

Land-based sources and activities: addressing urban pollution

Urban Wastewater Treatment Directive

UNECE workshop 14 December 2022











The European Green Deal COM(2019)640final

Horizon Europe 2021-27

Climate Adaptation Strategy COM(2021) 82 final

Energy system integration strategy COM(2020)299final

Methane strategy COM(2020)663final

Circular Economy Action Plan 2.0 COM(2020)98final

Renovation wave COM(2020)662final

Increasing the EU's Climate ambition for 2030 and 2050

Supplying clean, affordable and secure energy

Mobilising industry for a clean and circular economy

Building and renovating in an energy and resource efficient way

Transforming the EU's economy for a sustainable future

The European Green Deal

And leave No one behind Mobilising research and fostering innovation

A zero pollution ambition for a toxic-free environment

Preserving and restoring ecosystems and biodiversity

From 'Farm to Fork': a fair, healthy and environmentally friendly food system

Accelerating the shift to sustainable and smart mobility

Financing the transition

Leave no one behind (Just Transition)

A European Climate Pact Strategic approach on pharmaceuticals in the environment COM(2019)128final

Pharmaceuticals Strategy COM(2020)761final

Zero Pollution Action Plan for air, water & soil

Plastics Strategy COM(2018)028final

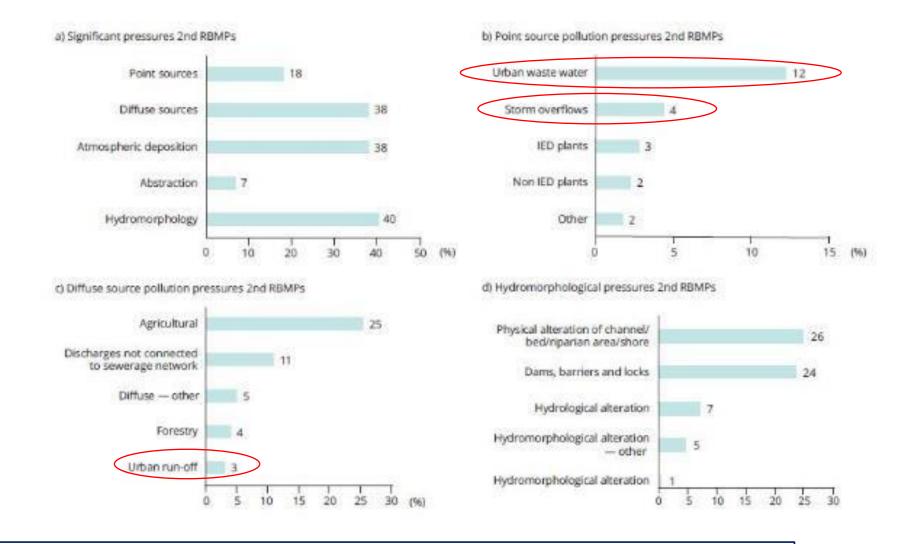
Biodiversity Strategy 2030 COM(2020)380fina

Farm to Fork Strategy COM(2020)381final

Chemicals Strategy COM(2020)667final

The EU as a global leader

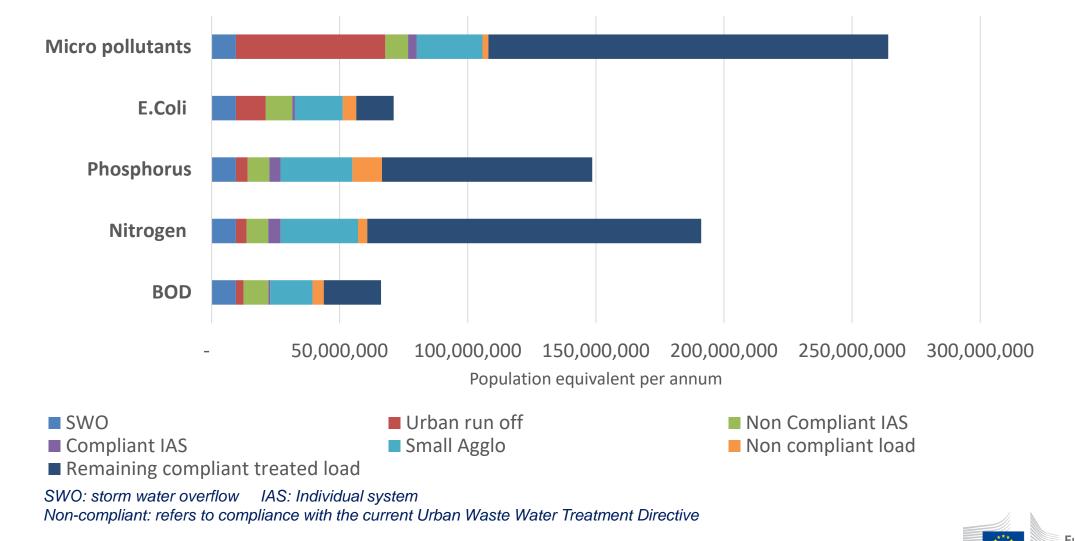
Water Framework Directive pressures (2nd RBMPs)





Source: EEA (2018) European waters – assessment of status and pressures 2018

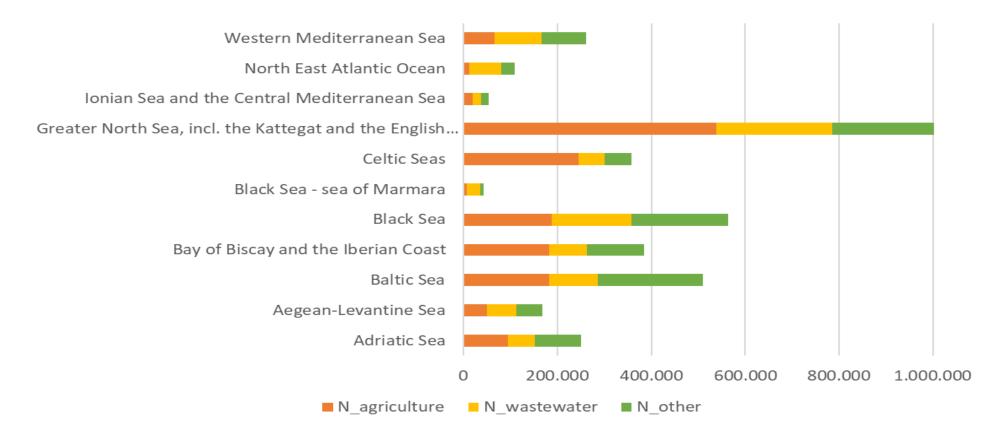
Aquatic pollution from urban sources





Role of urban waste water in nutrient pollution

Loads of N (tonnes/year) to EU regional seas by source







Proposal for revision of the Urban Waste Water Treatment Directive (UWWTD)

Lessons learnt

Effective tool – Tangible impacts

Simple and targeted instrument

Carrot and stick

Benefits >>> costs

Room for improvement

Remaining pollution

New challenges

Governance – transparency / reporting

Purpose of revision:

- Modernise the Directive
- 2. Align to current and future societal needs
- 3. Adapting to objectives of the European Green Deal and of a Europe fit for the Digital Age





3 main pillars of the proposed revision of the UWWTD

Water quality

- More extensive nutrient removal
- Treatment of micro pollutants
- Integrated approach on storm water
- Scope from 1000 inhabitants
- Risk based approach

Green Deal

- Energy neutrality
- Systematic GHG monitoring
- Non-domestic pollution tracked at source
- Water, sludge and Phosphorus re-use incentivised

Governance

- Health parameters
- Access to sanitation
- Key performance indicators
- Extended Producer Responsibility (cosmetics and pharmaceuticals)



UWWTD: What is proposed regarding nutrients

Risk based approach

- N &P treatment > 100.000 p.e. (2035)
- N/P treatment >

 10.000 p.e. in
 designated areas
 (2040)

Areas sensitive to eutrophication

- Revised list by 2025
- Revised criteria
- Better connection with WFD and MSFD

Revised standards

- New standards for N/P (2035 > 100.000 pe, 2040 > 10.000 pe)
- % reduction still possible

For further information on the proposed revision: <u>Urban wastewater (europa.eu)</u>



UWWTD: What is proposed regarding micropollutants

Risk based approach

- All facilities > 100.000 p.e. (2035)
- Facilities >

 10.000 p.e. in areas at risk
 (2040)

Areas at risk

- List of areas by 2030
- Clear criteria

Standards

 80% removal of 6 substances, from a list of 12





For further information: Law - EU Coastal and Marine Policy - Environment - European Commission (europa.eu)



Thank you!

