

Economic and Social Council

Distr.: General 17 September 2021

Original: English

Economic Commission for Europe

Steering Committee on Trade Capacity and Standards

Working Party on Agricultural Quality Standards

Seventy-sixth session

Geneva, 15—17 November 2021 Item 7 of the provisional agenda

Specialized Section on Standardization of Dry and Dried Produce

Dates * ** 1

From 5 October meeting

Submitted by the secretariat

The following document is submitted to the Working Party for adoption as a revised UNECE standard for dates.

This document is submitted according to ECE/CTCS/2019/10 section IV, ECE/CTCS/2019/2 decision 2019-8.6, and A/75/6 (Sect.20) and supplementary information.

I. Definition of produce

This standard applies to pitted and unpitted dates in their natural state or washed, rehydrated, and/or coated and/or pasteurised from varieties (cultivars) grown from *Phoenix dactylifera* L. intended for direct consumption. It does not apply to dates for industrial processing.

II. Provisions concerning quality

The purpose of the standard is to define the quality requirements of dates after preparation and packaging.

Please recycle

Deleted: dried

^{*} Submitted on the above date due to resource constraints.

^{***} Pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 19 of the Working Procedures of WP.7 and the intersessional approval procedure, the secretariat - in consultation with the Bureau of the Specialized Section on Standardization of Dry and Dried Produce - informs delegations that this document is open for comments until 28 September 2021.

^{1&}quot;Dates in this standard are those having the typical characteristics of dried fruit. They are naturally dried while still attached to the date palm and must be at the tamar stage, i.e. soft fruit, dull brownish in colour.

However, if applied at stages following export or dispatch, the holder/seller shall be responsible for observing the requirements of the standard. The holder/seller of products may not display such products or offer them for sale, or deliver or market them in any manner other than in conformity with this standard.

A. Minimum requirements²

In all classes, subject to the special provisions for each class and the tolerances allowed, the dates must display the following characteristics:

- intact; dates affected by mashing, tearing, breaking of the skin, leaving the pit visible so that the appearance of the fruit is noticeably affected is excluded
- sound; produce affected by rotting or deterioration such as to make it unfit for human consumption is excluded
- clean, practically free of any visible foreign matter; excluding coating ingredients
- · free from living pests whatever their stage of development
- free from pest damage visible to the naked eye, including the presence of dead insects and/or mites, their debris or excreta
- · free from mould filaments visible to the naked eye
- · free of fermentation
- free of unripe fruit, i.e. fruit light in weight, stunted or distinctly rubbery in texture
- free of unpollinated fruit; i.e. fruit not pollinated, as indicated by stunted growth, immature characteristics and absence of pit
- free of blemished fruit; i.e. fruit scarred, discoloured or sunburnt, or having blacknose (noticeable darkening of the head, generally accompanied by severe checking or cracking of the flesh) or side-spot (a very dark patch extending into the flesh) or similar abnormalities affecting an area at least as large as a circle of 7 mm diameter
- free of abnormal external moisture
- free of foreign smell and/or taste.

The condition of the dates must be such as to enable them:

- to withstand transportation and handling
- to arrive in satisfactory condition at the place of destination.

B. Moisture content³

The dates shall have a moisture content not exceeding 26.0 per cent for cane sugar varieties and 30.0 per cent for invert sugar varieties⁴. In their natural state, however, for the variety Deglet Nour the maximum moisture content shall be 30.0 per cent.

Definitions of terms and defects are listed in Annex III of the Standard Layout – Recommended terms and definition of defects for standards of dry (Inshell Nuts and Nut Kernels) and dried produce https://unece.org/sites/default/files/2020-12/DDP_StanLayout_2020_e_0.pdf.

The moisture content is determined by one of the methods given in Annex I of the Standard Layout – Determination of the moisture content for dried produce https://unece.org/sites/default/files/2020-12/DDP_StanLayout_2020_e_0.pdf. The laboratory reference method shall be used in cases of dispute.

⁴ A list of varieties classified by the nature of their principal sugar component is given in the annex of this standard.

C. Classification

In accordance with the defects allowed in Section IV. Provisions Concerning Tolerances, dates are classified into the following three classes: "Extra" Class, Class I and Class II.

The defects allowed must not affect the general appearance of the produce as regards quality, keeping quality and presentation in the package.

III. Provisions concerning sizing

Size is determined by the unit weight of the fruit.

The minimum weight of dates shall be 4.0 g.

IV. Provisions concerning tolerances

Tolerances in respect of quality and size shall be allowed in each lot for produce not satisfying the minimum requirements of the class indicated.

		Tolerances allowed percentage of defective produce, by number or weight		
Defects allowed		Extra	Class I	Class II
(a) require	Tolerances for produce not satisfying the minimum rements	5	10	20
	of which no more than			
	Immature or unpollinated fruit	1	2	4
	Sour, decayed or mouldy fruit	0	1	1
	Fermented or damaged by pests, a,b, c rotten or deteriorated	3	8	12
	Blemished, discoloured or blacknose, sunburnt, cracking of the flesh	3	5	7
	Live pests	0	0	0
(b)	Size tolerances (if sized)			
	For produce not conforming to the minimum size, in total, depending on the characteristics of the product	10	10	10
(c)	Tolerances for other defects			
	Unpitted among pitted fruit (by number)	2	2	2
	Extraneous matter ² (of organic origin) such as loose shells, shell fragments, fragments of hull, leaves, dust (by weight)			
	Foreign matter ² (of inorganic origin) such as stones, metal, and glass (by weight)	1	1	1
	Dates belonging to varieties or commercial types other than that indicated – depending on the characteristics of the product	10	10	10

 $[^]a\,$ Reservations of Poland and the United Kingdom, which wish to retain the former tolerances:

Extra, 2 per cent; Class I, 4 per cent; Class II, 6 per cent.

b When applying its national legislation, Switzerland does not admit a tolerance higher than 6 per cent for produce damaged by pests.

c When applying its national legislation, the United States does not admit a tolerance higher than 5

per cent for produce damaged by pests.

V. Provisions concerning presentation

A. Uniformity

The contents of each package must be uniform and contain only dates of the same origin, quality, variety (if indicated).

The visible part of the contents of the package must be representative of the entire contents.

B. Packaging

Dates must be packed in such a way so as to protect the produce properly.

The materials used inside the package must be clean and of a quality such as to avoid causing any external or internal damage to the produce. The use of materials, particularly of paper or stamps bearing trade specifications, is allowed, provided the printing or labelling has been done with non-toxic ink or glue.

Packages must be practically free of all foreign and extraneous matter, excluding decorated material (rachis, stems, plastic forks, etc.), in accordance with the table of tolerances in section "IV. Provisions concerning tolerances".

C. Presentation

Dates must be presented in bags or solid containers. All sales packages within each package must be of the same weight.

Dates may be presented:

- in clusters (consisting mainly of the rachis and the stems to which the fruit is attached naturally)
- in stems (stems which are separated from the rachis and to which the fruit is attached naturally
- separated in individual fruit, arranged in layers, or loose in the package.

Stems presented in clusters or separated from the rachis must be at least $10~\rm cm$ in length and carry an average of four fruits per $10~\rm cm$ of length.

Where the dates are presented in stems or clusters, there may be a maximum of 10 per cent of loose dates.

The ends of the stems must be cleanly cut.

VI. Provisions concerning marking

Each package⁵ must bear the following particulars in letters grouped on the same side, legibly and indelibly marked and visible from the outside:

A. Identification

Packer and/or dispatcher:

⁵ Package units of produce prepacked for direct sale to the consumer shall not be subject to these marking provisions, but shall conform to national requirements. However, the markings referred to shall in any event be shown on the transport packaging containing such package units.

Name and physical address (e.g. street/city/region/postal code and, if different from the country of origin, the country) or a code mark officially recognized by the national authority⁶ if a country applying such a system is listed in the UNECE database.

B. Nature of produce

- "Dates", when the contents are not visible from the outside
- Name of the variety and/or commercial type (optional)
- "Cluster" or "stems", where appropriate
- "Pitted", where appropriate.

C. Origin of produce

 Country of origin and, optionally, district where grown, or national, regional or local place name.

D. Commercial specifications

- Class
- Crop year (optional)
- "Best before" followed by the date (optional).

E. Official control mark (optional)

Adopted 1987

Revised 2021.

Aligned with the Standard Layout 2020.

The national legislation of a number of countries requires the explicit declaration of the name and address. However, in cases where a code mark is used, the reference "packer and/or dispatcher" (or equivalent abbreviations) must be indicated in close connection with the code mark, and the code mark should be preceded with the ISO 3166 alpha country code of the recognizing country, if not the country of origin.