-zero emission economies and climate-resilient societies happens in a fair and equitable way.

Equity at the heart

A Just Transition refers to equity dimension of the transition to achieve global climate goals.

Mainstreaming socioeconomic dimensions

 Ensuring an equal distribution of cost and benefits, participatory and inclusive transitions, involves considering socioeconomic dimensions of climate change

Data is the key

 Data enables policy makers to identify vulnerable groups and socioeconomic challenges linked to climate impacts and responses.

NSOs are traditionally stewards of socioeconomic data.

- Cross-analysing this data with climate change data and statistics is key to:
- monitor the social implications of climate impacts and policies
- target solutions

6.2 Why do we talk about a just transition?





- Historical responsibilities and unequal distribution of the adverse impacts of climate change and related losses and damages
- "Mainstreaming effective and equitable climate action now will reduce losses and damages for nature and people." (IPCC, 2023)

6.2 What is a just transition?





- There is no single definition for the concept of a "just transition"
- Broadly defined as "an economy-wide process that produces the plans, policies and investments that lead to a future where jobs are green and decent, emissions are at net zero, poverty is eradicated, and communities are thriving and resilient" (Just Transition Center, 2018).
- With two dimensions:
 - 1) emissions reductions and
 - 2) inclusive sustainable development
- And three crucial enabling factors to consider:
 - Recognition
 - Meaningful participation
 - Fair sharing of benefits and burdens

6.2 Why is data key to promote a just transition?





- Populations are diverse and have varying needs → timely, accurate, disaggregated climate change data are crucial to understand how the complex environmental, social and economic interconnections linked to climate change will affect differently societies, and especially the most vulnerable.
- Proliferating climate change data from public and private sector actors has unlocked new solutions, yet coordination, governance and data quality challenges prevail.
- Adopting a holistic approach to climate change enables governments to:
 - Monitor, analyse and anticipate climate change impacts
 - Understand heterogeneous populations' needs and assess risks and vulnerabilities
 - Guide investment decisions
 - Drive informed and inclusive actions from private and public actors

6.3 The role and contribution of NSOs





- NSOs have an unique position to collect and analyze data on social and economic impacts of climate change and mitigation measures.
- NSOs can contribute to just transitions by
 - developing indicators to measure progress towards a just transition,
 - conducting surveys to gather data on impacts and vulnerabilities,
 - using of administrative data to gather existent socioeconomic information,
 - collaborating with other stakeholders to ensure data are used effectively.

Key challenges and opportunities

 (a lot of data already exists today, but there is a need for better crossanalyzing data and data sharing)

This section is to be drafted!

Contributions are welcome.

6.3 Case Studies





- Present case studies that illustrate the role of NSOs in advancing Just Transition in different contexts (e.g., urbanrural divide, energy transition)
 - Potentially selected from the call of contributions to the UNECE Expert Forum

Discuss the challenges and opportunities encountered by NSOs in these cases.

This section is to be drafted!

Contributions are welcome.

6.4 Conclusions and recommendations





- Provide recommendations/best practices for NSOs looking to incorporate a Just Transition angle through their work on climate change data and statistics, including
 - how to engage with stakeholders,
 - how to incorporate equity considerations into data collection and analysis,
 - how to ensure data are used effectively to support policy and decisionmaking.
- Highlight the importance of collaboration and engagement with stakeholders, as well as the need for capacity-building and data governance frameworks that prioritize Just Transitions
- Emphasize the importance of advancing Just Transitions in the context of climate change, and the critical role of NSOs in this effort.

This section is to be drafted!

Contributions are welcome.

Thank you!

