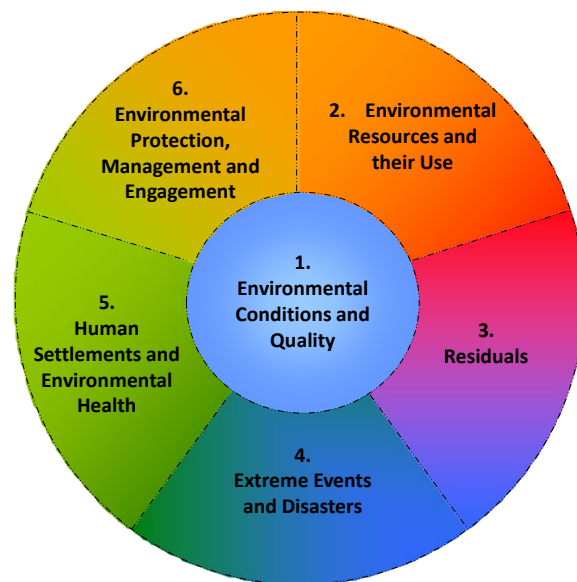


Review of the ECE Guidelines for the Application of Environmental Indicators

Agenda item 5:

Introduction and presentation of the completed parts of the Guidelines for the Application of Environmental Indicators

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UNECE Statistical Division



ECE Guidelines for the Application of Environmental Indicators

Introduction to session



Main purposes of agenda item 5:

- Present the status of work and latest developments, get your feedback and to agree on the way forward (detailed discussion after the coffee break)
- National example on using FDES with statistics from population census for informing SDGs
- Lessons learned and gaps from the pan-European environmental assessment
- Latest developments concerning revision of EEA-EIONET indicators

ECE Guidelines for the Application of Environmental Indicators

Short recap



Adopted by the UNECE Committee on Environmental Policy in 2007 to help countries in Eastern Europe, Caucasus and Central Asia in:

- a) **Improving the systems of environmental monitoring and reporting** for the purpose of environmental decision-making and public awareness raising
- b) **Making national environment assessments comparable** with those of other UN Member States
- c) **Facilitating data gathering** for future environmental assessment reports.

Several assessments carried out since then showed:

- Many countries used the guidelines as a starting point for developing environment statistics
- Guidelines contributed to strengthening collaboration between NSOs and MoEs

ECE Guidelines for the Application of Environmental Indicators

Current structure



10 “traditional topics”

Air pollution and ozone depletion	Climate change	Water	Land and soil	Energy
Transport	Biodiversity	Agriculture	Waste	Environmental financing

See:

<https://unece.org/guidelines-application-environmental-indicators>

49 “indicators”

Indicator	Description	Production	Glossary of terms
A. Air pollution and ozone depletion			
A1. Emissions of pollutants into the atmospheric air (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
A2. Ambient air quality in urban areas (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
A3. Consumption of ozone-depleting substances (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
B. Climate change			
B1. Air temperature (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
B2. Atmospheric precipitation (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
B3. Greenhouse gas emissions (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C. Water			
C1. Renewable freshwater resources (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C2. Freshwater abstraction (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C3. Total water use (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C4. Household water use per capita (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF

ECE Guidelines for the Application of Environmental Indicators

XLS production sheets



Example: indicator C-3 “total water use”

Calculates:

- Freshwater available
- Freshwater use
- Freshwater use per GDP

→ In fact, a mix of basic statistics and indicators

Production sheet is aligned with UNSD water statistics questionnaire

	Unit	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Freshwater available									
1	Freshwater abstracted (= Table C-2, row 4)	million m ³							
2	Desalinated water	million m ³							
3	Reused water	million m ³							
4	Imports of water	million m ³							
5	Exports of water	million m ³							
6	Total freshwater available (Rows 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 - row 5)	million m ³	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Freshwater use									
8	Losses of water during transport	million m ³							
9	Total freshwater use (Row 6 - row 8)	million m ³	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
10	<i>of which used by</i>								
11	Households	million m ³							
12	Agriculture, forestry and fishing (ISIC 01-03)	million m ³							
13	<i>of which (of row 12) used for:</i> Irrigation in agriculture	million m ³							
14	Manufacturing (ISIC 10-33)	million m ³							
	Electricity industry (ISIC							

Rationale

Why a review of the indicators and online guidelines?



JTFESI requested the Secretariat to review the ECE set of environmental indicators and the associated guidelines to

- **Inform better the recent global policies** (such as 2030 Agenda, Paris Agreement and Sendai Framework for Disaster-risk Reduction)
- **Improve data availability for regular pan-European Environmental Assessments and reporting**
- **Link them with statistical frameworks**, such as the FDES and SEEA
- **Increase user-friendliness** of the metadata.

Guidelines for the Application of Environmental Indicators

The Joint Task Force revised the Guidelines for the Application of Environmental Indicators in Eastern Europe, Caucasus, Central Asia and South-Eastern Europe. With this revision the online version of the Guidelines was created.

In the Online Guidelines each indicator is presented through three files: description of the indicator, table for the production of the indicator, and glossary of terms.

The latest update for each indicator is indicated with a relevant date.

Indicator	Description	Production	Glossary of terms
A. Air pollution and ozone depletion			
A1. Emissions of pollutants into the atmospheric air (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
A2. Ambient air quality in urban areas (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
A3. Consumption of ozone-depleting substances (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
B. Climate change			
B1. Air temperature (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
B2. Atmospheric precipitation (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
B3. Greenhouse gas emissions (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C. Water			
C1. Renewable freshwater resources (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C2. Freshwater abstraction (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C3. Total water use (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C4. Household water use per capita (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C5. Water supply industry and population connected to water supply industry (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C6. Connection of population to public water supply	Integrated into C5		
C7. Water losses (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C8. Reuse and recycling of freshwater (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C9. Drinking water quality (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C10. BOD and concentration of ammonium in rivers (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C11. Nutrients in freshwater (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF
C12. Nutrients in coastal seawaters (updated October 2014)	PDF	XLS	PDF

Revision process has been multi-dimensional



1. Distinction between “indicators” and “data and statistics”, using the definitions used in the UN Framework for the Development of Environment Statistics (FDES)
2. Presentation of the indicators according to FDES structure
3. Review of the list of indicators
4. Update of indicator metadata, including filling of some “placeholders”
5. All information stored in a bilingual database (English and Russian)

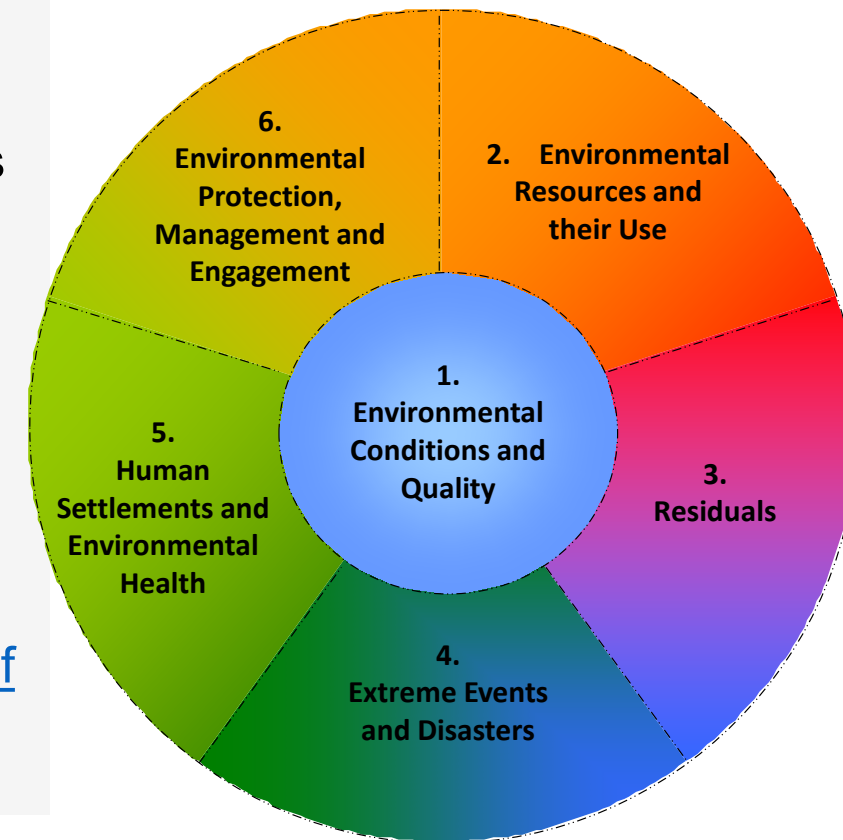
Presentation of indicators according to FDES structure

Benefits of aligning it with the UN FDES



Some benefits of using the structure of the FDES for the list of recommended UNECE Environmental Indicators:

1. Use of a globally agreed structure
2. FDES defines environmental indicators, data and statistics
3. FDES is broad, comprehensive and integrative. It defines the overall scope of environment statistics, thus can be used to identify information gaps and to set priorities
4. It can handle “cross-cutting issues”, such as climate change, COVID-19 or circular economy
5. New indicators can easily be added
6. Supports implementation of environmental statistics
7. Methodological guidelines (e.g. [Manual on the Basic Set of Environment Statistics](#)) available.



Presentation of indicators according to FDES structure

Example: Climate change-related indicators



Indicator theme “B. Climate change” (old guidelines) included indicators on physical conditions of the atmosphere (B1. and B2) and air emissions (B3). This is problematic from several points of view:

1. Greenhouse gas emissions are missing in indicator theme “A. Air pollution and ozone depletion”.
2. Climate change is a cross-cutting issue with a broad scope, including climate change drivers, emissions, impacts, mitigation and adaptation.

Therefore, indicator theme “B. Climate change” was removed; indicators moved to other areas (called “topics” in the newly proposed structure).

OLD STRUCTURE

B. Climate change

B1. Air temperature (updated October 2014)

B2. Atmospheric precipitation (updated October 2014)

B3. Greenhouse gas emissions (updated October 2014)

NEW STRUCTURE (FDES)

Topic “Atmosphere, climate and weather”
(component “Environmental conditions and quality”,
sub-component “Physical conditions”)

Topic “Emissions of greenhouse gases” (component
“Residuals”, sub-component “Emissions to air”)

Bilingual database

All information needed for compiling the metadata is maintained in a database



- All data are maintained in English and Russian in a database
- Repetitive information (e.g., statistics needed for compiling indicators, reference documents, FDES structure, SDG indicators etc.) is to be maintained only once
- Each indicator and each data item has a unique ID
- Metadata sheets can be generated and exported automatically (e.g., as PDF)
- Potential to be further developed as searchable online application

Structure of the guidelines document



- A. Background
- B. Presentation of the list of indicators
 - A. Clarification of the terminology
 - B. Distinction between “indicators” and “data and statistics” in the revised Guidelines
 - C. Grouping of the list of indicators
 - D. Organization of the list of indicators in the revised guidelines
- C. Selection of the indicators
 - A. Component “environmental conditions and quality”
 - B. Component “environmental resources and their use”
 - C. Component “residuals”
 - D. Component “human settlements and environmental health”
 - E. Component “environmental protection, management and engagement”
- D. Data and statistics needed for compiling the list of indicators

Structure of the indicator metadata sheets

Example “Water Exploitation Index” 1/2



Indicator theme (old)	C	Water
Component (FDES)	2:	Environmental Resources and their Use
Sub-component (FDES)	2.6:	Water Resources
Indicator topic (FDES)	2.6.2:	Abstraction, use and returns of water
Indicator	C-2.3 Water exploitation index (WEI)	
ID and name in indicator guidelines	C2	Freshwater abstraction
First publication	10/15/2019	Latest update
Indicator definition	The indicator presents the annual total fresh water abstraction in a country as a percentage of its long-term annual average (LTAA) available water from renewable fresh water resources	
Unit of measure	%	
Coverage	Freshwater bodies (groundwater and surface water), all water abstractions	
Spatial aggregation	National territory	
Reference period	Calendar year	
Update frequency	Annual	
Purpose	The indicator provides, in relation to total resources available for abstraction, a measure of the pressure on the environment in terms of the abstraction of freshwater resources. It can reflect the extent of water resource scarcity and the distribution of abstracted water among different economic activities.	
Policy context	Changes in the WEI help to analyse how changes in abstraction affect freshwater resources by increasing pressure on them or making them more sustainable. In terms of the threshold values of the WEI, some countries where the water exploitation index is above 20% can be considered stressed.	

Link with SDG indicators	
SDG indicators	Comments
6.4.2 Level of water stress: freshwater withdrawal as a proportion of available freshwater resources	The SDG indicator is similar to the WEI, but also takes into account environmental water requirements
Policy references	
Title and weblink	Comments
Integrated Water Resources Management http://www.gwp.org/the-challenge/what-is-iwrm/	
Convention on the Protection and Use of Transboundary Watercourses and International Lakes https://www.unece.org/env/water/text/text.html	
Environmental Strategy of countries of Eastern Europe, Caucasus and Central Asia https://www.unece.org/env/efe/Kiev/proceedings/html/Item7a.e.html	
Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for the Community action in the field of water policy https://ec.europa.eu/environment/water/water-framework/index_en.html	

Structure of the indicator metadata sheets

Example “Water Exploitation Index” 2/2



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Methodology for indicator calculation WEI = annual total freshwater abstraction / long-term annual average available water from renewable freshwater resources

Methodology references

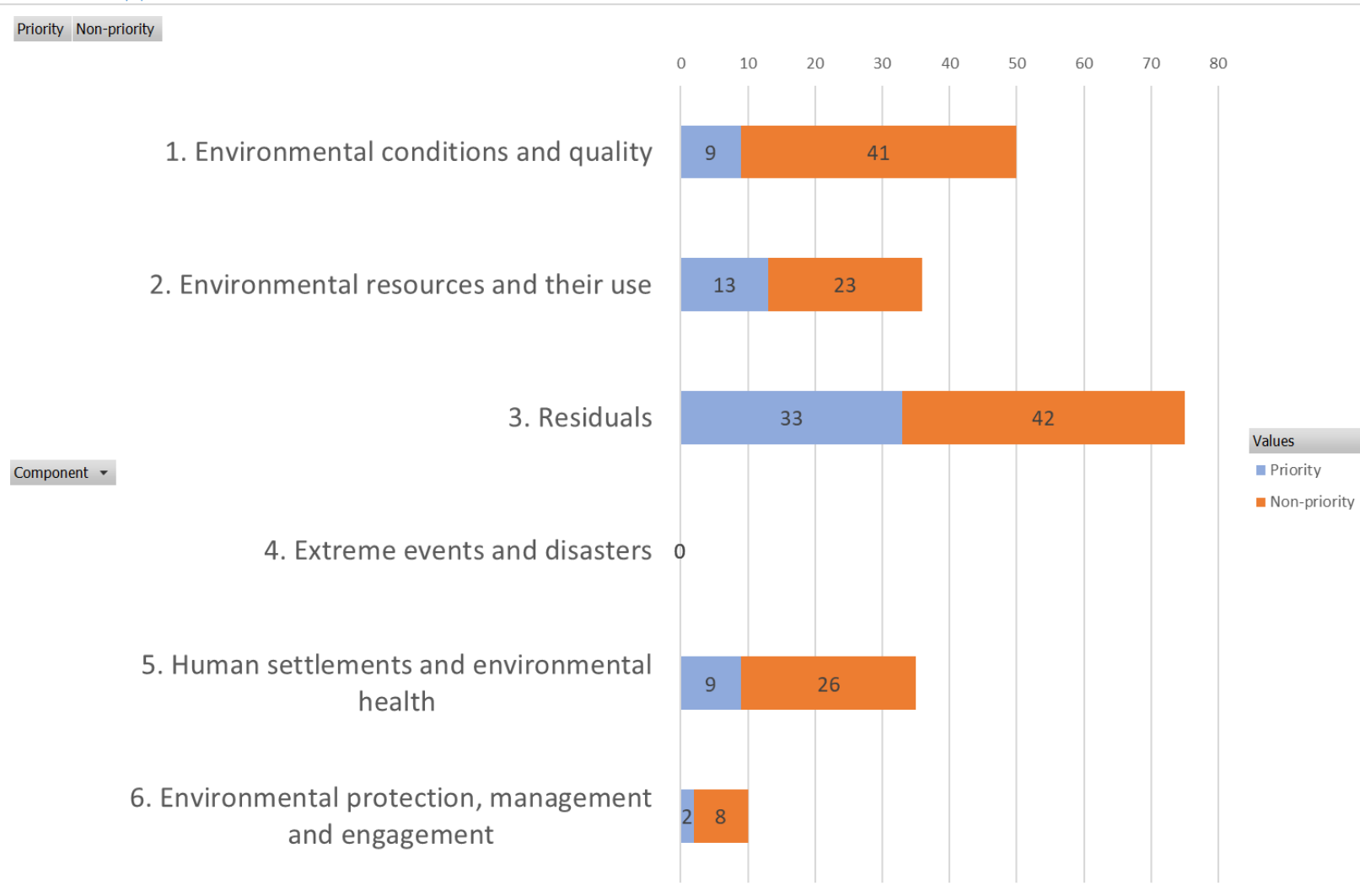
Title of the reference document	Link
UNSD/United Nations Environment Programme Questionnaire 2018 on Environment Statistics - section "Water"	https://unstats.un.org/unsd/envstats/questionnaire
International Recommendations for Water Statistics	https://seea.un.org/content/seea-water
System of Environmental-Economic Accounting for Water	https://seea.un.org/content/seea-water
Metadata Water exploitation index (t2020_rd220), ESMS Indicator Profile (ESMS-IP)	https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/cache/metadata/en/t2020_rd220_esmsip2.htm

Data and statistics needed to compile the indicator

ID	Data item	FDES topic
160	Precipitation	2.6.1: Water resources
161	Actual evapotranspiration	2.6.1: Water resources
162	Inflow of surface and groundwaters from neighbouring countries	2.6.1: Water resources
166	Fresh surface water abstracted: total	2.6.2: Abstraction, use and returns of water
167	Fresh groundwater abstracted: total	2.6.2: Abstraction, use and returns of water

Comments

206 indicators, of which currently 66 priority indicators (32%)



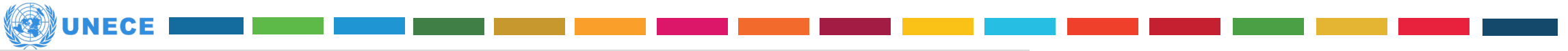
Priority indicators:

- **Member countries:** Priority for production and sharing
- **ECE Secretariat:** Priority in finalizing the metadata

The priority indicators were discussed and identified by the JTF and finally confirmed as a result of a silence procedure after the 18th session.

Alignment with pan-European Environmental Assessment

Lessons learned still to be considered



Indicators total Indicators used in PEEA

Component



56 of the 206 recommended indicators (27%) were used in the pan-European Environmental Assessment

Developments since 18th JTFESI session, and open issues



A. Pan-European Environmental Assessment (PEEA)

- 18 of the PEEA indicators were added after the 18th JTFESI session (marked with ** in document ECE/CEP-CES/GE.1/2022/4)
- We need to discuss whether these indicators should all become “priority”

B. Minor corrections of allocation of indicators in the framework (e.g., “I-1.4: Material Footprint” was not in the right place)

C. Some corrections of names of indicators

D. Open issues

- Full consideration of gaps and lessons learned from PEEA
- Latest developments at EEA and with CBD indicators
- Do we need indicators for the component “extreme events and disasters”?
- Latest developments concerning harmonization of international water questionnaires:
 - Generation and pollutant content of wastewater
 - Collection and treatment of wastewater

Status of work and proposed way forward



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Status of work

- JTFESI needs to discuss open issues (today after coffee break + silence procedure)
- Metadata are continuously being produced
- A relatively slow process, because of limited resources available

Proposed way forward

Main objective: Publication of revised guidelines as “2023 edition” in Q2/2023, following a silence procedure

Steps until then:

1. Final update of the document, taking into account discussions at 19th JTFESI Session, lessons learned from PEEA and latest developments with EEA Eionet Indicators
2. Silence procedure for approval by JTFESI, by end January 2023
3. Production of metadata sheets, followed by silence procedure, and later upload to webpage
4. Annual production of “addenda”, informing about latest relevant indicator developments in other indicator frameworks (e.g., SDGs, EEA EIONET, etc.)
5. Complete review of the list of indicators in 3 year’s time, considering also data requirements for PEEA

Thank you!

Michael Nagy
Statistician

UNECE



Proposed Decisions

Agenda item 5: Review of the Guidelines for the Application of Environmental Indicators

The Joint Task Force

- Welcomes the progress made towards reviewing and finalizing the Guidelines for the Application of Environmental Indicators
- Pre-approves the finalized parts of the Guidelines and the proposed list of indicators.
- Requests the secretariat to make final updates of the document, taking into account discussions at 19th JTFESI Session, lessons learned from PEEA, latest developments with EEA Eionet and CBD Indicators by end of 2022.
- Agrees on a silence procedure for final approval (21 days after submission) by end of January 2023
- Agrees that metadata would be completed in the English and Russian languages for all the approved indicators and provided to its members under a silence procedure
- Requests the Secretariat to present an updated version of the revised guidelines as official document, as well as completed metadata sheets, to the Joint Task Force on Environmental Statistics and Indicators at its 20th Session.
- Requests the secretariat to prepare the revised guidelines as an official publication in English, French and Russian in electronic and paper editions.