

# Operationalization of Euro-Asian Transport Links 

Mr. Roel Janssens, Transport Facilitation and Economics Section UNECE Sustainable Transport Division Tbilisi, 12-13 December 2019

## UNECE Euro-Asian Transport Links (EATL) Project

EATL Phase I (2002-2007), Phase II (2008-2012) and Phase III (2013-2017)

- 38 participating countries from Europe and Asia
- 9 rail \& road, 17 inland waterway transport links, 52 inland river ports and 70 maritime ports identified
- 311 project proposals/ worth USD 215 billion
- Detailed mapping of physical and non-physical obstacles/ comparative study inland versus maritime
- Creation of a web-based Geographical Information System (GIS)

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## Euro-Asian Routes in GIS



- Euro-Asian Transport Links
- Benchmarking of Euro-Asian Transport Infrastructure Projects
- Climate change impacts on Euro-Asian transport infrastructure


## Findings and way forward

What do we know？（source EATL phase III project）

Corridors need to：
－be competitive
－meet the requirements of modern supply chains

Physical and non－physical gaps are obstacles to meeting the objectives

## Findings and way forward

- Need to harmonize operating standards
- Address missing infrastructure links, border crossing and transit obstacles (i.e. implementation of relevant conventions)
- Need to increase productivity of railway operations
- Acknowledge impact of intelligent transport systems, the digitalization of transport documents, the full computerization of BCPs, satellite track and trace services, the introduction of autonomous vehicles
- Need to strengthen administrative harmonization of transport documents and consignment notes, i.e. unify railway regimes along EATL railway routes, use of TIR/eTIR, CMR/ eCMR etc.

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