# REVIEW OF THE GEORGIAN LEGAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WATER FRAMEWORK AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF EU WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES, INCLUDING PREPARATION OF A NATIONAL WATER LAW, Rev. version of April 2012

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#### **BACKGROUND SITUATION**

- UNECE ORDERED THE FINNISH ENVIRONMENTAL INSTITUTE TO COMMENT THE DOCUMENT
- THE AIM OF THE DOCUMENT: GEORGIA WILL ADAPT WFD AND FD AND START THE IMPLEMENTATION. LEGISLATION WILL BE DEVELOPED TO SUPPORT THE IMPLEMENTATION
- FEI SPECIALISTS WILL REFER EXPERIENCE GAINED WHEN IMPLEMENTING DIRECTIVES IN FINLAND AND SOME OTHER EU COUNTRIES
- WE WILL NOT TELL WHAT GEORGIA SHOULD DO!



#### IMPLEMENTATION IN FINLAND

- FINLAND HAS LONG HISTORY WITH WATER POLICY
- FIRST WATER LAW ABOUT 50 YEARS AGO
- RIVER BASINS AS PLANNING AREAS SINCE 40 YEARS
- CENTRAL AND REGIONAL WATER AUTHORITIES ABOUT 50 YEARS
- RELIABLE WATER AND WASTE WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY MONITORING COVERING THE WHOLE COUNTRY
- ALL WASTE WATERS ARE TREATED WELL
- STILL WE HAVE SOME PROBLEMS TO IMPLEMENT THE WFD



#### **EU-STATES IMPLEMENTING THE WFD**

- MOST OF THE EU STATES IMPLEMENTING WFD HAVE LONG HISTORY WITH:
- MONITORING OF THE WATER CYCLE
- NATIONAL WATER STRATEGY AND PLANNING
- WATER RELATED LEGISLATION BASED ON ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATIONAL/INTERNATIONAL POLICY
- PHASE BY PHASE IMPROVING WASTE WATER TREATMENT
- WELL FUNCTIONING WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS
- NATIONAL AND REGIONAL WATER ADMINISTRATION



## SOME COMMENTS ABOUT THE DOCUMENT

- BACKGROUND INFORMATION HAS BEEN IMPROVED CONSIDERABLY
- IN RIVERS THE FLOW-PATTERN SHOULD BE INDICATED BECAUSE IT IS AS IMPORTANT AS THE TOTAL QUANTITY
- THE MAJOR PROBLEMS ANALYZED ARE REALISTIC BUT VERY SHORTLY PRESENTED



#### **MOST CRITICAL PROBLEMS**

- BAD DRINKING WATER QUALITY
- SURFACE WATERS ARE POLLUTED
- WATER SUPPLY NETWORK IN WEAK CONDITION
- WEAK OR ABSENT WASTE WATER PURIFICATION
- WATER SCARCITY IN SOME AREAS
- POLLUTED TRANSBOUNDARY WATERS
- CLIMATE CHANGE
- WATER ECOLOGICAL PROBLEMS



#### **LONG-TERM GOALS**

 to ensure safe water quality and adequate water quantity for human health and aquatic ecosystems



### MAJOR DEVELOPMENT NEEDS FOR WATER PROTECTION CONT.

- Target 1 Establishment of effective water management system based on bigger river basins
- Target 2 Establishment of effective pollution prevention and water extraction control mechanisms – upgrading permitting and compliance monitoring system
- Target 3 Reduction of water pollution from untreated municipal and industrial wastewater
- Target 4 Reduction of pollution from diffuse sources in agriculture
- Monitoring
- National water strategy vs. legislation



# Convergence/harmonization with EU water legislation and new partnership opportunities and priorities with EU

- EU-LEGISLATION AND DIRECTIVES COULD BE USED AS A LONG TERM GOALS AND FRAMES
- DIRECT ADAPTATION IS NOT POSSIBLE IN PRACTICE
- FORMATION OF LEGISLATION AND NORMS ARE RESULTS OF LONG DEVELOPMENT PROCESS
- COUNTRY'S LEGISLATION AND NORMS SHOULD ALWAYS BE IMPLEMENTABLE IN THE SOCIETY. IF NOT, THE MESSAGE TO THE SOCIETY IS DANGEROUS – IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO OBEY
- GEORGIA COULD START TO IMPLEMENT THE WATER FRAME DIRECTIVE WITH MEANS WHICH ARE POSSIBLE TO IMPLEMENT AND MOST URGENTLY NEEDED



#### **MUNICIPAL WASTE WATER EXAMPLE**

- MECHANICAL/BIOLOGICAL POND
- OXIDATED POND
- BIOLOGICAL-CHEMICAL POND
- ACTIVATED SLUDGE TREATMENT
- BIOLOGICAL-CHEMICAL TREATMENT



#### **WATER POLICY PROCESS**

- STATE OF THE WATERS: BASED ON RELIABLE MONITORING
- WATER STRATEGY: GOALS AND IMPLEMENTATION
- WATER RELATED LEGISLATION: SUPPORTS GOALS AND IMPLEMENTATION
- LICENSING AND COMPLIANCE MONITORING

THE WHOLE CHAIN OF ACTIVITIES SHOULD BE PRAGMATIC AND IMPLEMENTABLE! IT IS A CONTINUING PROCESS FOLLOWING THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE SOCIETY

