

UNECE Multilateral Environmental Agreements and Benefits of their Implementation



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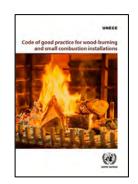
Convention on Long-range Transboundary Air Pollution



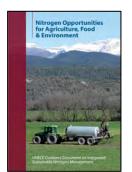
- 51 Parties
- Objective: Reducing air pollution to save lives and protect the environment
- **Since 1979,** Convention parties work together on how best to reduce emissions
- **Resulting in:** emissions reductions by 40% to 70% since 1990 in Europe

Main Areas of Work

- International agreement setting emission reduction targets for the following pollutants:
 - SO2, NOx, VOCs, POPs, heavy metals, PM (including black carbon)
- Science underpinning policy:
 - The Cooperative Programme for Monitoring and Evaluation of the Long-range Transmission of Air Pollutants in Europe (EMEP) and the Working Group on Effects
- Compliance monitoring, capacity-building (emission inventories, legislation analysis, Best Available Techniques), awareness raising and communications





























Convention on Environmental Impact Assessment in a Transboundary Context



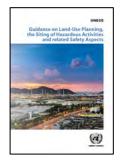
- **30 Parties**
- **Since 1997**
 - The Convention and its **Protocol** on Strategic **Environmental Assessment** (Protocol on SEA) provide a legal framework and clear procedures for the comprehensive integration of environmental and health concerns into a wide range of development activities, plans, programmes, policies and legislation in all economic sectors.





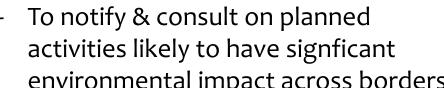






Requirements:

- To notify & consult on planned activities likely to have signficant environmental impact across borders
- Preparation and sharing of assessment of environmental impacts





Benefits

- Allows affected Parties (authorities & public) to comment on planned activities and on the assessment of their environmental impact.
- Provides for bilateral consultations between concerned Parties















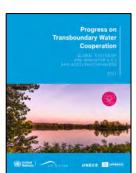


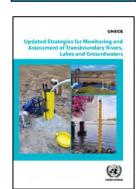


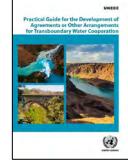
Convention on the Protection and Use of Transboundary Watercourses and International Lakes

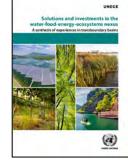


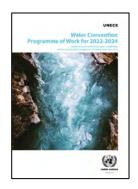
- 49 Parties, worldwide and more than 15 countries under accession process
- Unique international legal instrument and intergovernmental platform
- Objective: prevention of transboundary impacts; equitable and reasonable utilization of the shared water resources; and cooperation
- Since 1996, the Convention and parties work jointly together to enhance transboundary water cooperation and management:
 - Addressing political and technical challenges of Parties and non-Parties in managing their transboundary water resources through capacity building activities and the development of practical tools
 - Supports policy processes and technical cooperation from the national, to the basin and global levels











Water Convention in Central Asia

UNECE

- UNECE was the <u>first one in the region</u> to start working on dam safety (1989), IFAS reform (2009-2014), development of the Aral Sea Basin Programmes, water quality, establishment of Tajik-Afghan cooperation on the Pyanj
- UNECE supported the Berlin Water Process (since 2008)

Projects in Central Asia:

- National Policy Dialogues in Central Asia
- Project to support cooperation in the Chu Tals river basin
- Supporting Kazakhstan's transition towards Green Economy model
- Strengthening cooperation on hydrology and environment between Afghanistan and Tajikistan in the upper Amu Darya River basin
- Water quality in Central AsiaDevelopment of joint measures to prevent and respond to pollution of the Syr Darya river in emergency situations





Protocol on Water and Health







- First and only legally binding instrument focusing on interlinkages between WASH and health
- Jointly serviced by UNECE and WHO/Europe
- **27 Parties** (40 countries, incl. CA, working in its framework)
- **Practical framework** to realize water-related SDGs and human rights to water and sanitation
- Objective: protecting human health by better water management and reducing water-related diseases as well as preventing epidemics (by providing access to WASH for everyone)
- Main obligations: setting national targets and regularly reporting on progress

In practice, Protocol offers:

- **1. Regional coordination platform** to exchange experience and share WASH data across sectors
- 2. System for **improving governance and accountability** through target setting and reporting mechanism;
- 3. Practical tools and methodologies and access to international experts (e.g. climate-resilient water and sanitation systems, anti-microbial resistance, tools to assess equity and ensure affordability of services)

In Central Asia:

Kazakhstan and Uzbekistan currently acceding **Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan** set targets under Protocol All countries, incl. **Turkmenistan**, participate in technical activities



Convention on Access to Information, Public Participation in Decision-making and Access to Justice in Environmental Matters



- **47 Parties**, incl. Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan
- Since 1998
- Has the Protocol on Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers
- The Convention
 - Links environmental rights and human rights
 - Aims to protect the right of every person of present and future generations to live in an environment adequate to health and well-being
 - Focuses on interactions between the public and public authorities to ensure environmental protection and sustainable development
 - Ensures effective and inclusive public access to information (incl. in case of imminent threat to human health and the environment), participation in decision-making regarding projects, plans, programmes, policies and legislation and access to justice
- Accountability, Transparency, and Responsiveness











UNECE cooperation with Green Central Asia

UNECE

- Green Central Asia: Enhancing environment, climate and water resilience
- Regional Action plan for a joint political dialogues on climate, environment and security UNECE participated in discussions and consultations UNECE is one of the partners of the Programme
- From **four** joint regional priorities agreed by countries:
 - 3. Cooperation in and contribution to international instruments such as: selected UNECE Conventions
- Joint activities
 - Convention on the Protection and Use of Transboundary Watercourses and Internatinal Lakes, incl.the Protocol on Water and Health Regional workshop on monitoring, assessment and data exchange in Central Asia, 1-2 February 2023, Astana
 - Convention on the Transboundary Effects of Industrial Accidents Subregional Workshop on Mine Tailings Safety and the Prevention of Accidental Water Pollution, 25-26 May 2023, Dushanbe
 - Aarhus Convention International Roundtable on the Aarhus Convention, 1-2 June 2023, Tashkent



Thank you for your attention! Questions?

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