

# Further justification of UN R16 and UN R129 proposals on ECRS support legs

*Submitted by the experts from CLEPA*

*72<sup>nd</sup> session of GRSP, 05 – 09<sup>th</sup> December 2022*



# BACKGROUND



## Proposals presented to GRSP-70

### UN R16

- **ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRSP/2021/20 (Spain)**
  - Support legs can protrude from ISO/B2 and /B3 booster seat volumes
- **ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRSP/2021/25 (CLEPA)**
  - Increases the support leg volume height

### UN R129

- **ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRSP/2021/26 (CLEPA)**
  - Increases support leg volume height

- **GRSP asked for more evidence from impact tests / simulations**
- **Discussions continued in GRSP Ad-Hoc Group on CRS**

# DATA SOURCES



## Literature and new tests

- **CLEPA tests presented to UN Informal Group on CRS**

- CRS-07-02, November 2008
- CRS-07-03, November 2008
- CRS-13-05, October 2009



To support development of R129 and amendment of vehicle regulations

- **Spain tests presented to UN GRSP**

- GRSP-70-03, December 2021

- **CLEPA tests / simulations (new)**

- GRSP-72, December 2022



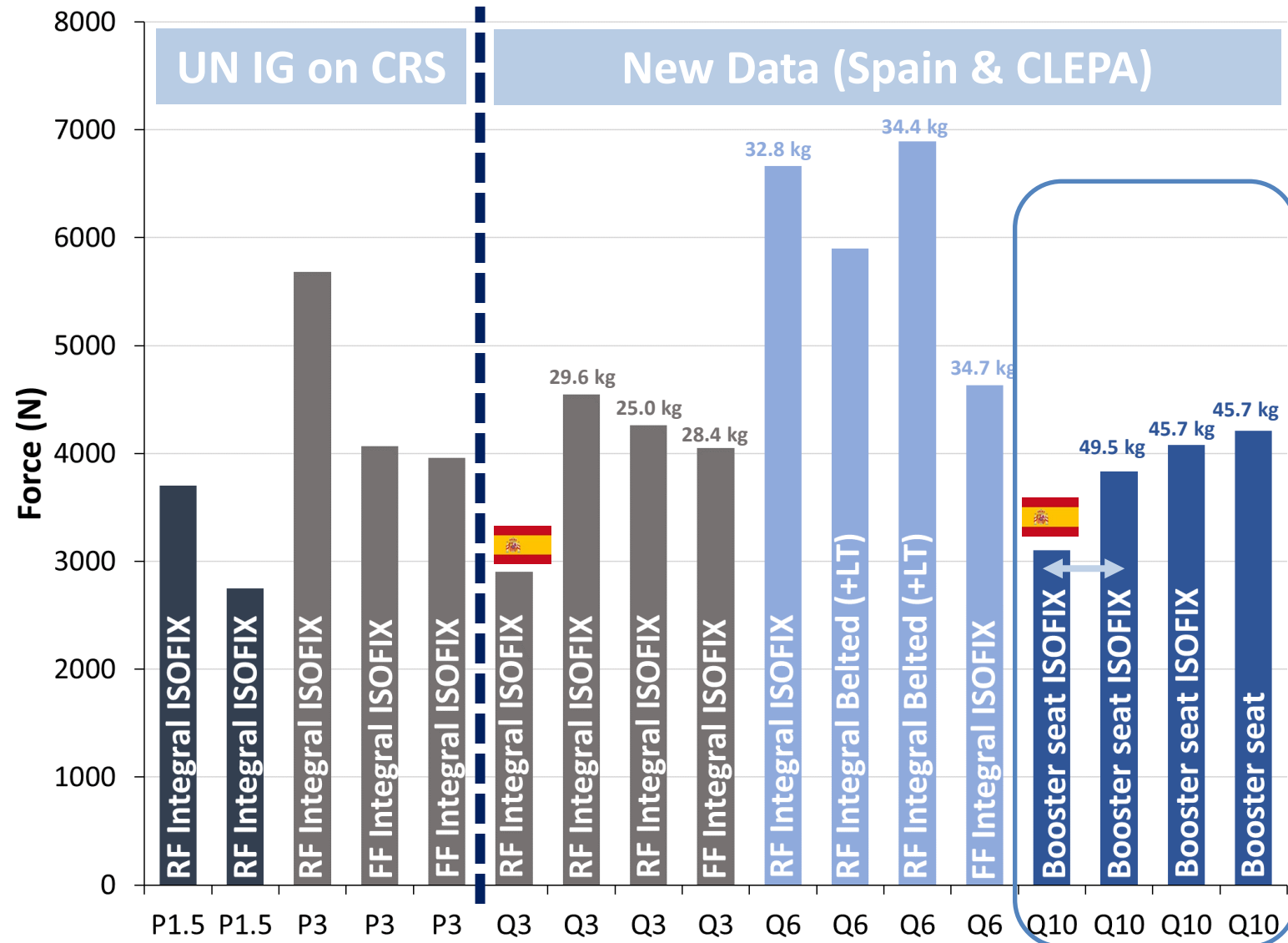
To support proposals to amend CRS and support leg volume requirements

# RESULTS – SUPPORT LEGS ON BOOSTER SEATS



## Floor reaction force

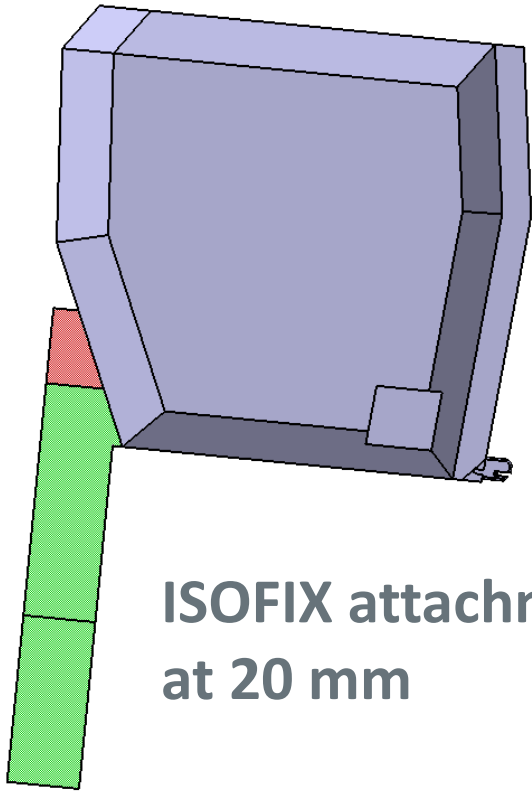
- Legacy data ranged from 2900 to 5680 N
  - Input to current R145 floor strength requirements
- R129/i-Size CRS consistent with legacy data
- Booster seats with Q10 consistent with other R129 CRS



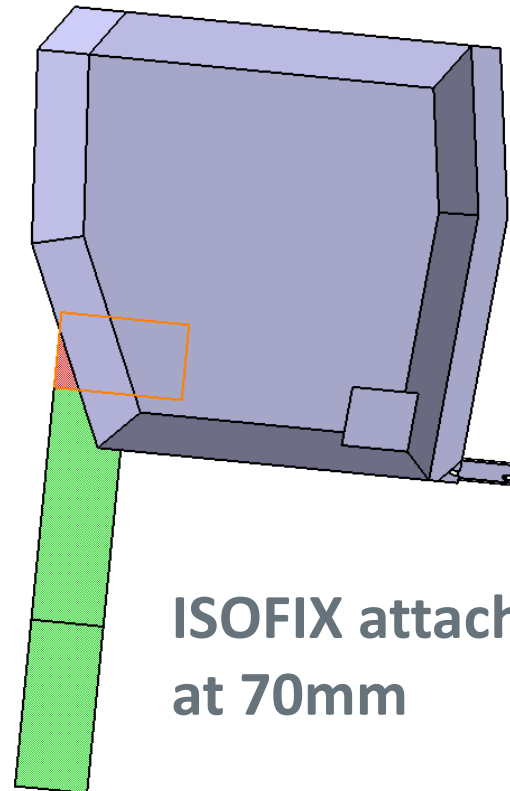
# RESULTS – SUPPORT LEG VOLUME HEIGHT



## Overview



ISOFIX attachments  
at 20 mm



ISOFIX attachments  
at 70mm

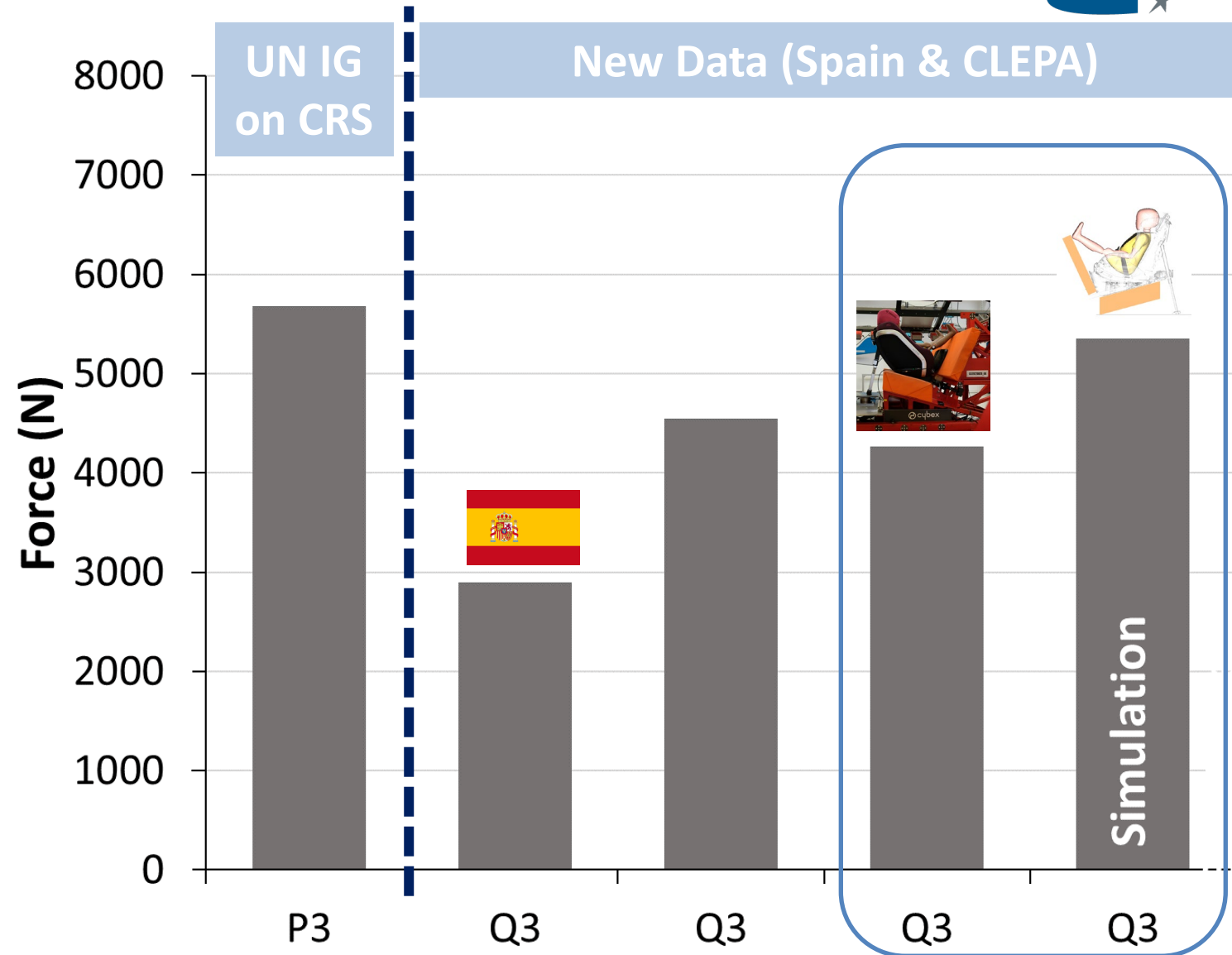
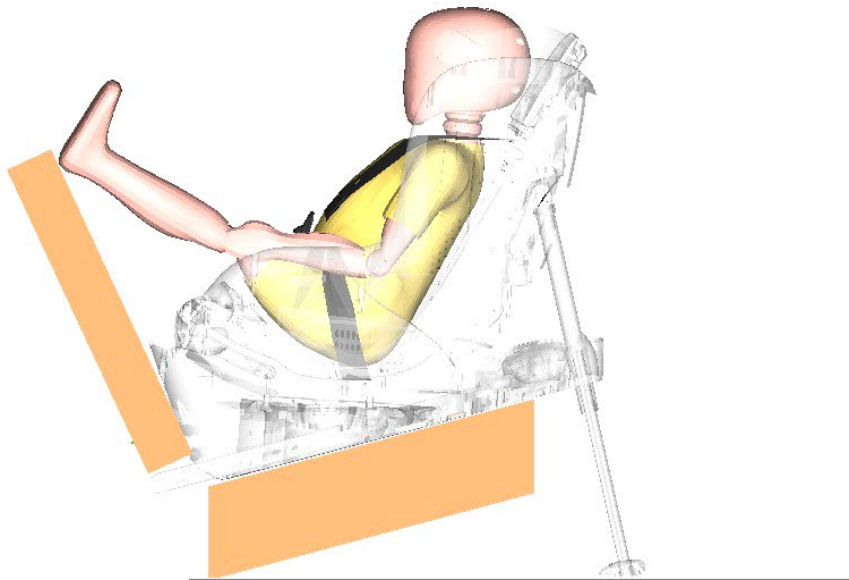


# RESULTS – SUPPORT LEG VOLUME HEIGHT



## Floor reaction force

- Taller SL generates similar forces to conventional ISOFIX & SL bases



# RESULTS – SUPPORT LEG VOLUME HEIGHT



## ISOFIX anchorage force

- Legacy data ranged from 3500 to 6300 N
- Taller SL generates similar forces to conventional ISOFIX CRS

