



EU4ENVIRONMENT WATER AND DATA NATIONAL POLICY DIALOGUE – MOLDOVA

NATURE-BASED SOLUTIONS:

MANAGED AQUIFER RECHARGE (MAR)

Andreas Scheidleder and Franko Humer, 26th April 2023

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MANAGED AQUIFER RECHARGE (MAR) - WHAT IS IT?

MAR Definition: The process of intentionally increasing recharge into aquifer for subsequent recovery or for environmental benefits (Dillon, 2009)

...whilst ensuring adequate protection of human health and the environment.

Two categories of MAR

- intended recharge (focus of the new EU guidance document)
- unintended recharge (as side-effect of e.g. interventions for flood mitigation purposes)



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MANAGED AQUIFER RECHARGE – PURPOSE AND BENEFITS

Managed Aquifer Recharge (MAR) is a promising adaptation measure to reduce vulnerability to climate change and hydrological variability.

MAR can play an important role as a measure to control over-abstraction, and to restore the groundwater balance.













MANAGED AQUIFER RECHARGE – SOURCES OF WATER

Source water for Managed Aquifer Recharge schemes

- Surface water (water from rivers or lakes)
- Treated Effluents
- Stormwater
- Rainwater
- Desalinated sea water
- Groundwater from other aquifers









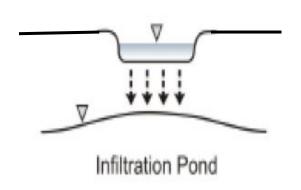
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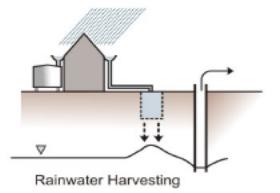


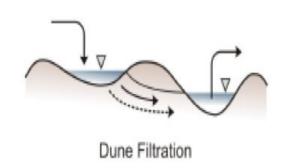


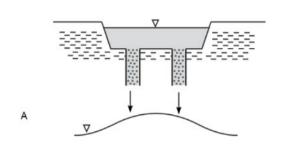


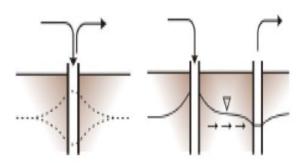
MANAGED AQUIFER RECHARGE – TECHNIQUES

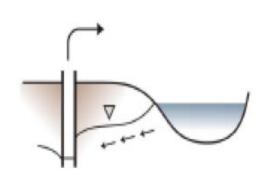












Well or borehole infiltration

Aquifer storage (transfer) and recovery

Bank Filtration

Source: Dillon, P., 2005. Future management of aquifer recharge. Hydrogeol. J. 2005, 13, 313–316 Implementing partners

















RELEVANT WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE REQUIREMENTS TO BE RESPECTED

- Ensure a balance between the abstraction and recharge of groundwater (regulate GW abstractions through an assessment and control regime).
- **No deterioration** of the status of surface and groundwater bodies.
- **Prior authorization** of artificial recharge or augmentation of groundwater bodies and **controls** (periodically reviewed).
- **Prevent** inputs of any hazardous substances and limit any inputs of nonhazardous substances into groundwater.
- **Ensure recovery of the costs** of water services, including environmental and resource costs.

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EU (DRAFT) GUIDANCE DOCUMENT – MAR UNDER EU LEGISLATION

- Focusing on ,intended recharge' only
- Considers requirements of EU legislation (e.g. Water Framework Directive, Groundwater Directive, Environmental Impact Assessment Directive)
- **Defines key requirements for MAR Authorisations** (application of risk-based approach)
- 7 case studies
- Link to 17 research projects
- Overview of activities with unintended recharge
- Outline of Australian MAR Guidelines

Adoption planned by Mid of 2023

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MANAGED AQUIFER RECHARGE – SITES AROUND THE WORLD

Global Inventory of MAR Schemes (https://www.un-igrac.org/ggis/mar-portal)



1200 case studies carried out in more than 50 countries

224 European MAR sites in 23 European countries as active in the year 2013 (Sprenger et al. 2017).

Austria: 9 artificial GW recharge facilities (42-500 L/s) active in 2022 (recharge by 1x GW, 1x spring and 7x SW)















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