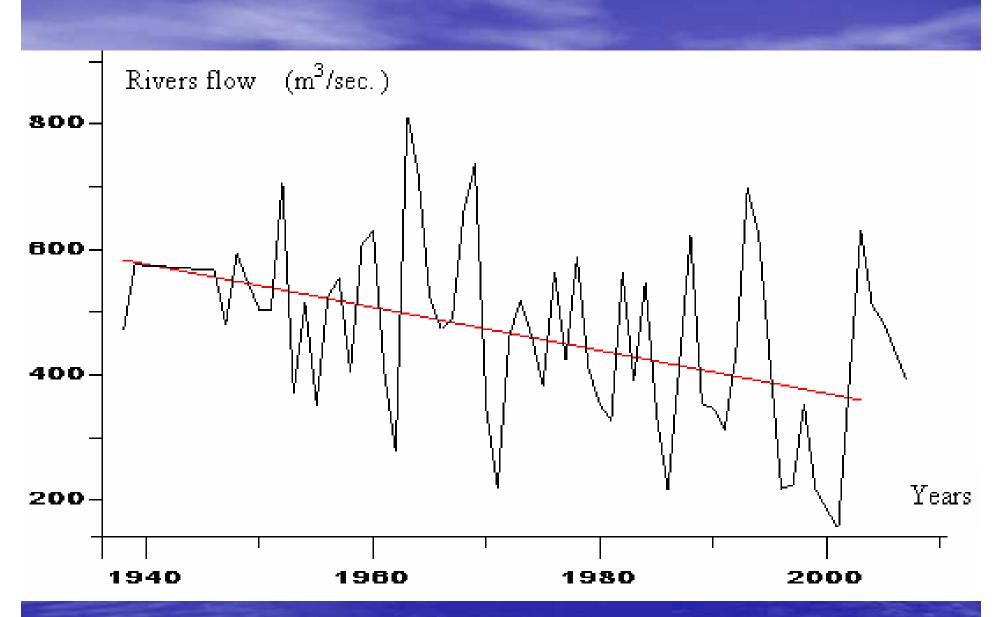


Kura-Aras river basin. Light line is border of the basin



Yearly flow (m3/sec) and tendency of Kura river (Salyan st.).



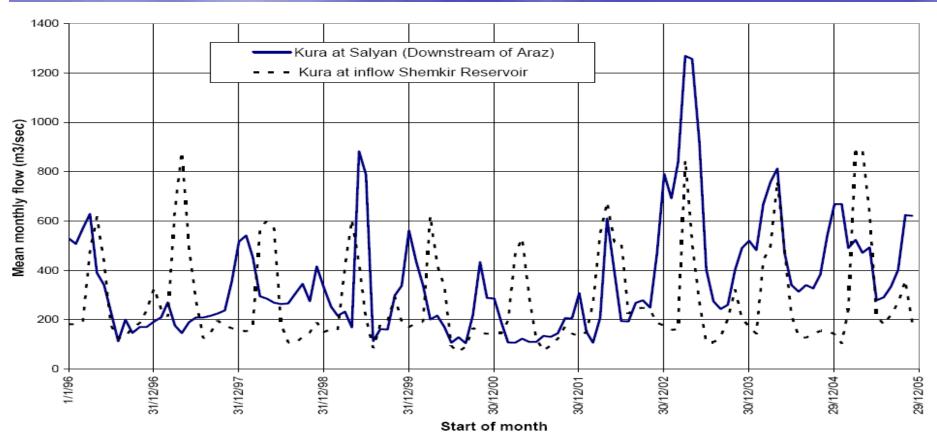




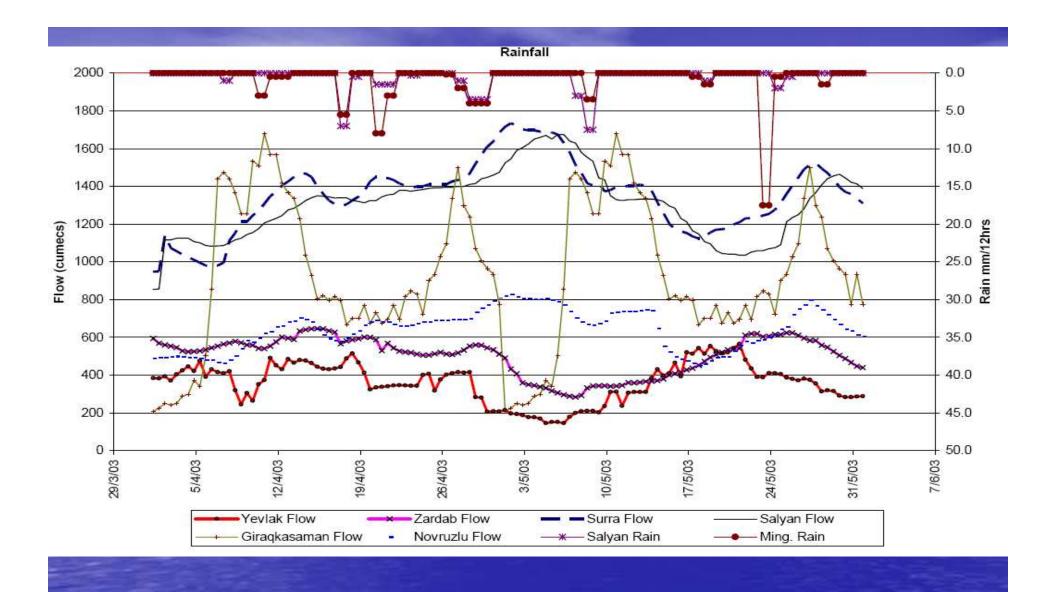
Situation in the end of 19 centuries in New-Araz lake - river systems

### **Table Available Flood Data and Analyzes for Large Rivers**

	Peak Flow (m3 sec-1)								
Average Return Period				4	10	20	50	100	1000
(years)									
Annual Exceedance				25	10	5	2	1	0.1
Probability, %									
Year		1969	2003						
Location		Catchment							
		area (sq km²)	<del></del>	<u> </u>					
Kura River			<del></del>	<u> </u>					
Qiragkesemen	37,000	na	1715	<u> </u>					
Inflow to Mingechevir	a	na	na	1,900	2,200	2,400	2,620	2,780	3,500
Before Mingechevir									
(1953)			<del>                                     </del>						
Kura Rat Surra (before				2,130	2,480	2,710	2,990	3,190	na
Mingechevir)									
Kura Rat Salyan (before				2,150	2,580	2,870	3,220	3,470	
Mingechevir)		0.000	1						
Kura Rat Surra	100.000	2680	1,648		1.000			0.450	
Kura Rat Salyan	188,000	2,350	1,600	1,280	1,606	1,862	2,150	2,458	na
Kura Rat C.B. Bank	<del> </del>	2,160	<del> </del>	<u> </u>					
Araz after Araz									
headworks	46 000	1.600			240			1.500	
Araz River at Karala (1)	46,000	1,690	na		769	1,187	1,349	1,509	
A compliance A com	approx.		<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	1 100	1 260		1 450	2.260
Araz River, Araz					1,100	1,260	na	1,650	2,260
headworks inflow		2 220	<del> </del>		1 20 9	1577	1,784	1.000	
Araz River at Giziwang		2,230	na	na	1,298	1,577	1,/04	1,990	
(1)	100 000	2 400 / 2 700	869	604	803	950	1 170	2.071	2.545
Araz River, Saatli	100,000	2,600/2,700	909	004	903	950	1,170	2,071	2,545







#### Kura Flood Flows





Institutional responsibilities

Ministries with the greatest responsibility for water resources management in Azerbaijan are:

Ministry Ecology and Nature Resours

Azerbaijan Amelioration and Irrigation Company (AAIC)

Other agencies are involved in devising plans and programs related to water resources

protection and use and these include:

- 1. Ministry of Industry and Energy (water use for power generation)
- 2. AzerSu (drinking water supply company)
- 3. Ministry of Health (drinking water quality health and hygiene)
- 4. Water User Associations (Irrigators and farmers).

The following organizations participate in implementation of scientificresearch and other

works related to water resources protection:

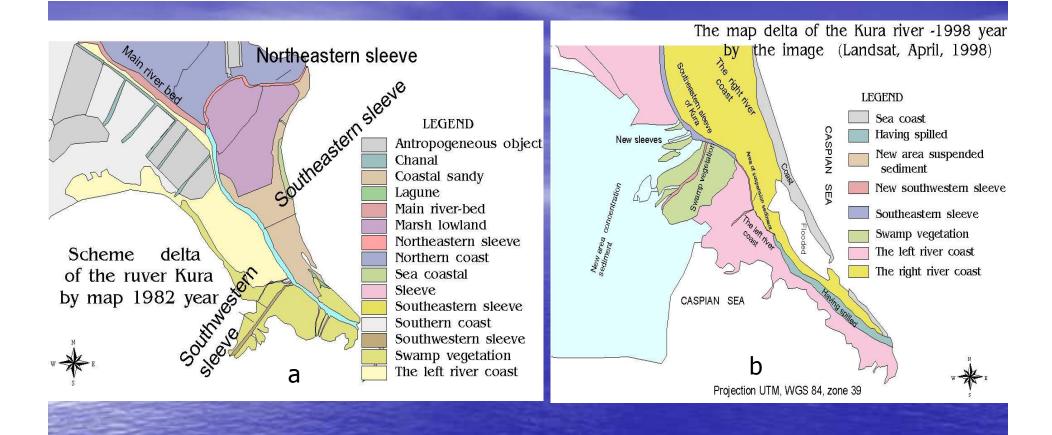
- 1. Geography Institute of Academy of Sciences;
- 2. Azerbaijan Hydraulic and Amelioration Science-Production Unit
- 3. Azerbaijan Science and Research Water Problems Institute
- 4. National Committee on International Hydrologic program UNESCO;
- 5. Environmental NGOs

## Role of water basins in reduction flood risk

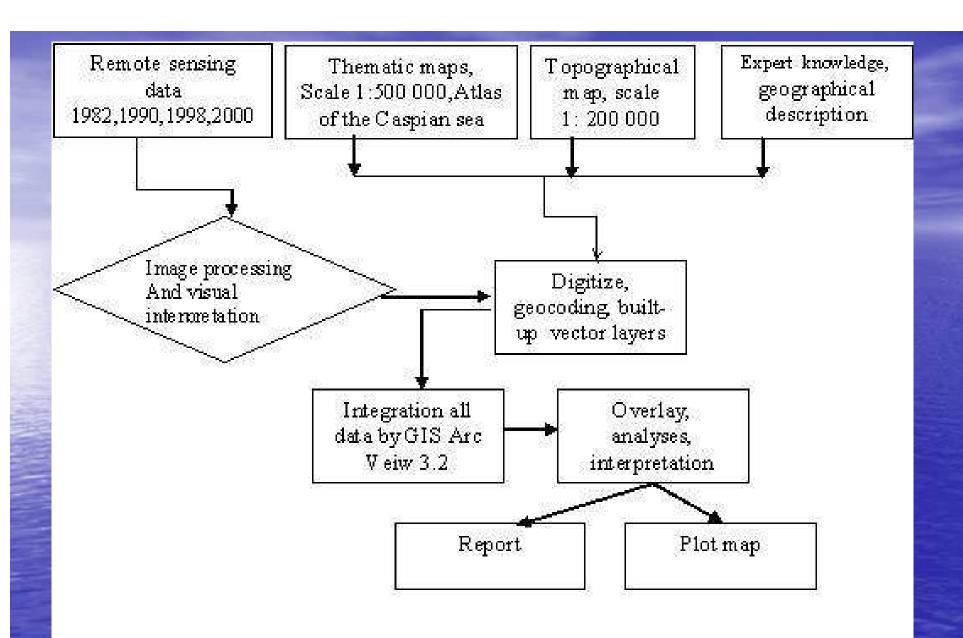
# Main Characteristics of Reservoirs on the rivers Kura and Araz in Azerbaijan

No.	Names of	Built	River	Total	Surface	Dam	Location
	Water		Basin	capacity,	Area	Height	
	Storage			mln.m3	SA (km2)	DH (m)	
1	Varvara	1952	Kura	62.00	21.40	12.00	Yevlakh region
2	Mingachevir	1953	Kura	15,730.00	605.00	80.00	Mingachevir city
3	Shamkir	1983	Kura	2,677.00	115.00	70.00	Shamkir region
4	Yenikand	2000	Kura	158.00	22.61	24.00	Shamkir region
5	Araz	1971	Araz	1,350.00	145.00	40.00	Nakhchivan AR





The scheme of change of a water area of a near-shore area of a delta of the river Kura: a) and b) layers accordingly imaging the information on a condition of basin of a delta of the river Kura as of 1982 and 1998 years.



Methodology of information model of a delta of the river Kura



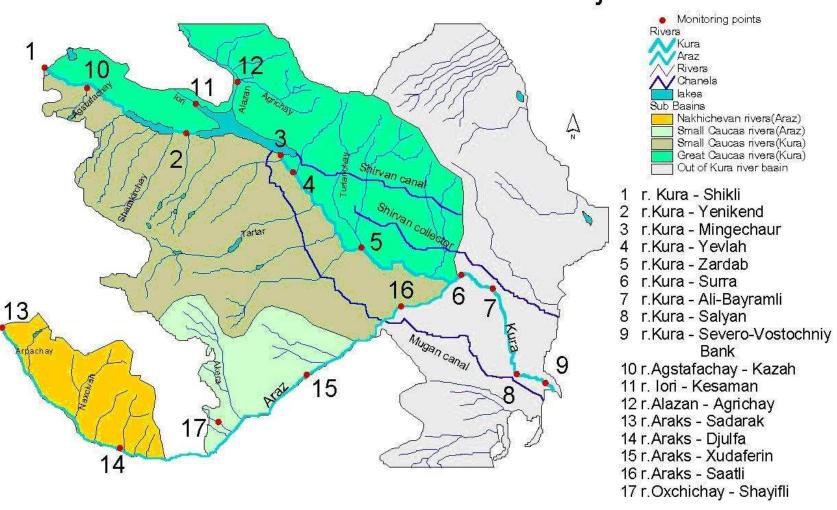


# Internal activity for reducing flood risk

Lack of knowledge does not allow to make a full estimation and the universal analysis of influence and consequences of flooding. It is necessary to note especially mentioned below:

- •Insufficient amount of stations of hydrological monitoring and inefficient data exchange between the coastal countries;
- •Absence of the authentic and effective forecast of flooding. Existing approaches do not meet modern requirements. The out-of-date technologies and the equipment are used.
- Absence of data about frequency and scale of the flooding which have happened for last twenty years in view of an inefficiency of systems of hydrological monitoring, i.e. it is impossible to estimate influence of global warming;
- •For warning of flooding and their reasons investments which should be directed first of all on rehabilitation existing systems are required.
- •In addition to it is necessary to develop strategy on management of risks of flooding, and also national and regional plans on universal rehabilitation противопаводочных systems in all pool of the Kura.

# River Monitoring Stations Network with historical data in Azerbaijan



# Regional cooperation and joint activity

#### List of Regional Projects Related to Water Management in Kura river basin

Title of project	Organization	Period
South Caucasus Regional Water	USAID	2000-2002
Management Project		
Synergy	USAID	began in 1998
Joint River Management Programme	TACIS	2001-2003
Regional Environment Center	EU-TACIS, USEPA	began in 1999
Kura-Araks Coalition NGO	Giorgi Dzamuka svili	began in 1997
Cooperative River Monitoring among	NATO Science	2001-2005
Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia and the USA	for Peace Programme	
Reducing Transboundary Degradation of the Kura- Aras River Basin	GEF	2005-2007
Supporting River Basin and	Asian Development	2007-2008
Flood Management Planning Project	Bank, Republic of	2007-2000
1 1000 Iviming different i mining 1 10 ject	Azerbaijan	

### **Conclusions and suggestions:**

The following recommendations are made: in relation to Georgia on water resources of the Kura River;

- establish forum with ministers as representatives,
- agree with Georgia on forum support arrangements,
- identify supporting unit in Azerbaijan,
- present issues of concern for further discussion,
- initiate data and information exchange arrangements

In the short term in relation to Armenia, investigate monitoring requirements and act to strengthen monitoring capacity for water quality in the lower Araz River and western tributaries of the Kura River.

In the longer term in relation to Georgia, continue cooperation arrangements as follows:

- establish coordinating arrangements at technical and operation level,
- develop real time warning systems as required,
- agree notification procedures,
- develop agreement on waters of the Kura River.

In the longer term in relation to Iran, if assessment of flood impacts shows potential for

significant further flooding in Azerbaijan:

- propose cross-border flood study,
- agree study results to be used as benchmark for further action,
- agree principles for further flood protection schemes, based on minimization of impact by both parties.