

Update on revised EU monitoring framework circular economy

Arturo de la Fuente, Eurostat

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Background

- Original EU monitoring framework circular economy dates from 2018
- Dashboard of 10 indicators organised in 4 dimensions
- 1 indicator based on SEEA: circular material use rate
- The European Commission announced in 2020 an update of the monitoring framework
- Eurostat close to publication of the revised monitoring framework
 - Delayed several times for non-technical reasons



Revised monitoring framework

11 indicators in 5 dimensions

Circular economy monitoring framework

1 A-B MATERIAL CONSUMPTION

Material footprint and resource

2 GREEN PUBLIC PROCUREMENT

Share of major public procurement that includes environmental requirements

3 A-F WASTE GENERATION

Total waste generation, total waste generation (excluding major mineral waste) per GDP unit, municipal waste generation, food waste, generation of packaging waste and of plastic packaging waste

6 A-B CONTRIBUTION OF RECYCLED MATERIALS TO RAW MATERIAL DEMAND

Secondary raw materials share of overall materials demand – for the whole economy and for specific materials

7 A-C TRADE IN RECYCLABLE RAW MATERIALS

Imports, exports and intra EU trade of selected recyclable raw materials



4 A-B OVERALL RECYCLING RATES

Recycling rate of municipal waste and of all waste except major mineral waste

5 A-C RECYCLING RATES FOR SPECIFIC WASTE STREAMS

Recycling rate of overall packaging waste, of plastic packaging waste and of WEEE separately collected

8 A-C PRIVATE INVESTMENTS, JOBS AND VALUE ADDED RELATED TO CIRCULAR ECONOMY SECTORS

Private investments, number of persons employed and gross value added related to the circular economy

9 INNOVATION

Patents on waste and recycling

10 A-B GLOBAL SUSTAINABILITY

Consumption footprint and GHG emissions from production activities

11 A-B RESILIENCE

Material import dependency and EU selfsufficiency for raw materials

Most – but not all – indicators are based on official statistics sourced by Eurostat



Main changes in revised framework

- One new dimension on global sustainability and resilience
- New indicators:
 - Material footprint (raw material consumption) *
 - Resource productivity *
 - Greenhouse gas emissions from production activities *
 - Material import dependency *
 - Consumption footprint (based on LCA)
 - (*) indicators based on SEEA



Adjustments in indicators

- Improved calculation method for indicators:
 - Private investments, jobs and gross value added related to circular economy sectors (new method gets closer to SEEA)
 - Recycling rate e-waste
 - Food waste (new data source)

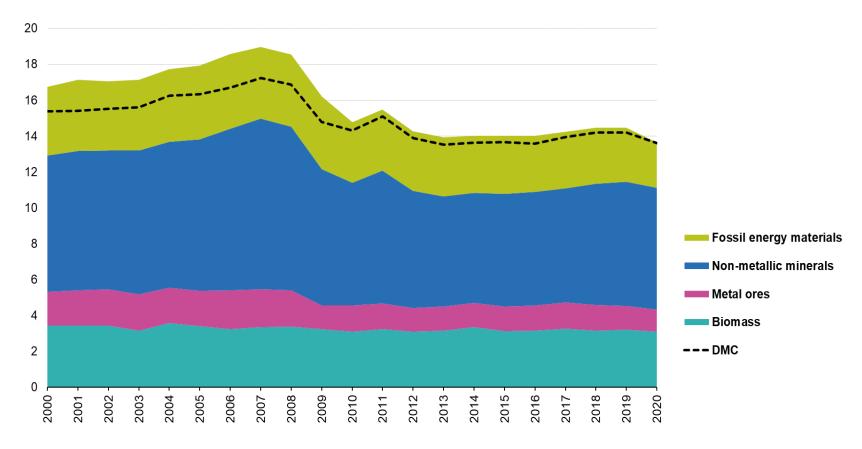
Old sub-indicators discontinued

- Recycling rates of specific streams: wooden packaging, biowaste
- Recovery rate construction and demolition waste



Examples indicators based on SEEA: Material footprints

Based on economy-wide material flow accounts



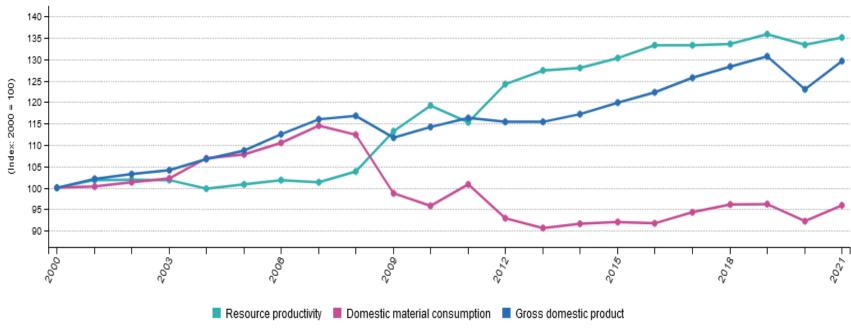
Source: Eurostat (online data codes: env_ac_mfa, env_ac_rme)





Resource productivity

Based on economy-wide material flow accounts



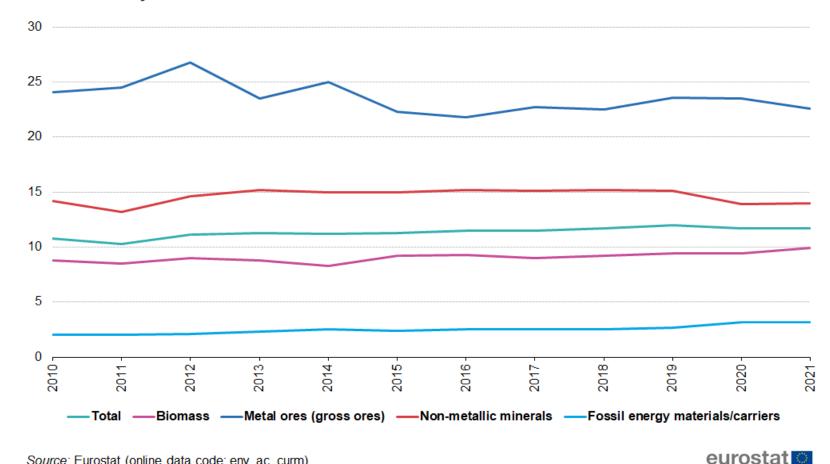
Note: GDP in chain-linked volumes, reference year 2015

Source datasets: env_ac_rp (resource productivity), env_ac_mfa (DMC) and nama_10_gdp (GDP)



Circular material use rate

Based on economy-wide material flow accounts

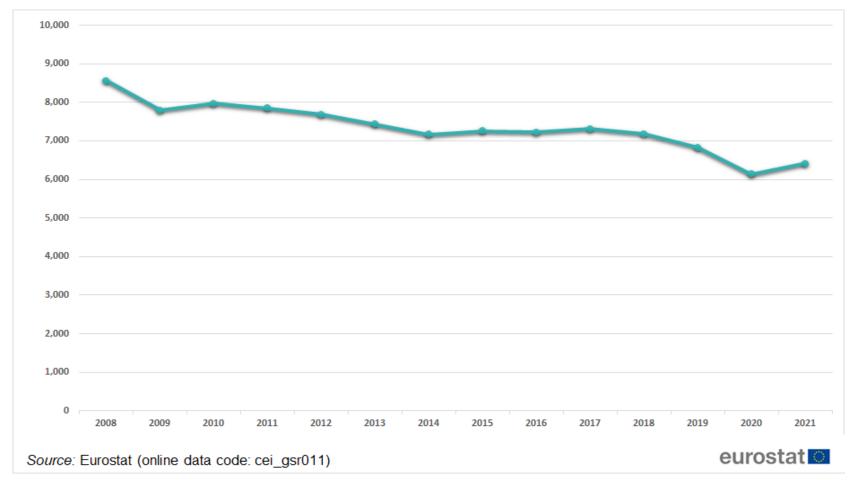


Source: Eurostat (online data code: env ac curm)



Greenhouse gas emissions production activities

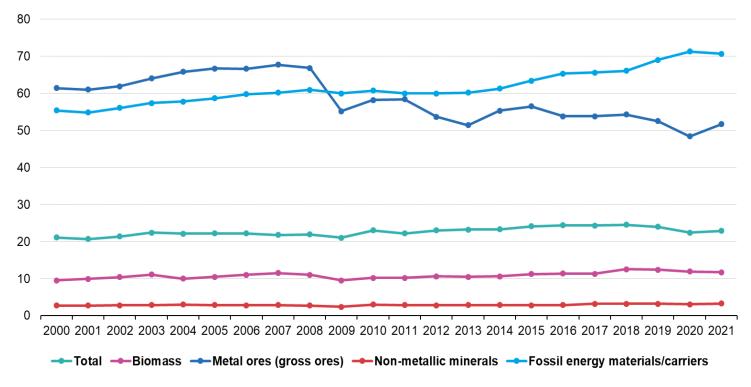
Based on air emissions accounts





Material import dependency

Based on economy-wide material flow accounts



Note:

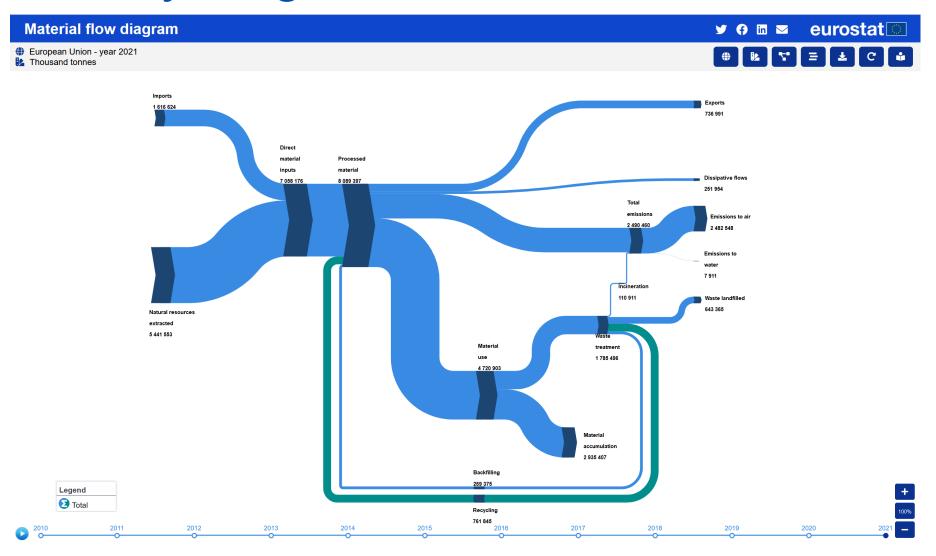
2020 and 2021 values are provisional estimates

Source: Eurostat (online data code: env_ac_mid)





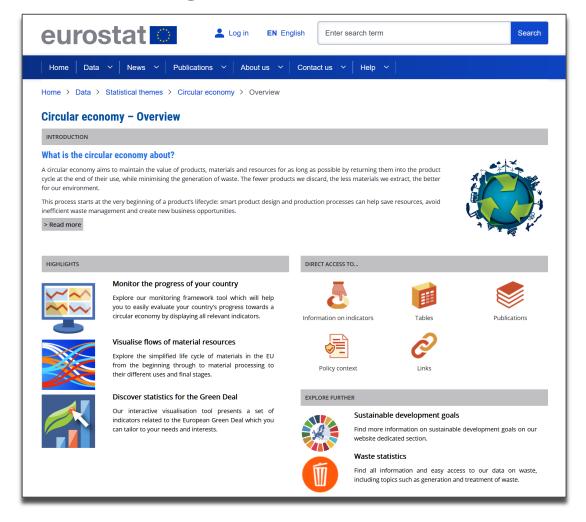
Sankey diagram material flows





To know more:

EU monitoring framework circular economy



https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/circular-economy



Thank you

arturo.de-la-fuente@ec.europea.eu



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