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ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROPE

INLAND TRANSPORT COMMITTEE

Working Party on the Construction of Vehicles

DRAFT SUPPLEMENT 2 TO REGULATION No. 101

 $(CO_2 \text{ emissions and fuel consumption of passenger cars})$

<u>Note</u>: The text reproduced below was adopted by the Administrative Committee (AC.1) of the amended 1958 Agreement at its sixth session, following the recommendation by the Working Party at its one-hundred-and-twelfth session. It is based on documents TRANS/WP.29/R.811, not amended (TRANS/WP.29/566, paras. 70 and 132).

GE.97-

Paragraph 5.2.4., amend to read:

"5.2.4. The appropriate reference fuel as defined in annex 9 of Regulation No. 83 must be used for testing.

For LPG and natural gas (NG) that reference fuel must be used which is chosen by the manufacturer for the measurement of the net power in accordance with Regulations No. 85. The chosen fuel must be specified in the communication document as defined in annex 2.

For the purpose of calculation mentioned in paragraph 5.2.3., the following fuel characteristics will be used:

- (a) density: measured on the test fuel according to ISO 3675 or an equivalent method. For petrol and diesel fuel the measured density will be used; for LPG and natural gas a reference density will be used, as follows:
 - 0.538 kg/litre for LPG 0.714 kg/m³ for NG
- (b) hydrogen-carbon ratio: fixed values will be usud which are:

1.85 for petrol 1.86 for diesel fuel 2.525 for LPG 4.00 for NG"

<u>Annex 1</u>,

Item 1.2.2., amend to read:

"1.2.2. Fuel: leaded petrol / unleaded petrol / diesel oil / LPG / NG 1/"

Insert new items 1.2.4.5. to 1.2.4.6.3.3., to read:

"1.2.4.5. 1.2.4.5.1. 1.2.4.5.2. 1.2.4.5.2.1. 1.2.4.5.2.2. 1.2.4.5.3.3. 1.2.4.5.3.1. 1.2.4.5.3.2. 1.2.4.5.3.2. 1.2.4.5.3.3.	By LPG fuelling system : yes/no 1/ Approval number according to Regulation No. 67 and documentation: Electronic Engine Management Control Unit for LPG-fuelling: Make(s):
1.2.4.6. 1.2.4.6.1. 1.2.4.6.2. 1.2.4.6.2.1. 1.2.4.6.2.1. 1.2.4.6.2.2. 1.2.4.6.3.1. 1.2.4.6.3.2. 1.2.4.6.3.2.	By NG fuelling system: yes/no 3/ Approval number according to Regulation No. 67:

Annex 3,

Insert a new item 6.5.4., to read:

"6.5.4.	In	the	2	cas	se	of	I	₋₽G	/NO	3 [1/	t	he	r	ef	er	en	ce	f	ue!	lυ	ise	ed	foi	r t	the	: t	tes	t	(e	٩.	G	20,	,
	G25	5):								•	•		•	•		•	•																	"

Item 6.5.4. to 6.5.6. (former), renumber as items 6.5.5. to 6.5.7.
Item 7.1.2., amend to read:
"....
7.1.2. Fuel consumption. 3/
.....

3/ Repeat for petrol and gaseous fuel in the case of a vehicle that can run either on petrol or on a gaseous fuel."

<u>Annex 5</u>,

Paragraph 1.4.3.3., amend to read:

"..... The dilution factor is calculated as follows:

> 2 _____2

where:

Paragraph 1.5.2., amend to read:

- "1.5.2. The fuel consumption, expressed in litres per 100 km (in the case of petrol, LPG or diesel) or in m³ per 100 km (in the case of NG) is calculated by means of the following formulae:
 - (a) for vehicles with a positive ignition engine fuelled with petrol:

FC = $(0.1154 / D) * [(0.866 * HC) + (0.429 * CO) + (0.273 * CO_2)]$

(b) for vehicles with a positive ignition engine fuelled with LPG:

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If the composition of the fuel used for the test differs from the composition that is assumed for the calculation of the normalised consumption, on the manufacturer's request a correction factor cf may be applied, as follows:

Fc = (0.1212 / 0.538) * (cf) * [(0.825 * HC) + (0.429 * CO) + (0.429 * CO)]

The correction factor cf, which may be applied, is determined as follows:

 $cf = 0.825 + 0.0693 * n_{actual}$

 n_{actual} = the actual H/C ratio of the fuel used where: for vehicles with a positive ignition engine fuelled with NG: (C) $Fc_{norm} = (0.1336 / 0.654) * [(0.749 * HC) + (0.429 * CO) + (0.273 * CO_2)]$ (d) for vehicles with a compression ignition engine: FC = $(0.1155 / D) * [(0.866 * HC) + (0.429 * CO) + (0.273 * CO_{2})]$ In these formulae: the fuel consumption in litre per 100 km (in the case of petrol, LPG or diesel) or in $\rm m^3$ per 100 km (in the case of Natural Gas) FC = HC = the measured emission of hydrocarbons in g/km the measured emission of carbon monoxide in $g/{\rm km}$ CO = CO₂ = the measured emission of carbon dioxide in $\ensuremath{\mathsf{g}}/\ensuremath{\mathsf{km}}$ D = the density of the test fuel. In the case of gaseous fuels this is the density at $15 \cdot C$.