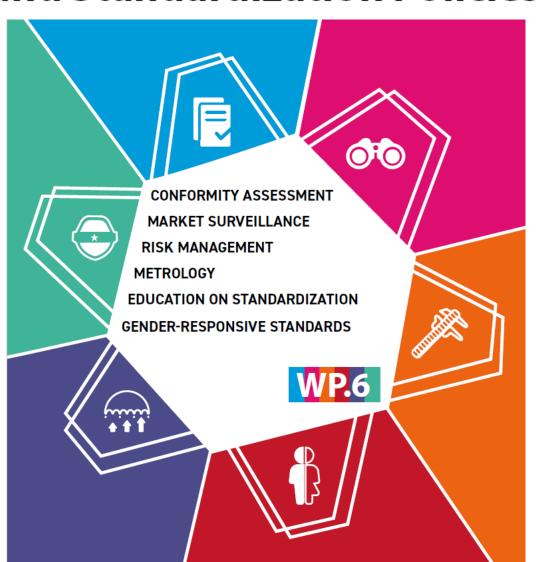
Working Party on Regulatory Cooperation and Standardization Policies

Market surveillance role in combatting counterfeit products

Background: History of Recommendation M

Lance Thompson Secretary WP.6; Secretary MARS

UNECE – Working Party 6 21/02/2023, Geneva



Recommendation M



- Recommendation M on Use of Market Surveillance Infrastructure as a Complementary Means to Protect Consumers and Users against Counterfeit Goods
- Approved and published in 2007
- WP.6 Secretary at that time: Serguei Kouzmin
 - Thank you to Mr. Kouzmin for having provided much of the details in this presentation

Rec. M recommended practice



WP.6 recommends that Governments explore the possibility, wherever feasible and where the national legal framework permits, to involve their market surveillance authorities in the fight against counterfeit goods - in a complementary way to existing national legal mechanisms - by implementing the following procedures:

- (a) To provide mechanism for cooperation and coordination of market surveillance activities on the national level between market surveillance, customs and other authorities concerned,
- (b) To give the possibility to right holders to inform (with documented proof) the market surveillance and other relevant state authorities on counterfeit goods,
- (c) To enable market surveillance authorities to identify suspected counterfeit goods made available on the domestic market (in cooperation with other relevant authorities) during market surveillance activities, including, where appropriate, resorting to laboratories to test the goods,
- (d) After having examined the compliance with all applicable requirements of the national legislation, also to enable market surveillance authorities to check if the goods might infringe intellectual property rights, and, whenever feasible and without prejudice to the national legislation on confidentiality, to involve other relevant authorities and intellectual property right holders,

WP.6 trusts that implementation of these procedures should neither create financial burdens for market surveillance authorities nor replace or duplicate existing intellectual property rights enforcement tools. It would be rather beneficial to consumers/users, and conducive to establishing "rule of the law" principles in society and to fair competition and business development.

A bit of history...



- In the beginning of the 2000's:
 - IPR protection was primarily with customs and police
 - These agencies often lacked the technical means to test for counterfeits
 - IPR protection was not a priority for these agencies (due to insufficient funds)
 - Market surveillance agencies
 - Had the relevant technical competences and testing laboratories
 - Had examples of counterfeit goods being uncovered during routine checks
 - Research at the time demonstrated that additional IPR control layer to market surveillance procedures would, in principle, not cost more

The basic principle



- Counterfeits often display anomalies
 - (for example, in the quality of materials or in the work product)
- A market surveillance inspector could convey any concerns to the IPR owner or to the relevant IPR body

Reactions



- Concern was raised that involving market surveillance in IPR protection process might lead to a confusion about institutional frameworks, terms of reference and areas of responsibility
- Businesses and companies demonstrated overwhelming support

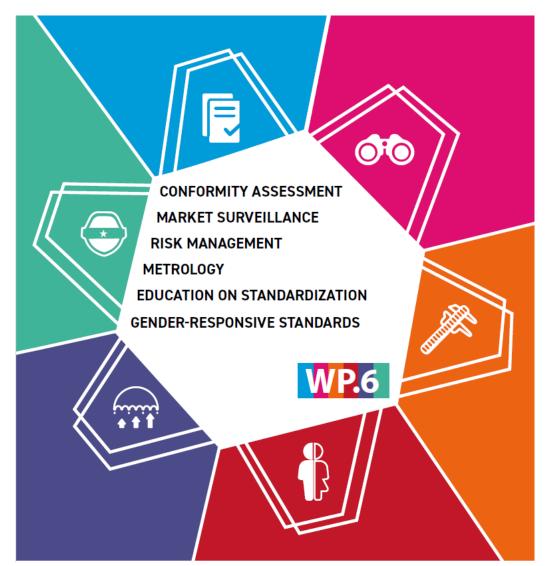
Why the wording of the 2007 recommendation



- Recommendation wording was softened. (did not suggest integrating IPR into terms of reference of market surveillance agencies) as there was some reluctance to revise mandates of existing IPR protection authorities.
- It was suggested that market surveillance agencies add IPR controls to existing inspection procedures, wherever feasible, at their discretion and within their current activities and budgets.

Market surveillance within Working Party 6

Working Party on Regulatory Cooperation and Standardization Policies



Quality Infrastructure



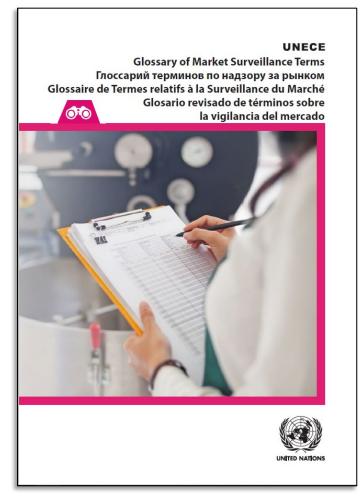
Quality Infrasturcture: Market Surveillance – WP.6 references



- Recommendation M on Use of Market Surveillance Infrastructure as a Complementary Means to Protect Consumers and Users against Counterfeit Goods
- Recommendation N on Good Market Surveillance Policies and Practices
- Recommendation S on Applying Predictive Risk Management Tools for Targeted Market Surveillance
- Template for exchanging information between Market Surveillance Agencies
- Multilingual Glossary of Market Surveillance Terms
- Market Surveillance in the ECE Region

Multilingual glossary of market surveillance terms





- Purpose: to promote better understanding & harmonize terms used
- Main sources used: ISO standards / EU regulations / WTO documents
- English, French, Russian, Spanish
- Updated in 2023:
 - https://unece.org/trade/publications/glossar y-market-surveillance-termsecetrade389rev1

SubgroupsWorking Party on Regulatory Cooperation and Standardization Policies













MARS

Advisory Group on Market Surveillance

GRM

Group of Experts on Risk Management in Regulatory Systems

GRS

Team of
Specialists on
GenderResponsive
Standards

START

Ad-Hod Team of Specialists on Standardization and Regulatory Techniques

START-Ed

Initiative on Education on Standardization

Upcoming meetings in 2023

Working Party on Regulatory Cooperation and Standardization Policies



- MARS
 - Webinar 21/02; 26/05 (annual)
- GRM
 - 19/01; 16/03; 25/05 (annual); 16/07; 14/09; 22/11 (in person)
- GRS
 - 22/03; 24/05 (annual); 06/07; 14/09; 22/11 (in person)
- START
 - 23/05 (pipeline & EEE)
- START-Ed
 - 01/03; 26/05 (annual); 11/10



WP.6 inclusive meetings guidelines



- Contributions
 - Strive for balanced contributions from both women and men participants
 - Keep individuals' speaking time balanced (avoid monopolizing)
- Interruptions
 - Avoid interrupting the speaker
 - Avoid talking over each other
- Coded language
 - Be mindful of coded language that may perpetuate gender stereotypes
 - Example: Are women described as aggressive for behavior that would lead to a man being considered confident?
- Recognize contributions

For more information, see *Guidelines on Developing Gender-Responsive Standards* (ECE/TRADE/472)

ありがとうございました Hvala Merci Mahalo Дякую Teşekkür ederim Dankon ඔබට ස්තුතියි Sagbol Рахмат Ευχαριστώ Dziękuję Ci Tack Çox sağ ol **Obrigado** 감사합니다 მადლობთ धन्यवाद תודה Dankon Баярлалаа Hatur nuhun Хвала вам Diolch Tak skal du have **Paldies** Спасибо Go raibh maith agat Faleminderit Rahmat **Faafetai** Рахмат сага Dank je Благодаря ти Ačiū Multumesc Danke Grazie សមអរគណ Takk skal du ha Շևորհակալություն Gracias Þakka þér fyrir Aitäh **Dankie Salamat** Дзякуй Köszönöm Děkuji Ви благодарам ধন্যবাদ **Asante Gràcies** Thank you **Kiitos**

Lance Thompson Secretary WP.6; Secretary MARS

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