Session I: Mobilising the Member States' PPP Units behind the UN SDGs

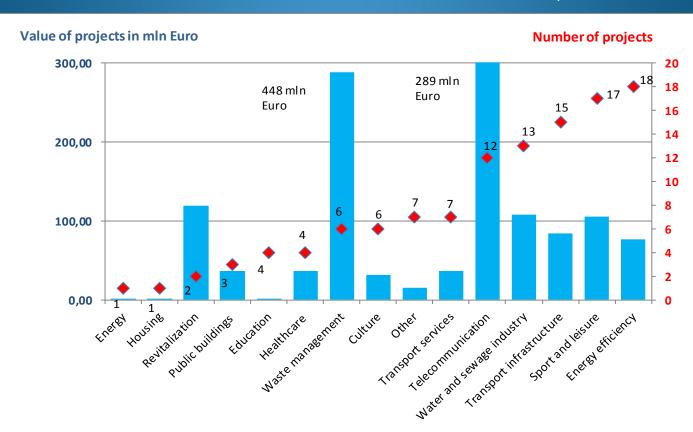
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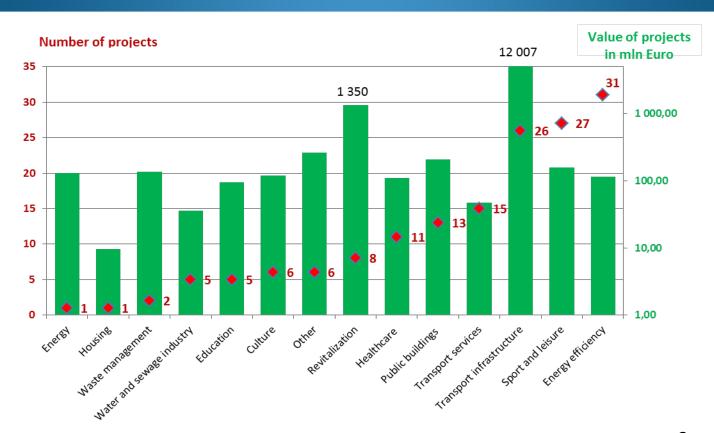
PPP market in Poland - signed contracts 2009 – 1H 2017





PPP Project pipeline





'The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development'



The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

- Goal 8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all
- Goal 9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation
- •Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development

Strategy for Responsible Development

- the new model of development means a responsible and also socially and territorially sustainable development
- creation of a modern, innovative and sustainable economy
- modern infrastructure to fulfil economic needs and enhance the quality of life
- •the best investment means investing in people

The Government
Policy for the
Development of
PPPs

- increasing the effectiveness of public spending in the delivery of high-quality services and infrastructure
- •increasing the involvement of capital, specialist knowledge and expertise of the private sector in public projects
- implementing innovative solutions in construction, maintenance and public service delivery

'People-First PPPs'



- Increase access to essential services and lessen social inequality and injustice.
- Enhance resilience and more care with the environment.
- Improve economic effectiveness.
- Promote replicability and the development of further project.
- Fully involve all stakeholders in the projects.

'People-First PPPs'

Strategy for Responsible Development

- The main objective of the proposed development actions is to create favourable conditions for the increasing income of Polish citizens while improving cohesion in social, economic, environmental and territorial terms.
- The enhanced prosperity of the Poles and the decreased number of persons threatened by poverty and social exclusions are the expected effects of Strategy's implementation.

 Developing infrastructure and providing public services that meet society's expectations are key elements in the economic development of Poland and public-private partnerships (PPPs) are one tool that can be used to deliver them.

The Government
Policy for the
Development of PPPs

The Government Policy for the Development of PPPs (Poland)



The Policy identifies a series of activities to be implemented within the period of two years:

- 1. proposing the necessary legal amendments,
- 2. introduction of project certification (voluntary quality project assessment),
- 3. introduction of an obligatory opinion on the formula to be used to implement large projects (above EUR 75 mln) financed from the State budget (PPPTest),
- 4. developing and monitoring a database of investment plans for PPP projects,
- 5. developing and wide dissemination of guidelines, best practices and carrying out educational activities for public authorities,
- 6. Providing free of charge comprehensive advisory services to public bodies,
- 7. introduction of guaranties, loans and others financial instruments for PPPs,
- 8. implementing sectoral/regional strategies for PPP development.

Expected results



- ✓ At least 100 new PPP contracts in 2017 2020;
- ✓ Value of PPP contracts should reach 5% of total investment expenditures in public sector by 2020;
- √ 10 new governmental tenders for PPP projects by 2020;
- ✓ Increase of "success ratio" (signed PPP contracts in relation to the number of PPP tender opportunities announced) from 24% at the end of 2016 to 40 % by the end of 2020.

