

Taking the green: Raw materials for the economic transition

Mark Burnett: AMC Consultants



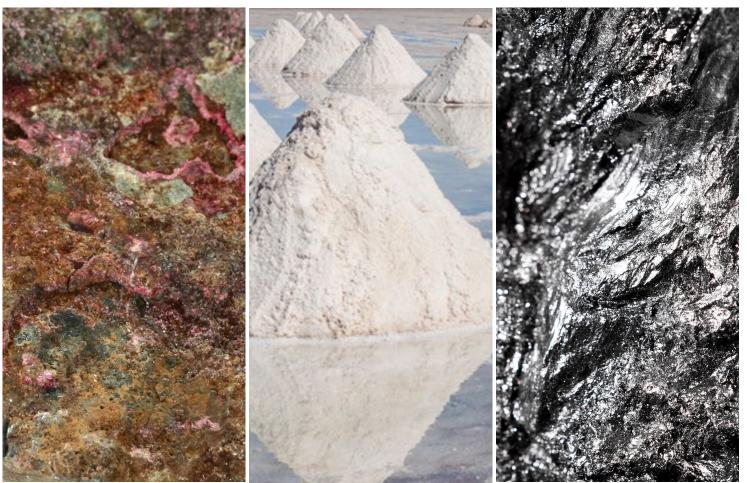
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT WEEK 2021

ENABLING SUSTAINABILITY PRINCIPLES IN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT



Mineral intensity requirement





"Under a 2-degree scenario (2DS), production of graphite, lithium, and cobalt will need to be significantly ramped up by more than 450 percent by 2050 — from 2018 levels — to meet demand from energy storage technologies".

Mineral intensity requirement



"Though demand for some base minerals, like aluminum and copper, appears to be smaller in percentage terms, their absolute production figures are significant, at 103 million tons and 29 million tons by 2050, respectively".



Mineral intensity requirement

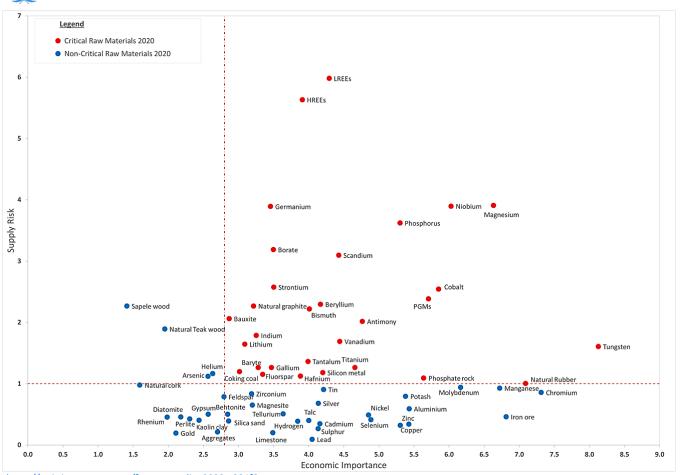


"These projections do not include the associated infrastructure needed to support the deployment of these technologies (for example, transmission lines) or the physical parts (like the chassis) of newly built electric vehicles".



EU CRM list 2020



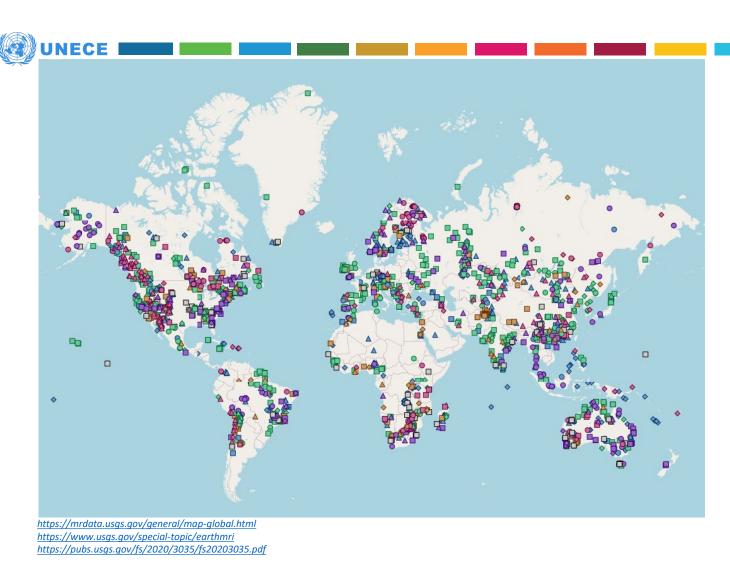


- Cobalt: Rechargeable batteries and superalloys
- Gallium: Integrated circuits and optical devices like lightemitting diodes (LED)
- **Germanium**: Fiber optics and night vision applications
- **Graphite**: Major component of lithium-cobalt (Li-Co) oxide batteries
- Indium: Mostly used in liquid crystal display (LCD) screens
- **Lithium**: Primarily in batteries
- Niobium: Mostly in steel alloys
- Platinum Group Elements: Catalytic agents
- Rare Earth Elements: Batteries, electronics, magnets, communication, and medical technologies
- Rhenium: Lead-free gasoline or petrol and superalloys
- Tellurium: Steel-making and solar cells

https://rmis.jrc.ec.europa.eu/?page=crm-list-2020-e294f6 https://www.cesme-book.eu/book/2/2.1/2.1.9-green-raw-materials

5

World resources



Critical Minerals Mapping Initiative

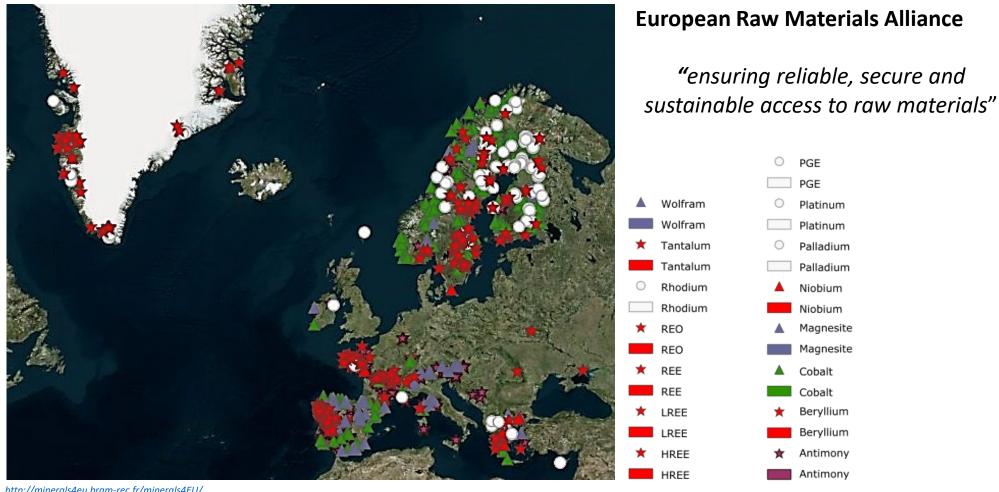
- Australia
- Canada
- USA

"identifying new sources of supply"

- Antimony
- Barite
- Beryllium
- Cobalt
- Fluorite
- Gallium
- ▲ Germanium
- Graphite
- Indium
- Lithium
- Manganese
- Niobium and Tantalum
- Platinum-Group Elements
- Rare-Earth Elements
- A Rhenium
- Tellurium
- Tin
- Titanium
- Vanadium
- Zirconium and Hafnium
- Multiple critical minerals

European sources

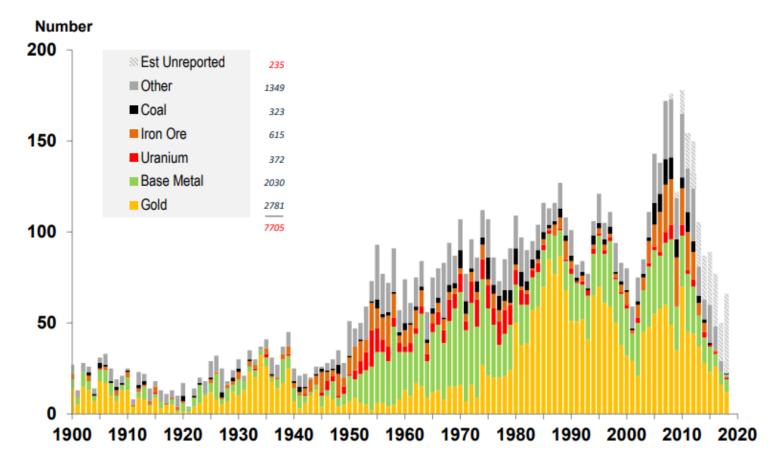




http://minerals4eu.brgm-rec.fr/minerals4EU/

Discoveries

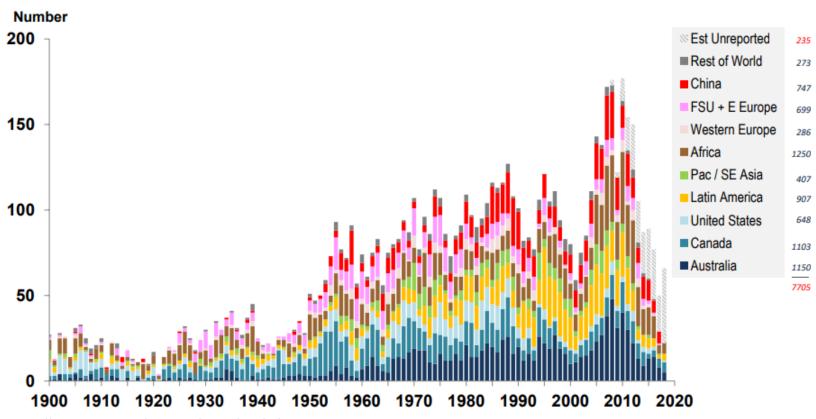




http://minexconsulting.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/12/IMARC-Presentation-27-Oct-2019-FINAL.pdf

Discovery location

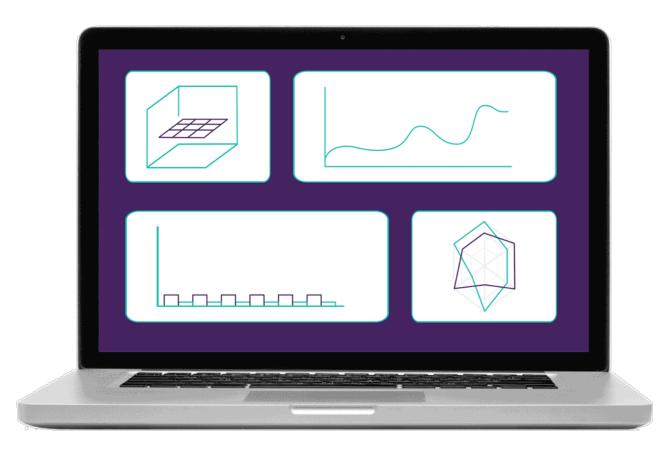




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AMC's Smart Data System

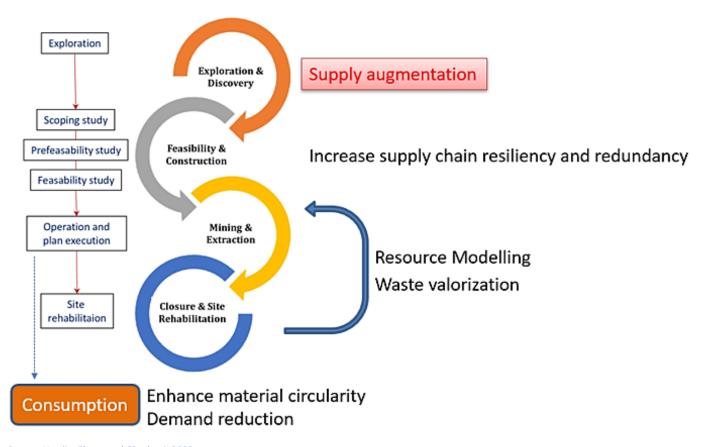




- The largest site-sourced benchmarking data set in the world.
- Developed over the last 20 years by mining professionals.
- Helps us understand drivers of excellence in mine performance.
- Uses genuinely comparable or 'likefor-like' cost and productivities.

Big data and Al





Source: Nwalia, Zhang and Ghorbani, 2020

Infrastructure requirements





Concrete is used for 2/3 of construction. Of which 2/3 is sand



tons of sand



3,000

tons of sand

1 mile highway

45,000

tons of sand

Portland cement: secondary raw materials

- Slags
- Ash (fly ash)
- Flue-gas desulfurization (FGD) gypsum
- Used foundry sand
- Recycled building materials

 $\underline{https://www.levinsources.com/assets/pages/Responsible-sourcing-of-sand-Looking-ahead-Levin-Sources-White-paper.pdf} \\ \underline{https://www.extractiveshub.org/resource/view/id/9476}$

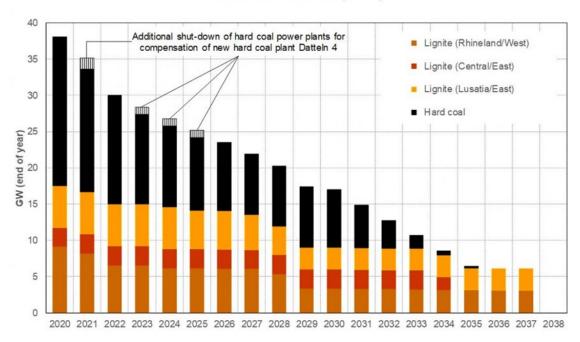
Infrastructure requirements





Coal phase-out in Germany.

Capacity reduction path following the decision of the federal cabinet on 29 January 2020 on the draft coal exit law (KVBG)



https://www.block-machine.net/introduction-of-fly-ash/https://www.cleanenergywire.org/factsheets/spelling-out-coal-phase-out-germanys-exit-law-draft

The right to say no



"Non-ferrous metals are absolutely essential to Europe's low-carbon transition, because of their central use in breakthrough technologies including clean mobility, renewable energy and batteries."

Guy Thiran, Eurometeaux, 2018

"The circular economy should really be about reducing the use of materials and the consumption of waste. If that's the case, is that really where we're going in Europe?"

Jean-Pierre Schweitzer, European Environment Bureau (EEB), 2018

"We cannot mine our way out of the climate crisis. To display true climate leadership, the EC needs to establish and put in place policies for a low-energy, low-material transition in Europe, with a far greater focus on demand reduction, recycling, and contributing a fair share of support to Global South nations to redress the relentless, centuries-long extraction of wealth from the South to Europe".

Hal Rhoades, Northern European Coordinator of the Yes to Life, No to Mining Network, 2020

https://www.euractiv.com/section/circular-economy/news/metals-friend-or-foe-of-the-green-economy/ https://seas-at-risk.org/27-deep-sea-mining/1097-we-cannot-mine-our-way-out-of-the-climate-crisis-open-letter-to-the-european-commission.html



Thank you!

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