

Achieving Sustainable Mobility for All

Dr. Nancy Vandycke 80th Annual Session of the Inland Transport Committee February 17-22, 2018



The Transport We Have

Gender Based Violence

6 in 10 women in major Latin Americans cities subject to physical harassment using transport systems.

Many Excluded

450 M (est.)

people in Africa do not have access to an all-weather road.

High Logistical Costs

20% lower GDP by being landlocked.

Off track to achieving a sustainable future?

Road traffic fatalities

1.3 M of total fatalities in the transport sector attributed to road transport.

Air Pollution

3 M people killed

by ambient air pollution annually.

Greenhouse Gas

23% of global energy related greenhouse gas emissions attributed to the transport sector.



The Transport We Want

Food Self-Sufficient

USD1T (est.)

regional food market potential if Africa has a transport network in place.

Gender Neutral

EQUAL

representation for women and men in the transport sector.

Cost Savings

USD 2.6 T (est.)

worth of savings if border administration, transport and communications infrastructure improved.

SUSTAINABLE DIITY

Transport to transform lives and achieve the 17 SDGs

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Urban Accessibility

7% increase in a child's future income when growing up in a highly accessible neighborhood

Zero Fatalities

15% reduction in traffic fatalities when public transport mode share increases from 10 to 20%.

Net Zero Emissions

70% (est.)

potential cut in air pollution from light and heavy-duty vehicles by 2030 thanks to emission controls.



Sustainable Mobility Defined



* Refers to the optimization of resources (energy, technology, space, institutions and regulations) to generate an efficient transport system (at the regional, national or global level).





1. The Global Mobility Report 2017

First-ever assessment of the transport sector globally, and its contribution to a sustainable future.

GLOBAL MOBILITY REPORT 2017

Tracking Sector Performance





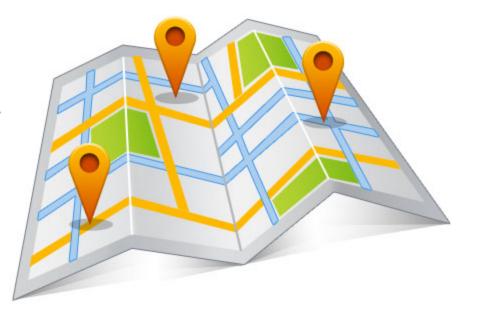


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2. The Global Roadmap of Actions

A menu of actions – that is informed by data and international agreements – to assist countries in achieving sustainable mobility.

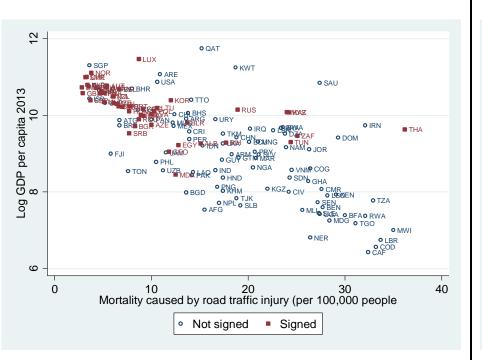




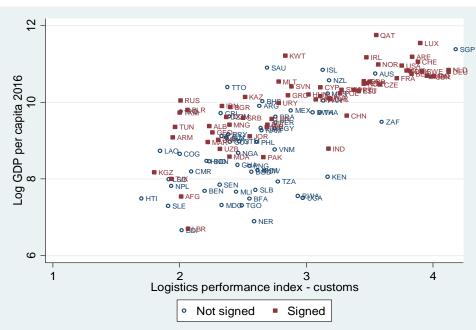


Can ratification explain outcomes?

Countries that ratified the Vehicle Regulations Convention (1957), fatality rate and GDP per capita



Countries that ratified the TIR convention (1975), LPI, and GDP per capita



*Establishing uniform prescriptions, including safety requirements, for new motor vehicles.

*Framework for border crossing through simplified procedures and an international guarantee chain.





Thank You

Any Questions?

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Annex



The issue – Differentiated Outcomes





Hypotheses

Hypothesis 1

The menu of actions is contained in Conventions and International Agreements. Countries have either not ratified them, or not enforced them.

Hypothesis 2

The menu of actions in Conventions and International Agreements is not enough. Countries have to adopt a combination of other instruments





Non-Binding Agreements

		ÍÍ	K	8
	UNIVERSAL ACCESS	EFFICIENCY	SAFETY	GREEN
New Urban Agenda	X	X	X	Х
Vienna Program of Actions on Landlocked Countries		X		
UN Decade of Action on Road Safety			Х	
UNGA Resolutions on transport corridors and border crossing		X		
UN Secretary General's Statement on Sustainable Transport	x	x	X	X
Voluntary commitments usually prescribe broad, generic content	expand fi mobilit	courage national, subna nancing instruments, en y infrastructure and sys ed transport systems, a	abling them to improve tems, such as mass rap	e their transport and id-transit systems,

that lack action specific detail.

we will encourage national, subnational and local governments to develop and expand financing instruments, enabling them to improve their transport and mobility infrastructure and systems, such as mass rapid-transit systems, integrated transport systems, air and rail systems, and safe, sufficient and adequate pedestrian and cycling infrastructure and technology-based innovations in transport and transit systems to reduce congestion and pollution while improving efficiency, connectivity, accessibility, health and quality of life. *-Article 118, New Urban Agenda (October, 2016)*





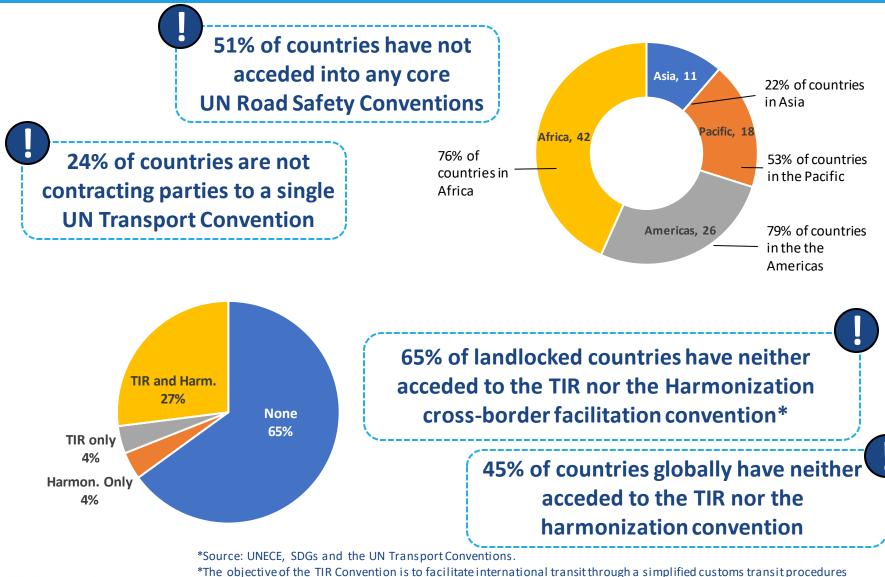
Binding Agreements

	UNIVERSAL ACCESS	EFFICIENCY	SAFETY	GREEN
UN infrastructure agreements	Х	Х	Х	
UN transit facilitation agreements		Х		
 carriage of dangerous goods and perishable foodstuff 		X	X	
 border crossing facilitation 		X		
UN road safety agreements			Х	
road traffic		Х	Х	
vehicle regulations		Х	Х	Х
UN aviation agreements		Х	Х	Х
UNFCCC	Х			Х





Ratification of Binding Agreements



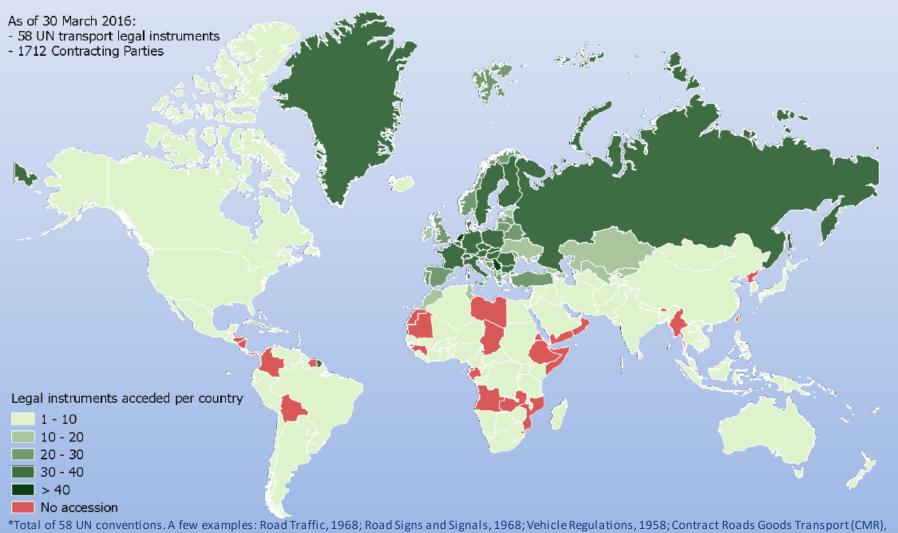
SUSTAINABLE DILITY



UN Transport Conventions under UNECE ITC purview



Geographical coverage



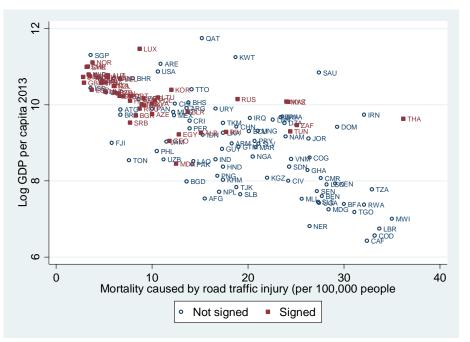
1956; TIR Convention, 1975





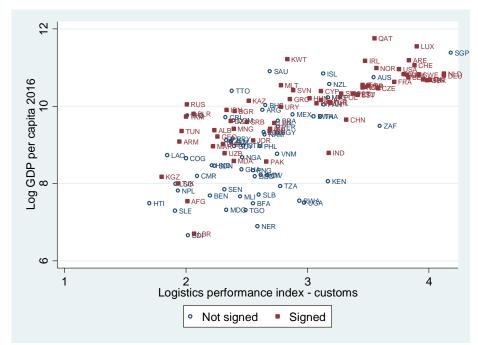
Can ratification explain outcomes?

Countries signing on to Vehicles Regulations (1958), road traffic mortality rate, and GDP per capita



*Establishing uniform prescriptions, including safety requirements, for new motor vehicles.

Countries signing on to TIR convention (1975), LPI and GDP per Capital



*Framework for border crossing through simplified procedures and an international guarantee chain.



Questions

Testing Hypothesis 1

- Direction of causality, endogeneity and instrumental variables
- Proxy for enforcement
- Elaborate roadmap

Testing Hypothesis 2

- Start with a long list of measures
- Narrow down the list with case studies
- Elaborate a roadmap (by income grouping, combination of instruments)



