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**World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations**

**Working Party on Automated/Autonomous and Connected Vehicles**[[1]](#footnote-2)\*

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Item 7 of the provisional agenda

**Advanced Emergency Braking Systems**

Proposal for a Supplement 1 to the original text of UN Regulation No. [152] on uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicles with regard to the Advanced Emergency Braking System (AEBS) for M1 and N1 vehicles

**Submitted by the experts from the Informal Working Group on Advanced Emergency Braking System** [[2]](#footnote-3)\*\*

The text reproduced below aims at proposing improvements to the text of the UN Regulation No. [152]. The modifications to the existing text of the draft Regulation (ECE/TRANS/WP.29/2019/61), as amended by the proposed Supplement 1 of the original text, are marked in bold for new text and strikethrough for deleted text.

I. Proposal

UN Regulation No. [152]

Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicles with regard to the Advanced Emergency Braking System (AEBS) for M1 and N1 vehicles

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Introduction

The intention of this Regulation is to establish uniform provisions for Advanced Emergency Braking Systems (AEBS) fitted to motor vehicles of the Categories M1 and N1 primarily used within urban driving conditions.

The system shall automatically detect ~~a potential~~ **an imminent** forward collision, provide the driver with an appropriate warning and activate the vehicle braking system to decelerate the vehicle with the purpose of avoiding or mitigating the severity of a collision in the event that the driver does not respond to the warning.

In the case of a failure in the system, the safe operation of the vehicle shall not be endangered.

During any action taken by the system, the driver can, at any time through a conscious action, e.g. by a steering action or an accelerator kick-down, take control and override the system.

This Regulation cannot cover all the traffic conditions and infrastructure features in the type-approval process; this Regulation recognises that the performances required in this Regulation cannot be achieved in all conditions (vehicle condition, road adhesion, weather conditions, deteriorated road infrastructure and traffic scenarios etc. may affect the system performances). Actual conditions and features in the real world should not result in false warnings or false braking to the extent that they encourage the driver to switch the system off.

**The Regulation provides the requirements for the approval for an AEBS designed to avoid collision either with cars or pedestrians or both.**

This Regulation is an "if-fitted" regulation. It shall not prevent contracting parties from mandating the fitting of AEBS **designed to avoid collision either with cars or pedestrians or both** approved in accordance to this Regulation.

1. **Scope**

This Regulation applies to the approval of vehicles of Category M1 and N1[[3]](#footnote-4) with regard to an on-board system to

(a) Avoid or mitigate the severity of a rear-end in lane collision with a passenger car,

(b) Avoid or mitigate the severity of an impact with a pedestrian.

2. Definitions

For the purposes of this Regulation:

2.1. "*Advanced Emergency Braking System (AEBS)*" means a system which can automatically detect an imminent forward collision and activate the vehicle braking system to decelerate the vehicle with the purpose of avoiding or mitigatinga collision.

2.2. "*Emergency Braking*" means a braking demand emitted by the AEBS to the service braking system of the vehicle.

2.3. "*Collision Warning* " means a warning emitted by the AEBS to the driver when the AEBS has detected ~~a potential~~ **an imminent** forward collision.

2.4. "*Vehicle Type with Regard to its Advanced Emergency Braking System*" means a category of vehicles which do not differ in such essential aspects as:

(a) Vehicle features which significantly influence the performances of the Advanced Emergency Braking System;

(b) The type and design of the Advanced Emergency Braking System.

2.5. "*Subject Vehicle*" means the vehicle being tested.

2.6. "*Soft Target"* means a target that will suffer minimum damage and cause minimum damage to the subject vehicle in the event of a collision.

2.7. "V*ehicle* *Target*" means a target that represents a vehicle

2.8. "*Pedestrian Target*" means a soft target that represents a pedestrian

2.9. "*Common Space*" means an area on which two or more information functions (e.g. symbol) may be displayed, but not simultaneously.

2.10. "*Self-Check*" means an integrated function that checks for a system failure on a continuous basis at least while the system is active.

2.11. "*Time to Collision (TTC)*" means the value of time obtained by dividing the longitudinal distance (in the direction of travel of the subject vehicle) between the subject vehicle and the target by the longitudinal relative speed of the subject vehicle and the target, at any instant in time.

2.12. "*Dry road*" means a road with a nominal peak braking coefficient of 0.9

2.13. "*Peak braking coefficient (PBC)*": means the measure of tyre to road surface friction based on the maximum deceleration of a rolling tyre.

2.14. ~~"~~*~~Calibration~~*~~" means the process of setting a measurement system's response so that its output agrees with a range of reference signals.~~

“***Initialisation*" means the process of setting-up the operation of the system after switching ON the vehicle until it is fully functioning.**

2.15. "*Mass of a vehicle in running order*" means the mass of an unladen vehicle with bodywork, including coolant, oils, **at least** 90 per cent of fuel, 100 per cent of other liquids, driver (75 kg) but except used waters, tools, spare wheel.

2.16. ~~"~~*~~Unladen vehicle~~*~~" means the mass in running order with an additional mass of maximum 125 kg. This additional mass includes the measuring equipment and a possible second person on the front seat who is responsible for noting the results.~~

~~2.17. "~~*~~Laden vehicle~~*~~" means, except where otherwise stated, a vehicle so laden as to attain its "maximum mass".~~

~~2.18.~~ "*Maximum mass*" means the maximum mass stated by the vehicle manufacturer to be technically permissible (this mass may be higher than the "permissible maximum mass" laid down by the national administration).

3. Application for approval

3.1. The application for approval of a vehicle type with regard to the Advanced Emergency Braking System shall be submitted by the vehicle manufacturer or by his authorised representative.

3.2. It shall be accompanied by the documents mentioned below in triplicate:

3.2.1. A description of the vehicle type with regard to the items mentioned in paragraph 2.4., together with a documentation package which gives access to the basic design of the AEBS and the means by which it is linked to other vehicle systems or by which it directly controls output variables. The numbers and/or symbols identifying the vehicle type shall be specified.

3.3. A vehicle representative of the vehicle type to be approved shall be submitted to the Technical Service conducting the approval tests.

4. Approval

4.1. If the vehicle type submitted for approval pursuant to this Regulation meets the requirements of paragraph 5. below, approval of that vehicle shall be granted.

4.2. An approval number shall be assigned to each type approved; its first two digits (at present 00 corresponding to the 00 series of amendments) shall indicate the series of amendments incorporating the most recent major technical amendments made to the Regulation at the time of issue of the approval. The same Contracting Party shall not assign the same number to the same vehicle type equipped with another type of AEBS, or to another vehicle type.

4.3. Notice of approval or of refusal or withdrawal of approval pursuant to this Regulation shall be communicated to the Contracting Parties to the Agreement which apply this Regulation by means of a form conforming to the model in Annex 1 and documentation supplied by the applicant being in a format not exceeding A4 (210 × 297mm), or folded to that format, and on an appropriate scale or electronic format.

4.4. There shall be affixed, conspicuously and in a readily accessible place specified on the approval form, to every vehicle conforming to a vehicle type approved under this Regulation, an international approval mark conforming to the model described in Annex 2, consisting of:

4.4.1. A circle surrounding the Letter "E" followed by the distinguishing number of the country which has granted approval; [[4]](#footnote-5)

4.4.2. The number of this Regulation, followed by the Letter "R", a dash and the approval number to the right of the circle prescribed in paragraph 4.4.1. above.

4.5. If the vehicle conforms to a vehicle type approved under one or more other Regulations, annexed to the Agreement, in the country which has granted approval under this Regulation, the symbol prescribed in paragraph 4.4.1. above need not be repeated; in such a case, the Regulation and approval numbers and the additional symbols shall be placed in vertical columns to the right of the symbol prescribed in paragraph 4.4.1. above.

4.6. The approval mark shall be clearly legible and be indelible.

4.7. The approval mark shall be placed close to or on the vehicle data plate.

5. Specifications

5.1. General requirements

5.1.1. Any vehicle fitted with an AEBS complying with the definition of paragraph 2.1. above shall**, when activated and operated within the prescribed speed ranges,** meet the performance requirements:

**5.1.1.1. of paragraphs 5.1. and paragraphs 5.3. to 5.6. of this Regulation for all vehicles;**

**5.1.1.2. of paragraph 5.2.1. of this Regulation for vehicles submitted to approval for Car to car scenario;**

**5.1.1.3. of paragraph 5.2.2. of this Regulation for vehicles submitted to approval for Car to pedestrian scenario.**

~~contained in Paragraphs 5.1. to 5.6.2. of this Regulation, shall meet the requirements of Regulation No.13-H in its 01 series of amendments for vehicles of Category M~~~~1~~ ~~and N~~~~1~~ ~~or Regulation No. 13 in its 11 series of amendments for vehicles of Category N~~~~1~~ ~~and shall be equipped with an anti-lock braking function in accordance with the performance requirements of Annex 6 to Regulation No.13-H in its 01 series of amendments or of Annex 13 to Regulation No. 13 in its 11 series of amendments.~~

5.1.2. The effectiveness of AEBS shall not be adversely affected by magnetic or electrical fields. This shall be demonstrated by fulfilling the technical requirements and respecting the transitional provisions of Regulation No. 10 05 series of amendments.

5.1.3. Conformity with the safety aspects of electronic control systems shall be shown by meeting the requirements of Annex 3.

5.1.4. Warnings

In addition to the collision warnings described in paragraphs 5.2.1.1. and 5.2.2.1., the system shall provide the driver with appropriate warning(s) as below:

5.1.4.1. A failure warning when there is a failure in the AEBS that prevents the requirements of this Regulation of being met. The warning shall be as specified in paragraph 5.5.4.

5.1.4.1.1. There shall not be an appreciable time interval between each AEBS self-check, and subsequently there shall not beadelay in illuminating the warning signal, in the case of an electrically detectable failure.

5.1.4.1.2. If the system has not been ~~calibrated~~ **initialised**  after a cumulative driving time of 15 seconds above a speed of 10km/h, information of this status shall be indicated to the driver.  This information shall exist until the system has been successfully ~~calibrated~~ **initialised**.

5.1.4.2. A deactivation warning, if the vehicle is equipped with a means to ~~manually~~ deactivate the AEBS, shall be given when the system is deactivated. This shall be as specified in paragraph ~~5.4.2.~~ **5.4.3.**

5.1.4.3.Upon detection of any non-electrical failure condition (e.g. sensor blindness or sensor misalignment), the warning signal as defined in paragraph 5.1.4.1. shall be illuminated.

5.1.5. Emergency braking

Subject to the provisions of paragraph 5.3.1. and 5.3.2., the system shall provide emergency braking interventions described in paragraphs 5.2.1.2. and 5.2.2.2. having the purpose of significantly decreasing the speed of the subject vehicle.

5.1.6. False reaction avoidance

The system shall be designed to minimise the generation of collision warning signals and to avoid ~~autonomous~~ **advanced emergency** braking in situations where the driver would not recognise an impending collision. This shall be demonstrated in the assessment carried out under Annex 3**[, and this assessement shall include in particular scenarios listed in Appendix 2 of Annex 3** ~~of this Regulation for the scenarios listed in its Appendix 2~~**]**.

**5.1.7. Any vehicle fitted with an AEBS shall meet the performance requirements of UN Regulation No. 13-H in its 01 series of amendments for vehicles of Category M1 and N1 or Regulation No. 13 in its 11 series of amendments for vehicles of Category N1 and shall be equipped with an anti-lock braking function in accordance with the performance requirements of Annex 6 to UN Regulation No.13-H in its 01 series of amendments or of Annex 13 to UN Regulation No. 13 in its 11 series of amendments.**

5.2. SpecificRequirements

5.2.1. Car to car scenario

5.2.1.1. Collisionwarning

Whena collision with a preceding vehicle of Category M1, in the same lane with a relative speed above that speed up to which the subject vehicle is able to avoid the collision, ~~can be anticipated 0.8 seconds ahead of an emergency braking~~, **is** **imminent,** **a** ~~the~~ collision warning shall be  **~~triggered~~****provided** as specified in paragraph 5.5.1., and shall be ~~provided~~ **triggered** at the latest 0.8 seconds before the start of emergency braking.

However, in case the collision cannot be anticipated **in time to give a collision warning** 0.8 seconds ahead of an emergency braking ~~the collision warning shall be issued immediately after the detection.~~ **a collision warning shall be provided as specified in paragraph 5.5.1. and shall be provided no later than the start of emergency braking intervention.**

The collision warning may be aborted if the conditions prevailing a collision are no longer present.

**This shall be tested according to paragraphs 6.4. and 6.5.**

5.2.1.2. Emergency braking

When the system has detected the possibility of an imminent collision, there shall be a braking demand of at least 5.0 m/s² to the service braking system of the vehicle.

The emergency braking may be aborted if the conditions prevailing a collision are no longer present.

This shall be tested in accordance with paragraphs 6.4. and 6.5. of this Regulation.

5.2.1.3. Speed **range**

The system shall be active at least within the vehicle speed range between 10km/h and 60 km/h and at all vehicle load conditions, unless ~~manually~~ deactivated as per paragraph 5.4.

5.2.1.4. Speed reduction by braking demand

**In absence of driver’s input which would lead to interruption according to paragraph 5.3.2.,** ~~when~~~~the system is activated,~~ the AEBS shall be able to achieve **a relative impact speed that is less or equal to** the maximum relative impact speed as shown in the following table:

(a) for collisionswith **unobstructed and** constantly travelling or stationary targets;

(b) on **flat, horizontal and** dry roads;

(c) in ~~laden~~ **maximum mass** and ~~unladen~~ **mass in running order** conditions;

(d) in situations where the vehicle longitudinal centre planes are displaced by not more than 0.2 m; ~~and/or~~

(e) in ambient illumination conditions of at least 1000 Lux **without direct blinding sunlight**;

**(f) in absence of weather conditions affecting the dynamic performance of the vehicle (e.g. no storm, not below 0°C); and**

**in absence of extreme driving conditions (e.g. harsh cornering).**

It is recognised that the performances required in this table may not be fully achieved in other conditions than those listed above. However, the system shall not deactivate or **unreasonably** ~~change~~~~drastically~~ **switch** the control strategy in these other conditions. This shall be demonstrated in accordance with Annex 3 of this Regulation.

**Maximum relative Impact Speed (km/h) for M1 vehicle\***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Relative Speed*  *(km/h)* | *~~Stationary~~* | | ***Stationary/*** *Moving* | |
| *~~Laden~~* | *~~Unladen~~* | *~~Laden~~*  ***Maximum******mass*** | *~~Unladen~~*  ***Mass in running order*** |
| 10 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 15 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 25 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 30 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 35 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 40 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 42 | ~~10.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | **10.00** | 0.00 |
| 45 | ~~15.00~~ | ~~15.00~~ | **15.00** | **15.00** |
| 50 | ~~25.00~~ | ~~25.00~~ | **25.00** | **25.00** |
| 55 | ~~30.00~~ | ~~30.00~~ | **30.00** | **30.00** |
| 60 | ~~35.00~~ | ~~35.00~~ | **35.00** | **35.00** |

**\*/ For relative speeds between the listed values (e.g. 53 km/h),** **the maximum relative impact speed (i.e. 30 km/h) assigned to the next higher relative speed (i.e. 55 km/h) shall apply.**

**For masses above the mass in running order, the maximum relative impact speed assigned to the maximum mass shall apply.**

**Maximum relative Impact Speed (km/h) for N1 vehicles\***

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Relative Speed*  *(km/h)* | *~~Stationary~~* | | | | ***Stationary/****Moving* | | | |
| *~~Laden~~* | | *~~Unladen~~* | | *~~Laden~~*  ***Maximum******mass*** | | *~~Unladen~~*  ***Mass in running order*** | |
| *~~α >1.3~~* | *~~α ≤1.3~~* | *~~α >1.3~~* | *~~α ≤1.3~~* | *α >1.3* | *α ≤1.3* | *α >1.3* | *α ≤1.3* |
| 10 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 15 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 25 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 30 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 32 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~15.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | **15.00** | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 35 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~15.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | 0.00 | **15.00** | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 38 | ~~0.00~~ | ~~20.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~15.00~~ | 0.00 | **20.00** | 0.00 | **15.00** |
| 40 | ~~10.00~~ | ~~20.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~15.00~~ | **10.00** | **20.00** | 0.00 | **15.00** |
| 42 | ~~15.00~~ | ~~25.00~~ | ~~0.00~~ | ~~20.00~~ | **15.00** | **25.00** | 0.00 | **20.00** |
| 45 | ~~20.00~~ | ~~25.00~~ | ~~15.00~~ | ~~25.00~~ | **20.00** | **25.00** | **15.00** | **25.00** |
| 50 | ~~30.00~~ | ~~35.00~~ | ~~25.00~~ | ~~30.00~~ | **30.00** | **35.00** | **25.00** | **30.00** |
| 55 | ~~35.00~~ | ~~40.00~~ | ~~30.00~~ | ~~35.00~~ | **35.00** | **40.00** | **30.00** | **35.00** |
| 60 | ~~40.00~~ | ~~45.00~~ | ~~35.00~~ | ~~40.00~~ | **40.00** | **45.00** | **35.00** | **40.00** |

**\*/ For relative speeds between the listed values (e.g. 53 km/h), the maximum relative impact speed (i.e. 30 km/h) assigned to the next higher relative speed (i.e. 55 km/h) shall apply.**

**For masses above the mass in running order, the maximum relative impact speed assigned to the maximum mass shall apply.**

with α = Wr/W × L/H, where :

 Wr is the rear axle load.

 W is the subject vehicle mass in running order.

 L is the subject vehicle wheelbase.

 H is the subject vehicle centre of gravity height in running order

The speed reduction shall be demonstrated according to paragraphs 6.4. and 6.5.

**At the request of the manufacturer a N1 vehicle may be assessed according to the Requirements for α >1.3 regardless of its α value.**

5.2.2. Car to pedestrian scenario

5.2.2.1. Collision warning

When the AEBS has detected the possibility of a collision with a pedestrian crossing the road at a constant speed of 5 km/h. a collision warning shall be provided as specified in paragraph 5.5.1. and shall be provided no later than the start of emergency braking intervention.

The collision warning may be aborted if the conditions prevailing a collision are no longer present.

5.2.2.2. Emergency braking

When the system has detected the possibility of an imminent collision. there shall be a braking demand of at least 5.0 m/s² to the service braking system of the vehicle.

The emergency braking may be aborted if the conditions prevailing a collision are no longer present

This shall be tested in accordance with paragraph 6.6. of this Regulation.

5.2.2.3. Speed **range**

The system shall be active at least within the vehicle speed range between 20km/h and 60 km/h and at all vehicle load conditions~~.~~**,** unless ~~manually~~ deactivated as per paragraph 5.4.

5.2.2.4. Speed reduction by braking demand

**In absence of driver’s input which would lead to interruption according to paragraph 5.3.2.,** ~~when~~~~the system is activated.~~ the AEBS shall be able to achieve **a impact speed that is less or equal to** the maximum relative impact speed as shown in the following table:

(a) with **unobstructed** crossing pedestrians with a lateral speed component of not more than 5 km/h;

**(b) in unambiguous situations (e.g. not multiple pedestrians)**

(c) on **flat, horizontal and** dry roads;

(d) in ~~laden~~ **maximum mass** and ~~unladen~~ **mass in running order** conditions;

(e) in situations where the **anticipated impact point** ~~longitudinal centre planes~~ ~~are~~ **is** displaced by not more than 0.2 m **compared to the vehicle longitudinal centre plane**; ~~and/or~~

(f) in ambient illumination conditions of at least 2000 Lux **without direct blinding sunlight**.

**(g) in absence of weather conditions affecting the dynamic performance of the vehicle (e.g. no storm, not below 0°C) and**

**(h) in absence of extreme driving conditions (e.g. harsh cornering).**

It is recognised that the performances required in this table may not be fully achieved in other conditions than those listed above. However the system shall not deactivate or **unreasonably** ~~change~~~~drastically~~ **switch** the control strategy in these other conditions. This shall be demonstrated in accordance with Annex 3 of this Regulation.

**Maximum Impact Speed (km/h) for M1\***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| *Subject vehicle speed (km/h)* | *~~Laden~~*  ***Maximum******mass*** | *~~Unladen~~*  ***Mass in running order*** |
| 20 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 25 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 30 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 35 | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| 40 | 25.00 | 25.00 |
| 45 | 30.00 | 30.00 |
| 50 | 35.00 | 35.00 |
| 55 | 40.00 | 40.00 |
| 60 | 45.00 | 45.00 |

**\*/ For subject vehicle speeds between the listed values (e.g. 53 km/h), the maximum impact speed (i.e. 40 km/h) assigned to the next higher subject vehicle speed (i.e. 55 km/h) shall apply.**

**For masses above the mass in running order, the maximum relative impact speed assigned to the maximum mass shall apply.**

**Maximum** ~~relative~~ **Impact Speed (km/h) for N1 vehicles\***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Subject vehicle speed (km/h)* | *~~Laden~~*  ***Maximum******mass*** | | *~~Unladen~~*  ***Mass in running order*** | |
| *α >1.3* | *α ≤1.3* | *α >1.3* | *α ≤1.3* |
| 20 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 25 | 0.00 | 10.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 30 | 0.00 | 15.00 | 0.00 | 15.00 |
| 35 | 20.00 | 25.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| 40 | 25.00 | 30.00 | 25.00 | 25.00 |
| 45 | 30.00 | 35.00 | 30.00 | 30.00 |
| 50 | 35.00 | 40.00 | 35.00 | 35.00 |
| 55 | 40.00 | 45.00 | 40.00 | 45.00 |
| 60 | 45.00 | 50.00 | 45.00 | 50.00 |

**\*/ For subject vehicle speeds between the listed values (e.g. 53 km/h), the maximum impact speed (i.e. 40/45 km/h) assigned to the next higher subject vehicle speed (i.e. 55 km/h) shall apply.**

**For masses above the mass in running order, the maximum relative impact speed assigned to the the maximum mass shall apply.**

With α = Wr/W × L/H, where :

 Wr is the rear axle load.

 W is the subject vehicle mass in running order.

 L is the subject vehicle wheelbase.

~~~~ H is the subject vehicle centre of gravity height in running order

The speed reduction shall be demonstrated according to paragraph 6.6.

**At the request of the manufacturer a N1 vehicle may be assessed according to the Requirements for α >1.3 regardless of its α value.**

5.3. Interruption by the Driver

5.3.1. The AEBS shall provide the means for the driver to interrupt the collision warning and the emergency braking.

5.3.2. In both cases above. this interruption may be initiated by any positive action (e.g. kick-down. operating the direction indicator control) that indicates that the driver is aware of the emergency situation. The vehicle manufacturer shall provide a list of these positive actions to the technical service at the time of type approval and it shall be annexed to the test report.

5.4. ~~Manual~~ ~~d~~**D**eactivation

5.4.1. When a vehicle is equipped with a means to manually deactivate the AEBS function. the following conditions shall apply as appropriate:

5.4.1.1 The AEBS function shall be automatically reinstated at the initiation of each new ignition cycle.

5.4.1.2. The AEBS control shall be designed a in such a way that manual deactivation shall not be possible with less than two deliberate actions.

5.4.1.3. The AEBS control shall be installed so as to comply with the relevant requirements and transitional provisions of UN Regulation No. 121 in its 01 series of amendments or any later series of amendments.

5.4.1.4. It shall not be possible to **manually** deactivate the AEBS at a speed above 10 km/h.

5.4.2. When the vehicle is equipped with a means to automatically deactivate the AEBS function, for instance in situations such as off-road use, being towed, being operated on a dynamometer, being operated in a washing plant, in case of a non-detectable misalignment of sensors, the following conditions shall apply as appropriate:

5.4.2.1. The vehicle manufacturer shall provide a list of situations and corresponding criteria where the AEBS function is automatically deactivated to the technical service at the time of type approval and it shall be annexed to the test report.

5.4.2.2. The AEBS function shall be automatically reactivated as soon as the conditions that led to the automatic deactivation are not present anymore.

5.4.3. A constant optical warning signal shall inform the driver that the AEBS function has been deactivated. The yellow warning signal specified in paragraph 5.5.4. below may be used for this purpose.

5.5. Warning Indication

5.5.1. The collision warning referred to in paragraphs 5.2.1.1. and 5.2.2.1. shall be provided by at least two modes selected from acoustic, haptic or optical.

5.5.2. A description of the warning indication and the sequence in which the collision warning signals are presented to the driver shall be provided by the vehicle manufacturer at the time of type-approval and recorded in the test report.

5.5.3. Where an optical means is used as part of the collision warning. the optical signal may be the flashing of the failure warning signal specified in paragraph 5.5.4.

5.5.4. The failure warning referred to in paragraph 5.1.4.1. shall be a constant yellow optical warning signal.

5.5.5. Each AEBS optical warning signal shall be activated either when the ignition (start) switch is turned to the "on" (run) position or when the ignition (start) switch is in a position between the "on" (run) and "start" **position** that is designated by the manufacturer as a check position (initial system (power-on)). This requirement does not apply to warning signals shown in a common space.

5.5.6. The optical warning signals shall be visible even by daylight; the satisfactory condition of the signals must be easily verifiable by the driver from the driver's seat.

5.5.7. When the driver is provided with an optical warning signal to indicate that the AEBS is temporarily not available, for example due to inclement weather conditions, the signal shall be constant and yellow in colour. The failure warning signal specified in paragraph 5.5.4. above may be used for this purpose.

5.6. Provisions for the Periodic Technical Inspection

5.6.1. At a Periodic Technical Inspection, it shall be possible to confirm the correct operational status of the AEBS by a visible observation of the failure warning signal status. following a "power-ON" and any bulb check.

In the case of the failure warning signal being in a common space. the common space must be observed to be functional prior to the failure warning signal status check.

5.6.2. At the time of type approval, the means to protect against simple unauthorised modification of the operation of the failure warning signal chosen by the manufacturer shall be confidentially outlined.

Alternatively, this protection requirement is fulfilled when a secondary means of checking the correct operational status of the AEBS is available.

6. Test procedure

6.1. Test Conditions

6.1.1. The test shall be performed on a flat. dry concrete or asphalt surface affording good adhesion.

6.1.1.1. The road test surface shall have a nominal[[5]](#footnote-6) peak braking coefficient (PBC) of 0.9. unless otherwise specified. when measured using either:

6.1.1.2. The American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E1136 standard reference test tyre. in accordance with ASTM Method E1337‑90. at a speed of 40 mph; or

6.1.1.3. The k-test method specified in Appendix 2 to Annex 6 of Regulation No. 13-H.

6.1.1.4.The test surface has a consistent slope between level and 1 per cent.

6.1.2. The ambient temperature shall be between 0°C and 45°C.

6.1.3. The horizontal visibility range shall allow the target to be observed throughout the test.

6.1.4 The tests shall be performed when there is no wind liable to affect the results.

6.1.5. Natural ambient illumination must be homogeneous in the test area and in excess of 1000 lux in the case of car to car scenario as stipulated in paragraph 5.2.1. and of 2000 lux in the case of car to pedestrian scenario as stipulated in paragraph 5.2.2. It should be ensured that testing is not performed whilst driving towards, or away from the sun at a low angle.

6.2. Vehicle Conditions

6.2.1. Test ~~Weight~~ **mass**

The vehicle shall be tested ~~in at least the unladen and laden conditions~~:

- **at the mass in running order** **with an additional mass of maximum 125 kg where this additional mass includes the measuring equipment and a possible second person who is responsible for noting the results** **in order to demonstrate compliance with the requirements referring to the mass in running order,** **and**

- **at** **the** **maximum** **mass**

The load distribution shall be according to the manufacturer’s recommendation **and be annexed to the test report**. No alteration shall be made once the test procedure has begun.

**During the series of test runs, the fuel level may decrease but shall never fall below 50%.**

6.2.2. Pre-Test Conditioning

6.2.2.1. If requested by the vehicle manufacturer**:**

(a) The vehicle can be driven a maximum of 100 km on a mixture of urban and rural roads with other traffic and roadside furniture to ~~calibrate~~ **initialise** the sensor system.

(b) The vehicle can undergo a sequence of brake activations in order to ensure the service brake system is bedded in prior to the test.

**(c) The average temperature of the service brakes on the hottest axle of the vehicle, measured inside the brake linings or on the braking path of the disc or drum, is between 65 and 100°C prior to each test run.**

6.2.2.2. Details of the pre-test condition strategy requested by the vehicle manufacturer shall be identified and recorded in the vehicle type approval documentation.

**6.2.3. The mounted tyres shall be identified and recorded in the vehicle type approval documentation.**

6.3. Test Targets

6.3.1. The target used for the vehicle detection tests shall be a regular high volume series productionpassenger car of Category M1 AA saloon. or alternatively a "soft target" representative of such a vehicle in terms of its identification characteristics applicable to the sensor system of the AEBS under test according to ISO 19206-1:2018. The reference point for the location of the vehicle shall be the most rearward point on the centreline of the vehicle.

6.3.2. The ~~targets~~ **target** used for the pedestrian detection tests shall be a **child** "**articulated** soft target" and be representative of the human attributes applicable to the sensor system of the AEBS under test according to ISO 19206-2:2018.

6.3.3. Details that enable the target(s) to be specifically identified and reproduced shall be recorded in the vehicle type approval documentation.

6.4. Warning and Activation Test with a Stationary Vehicle Target

6.4.1. The subject vehicle shall approach the stationary target in a straight line for at least two seconds prior to the functional part of the test with a subject vehicle to target centreline offset of not more than 0.2 m.

Tests shall be conducted with a vehicle travelling at 20, 42 and 60 km/h (with a tolerance of +0/-2 km/h). If this is deemed justified, the technical service may test any other speeds **listed in the tables in Paragraph 5.2.1.4. and within** the **prescribed** speed range as defined in paragraph 5.2.1.3.

The functional part of the test shall start when the subject vehicle is travelling at a constant speed and is at a distance corresponding to a Time To Collision (TTC) of at least 4 seconds from the target.

From the start of the functional part until the point of collision there shall be no adjustment to any control of the subject vehicle by the driver other than slight adjustments to the steering control to counteract any drifting.

6.4.2. The timing for the collision warning modes referred to in paragraph 5.5.1. shall comply with the provisions of paragraph 5.2.1.1.

6.5. Warning and Activation Test with a Moving Vehicle Target

~~6.5.1.~~ The subject vehicle and the moving target shall travel in a straight line, in the same direction, for at least two seconds prior to the functional part of the test. with a subject vehicle to target centreline offset of not more than 0.2m.

Tests shall be conducted with a vehicle travelling at 30 and 60 km/h and target travelling at 20 km/h (with a tolerance of +0/-2 km/h for both the subject and the target vehicles). If this is deemed justified, the Technical Service may test any other speeds for subject vehicle and target vehiclewithin the speed range as defined in paragraph 5.2.1.3.

The functional part of the test shall start when the subject vehicle is travelling at a constant speed and is at a distance corresponding to a TTC of at least 4 seconds from the target.

From the start of the functional part of the test until the subject vehicle comes to a speed equal to that of the target there shall be no adjustment to any subject vehicle control by the driver other than slight steering adjustments to counteract any drifting.

~~6.5.2. The timing for the collision warning modes referred to in paragraph 5.5.1. above shall comply with the provisions of paragraph 5.2.1.1.~~

6.6. Warning and Activation Test with a Pedestrian Target

6.6.1. The subject vehicle shall approach the impact point with the pedestrian target in a straight line for at least two seconds prior to the functional part of the test with a**n anticipated** subject vehicle to impact point centreline offset of not more than 0.1 m.

The functional part of the test shall start when the subject vehicle is travelling at a constant speed and is at a distance corresponding to a TTC of at least 4 seconds from the collision point.

The pedestrian target shall travel in a straight line perpendicular to the subject vehicle’s direction of travel at a constant speed of 5 km/h **±** 0.2 km/h, starting not before the functional part of the test has started. The pedestrian target’s positioning shall be coordinated with the subject vehicle in such a way that the impact point of the pedestrian target on the front of the subject vehicle is on the longitudinal centreline of the subject vehicle. with a tolerance of not more than 0.1 m.if the subject vehicle would remainat the prescribed test speed throughout the functional part of the test and does not brake.

Tests shall be conducted with a vehicle travelling at 20, 30 and 60 km/h (with a tolerance of +0/-2 km/h). The technical service may test any other speeds **listed in the table in paragraph 5.2.2.4. and within** the **prescribed** speed range as defined in paragraphs 5.2.2.3. ~~and 5.2.2.4~~.

From the start of the functional part until the subject vehicle has avoided the collision or the subject vehicle has passed the impact point with the pedestrian target there shall be no adjustment to any control of the subject vehicle by the driver other than slight adjustments to the steering control to counteract any drifting.

The test prescribed above shall be carried out with a ~~6-year old~~child pedestrian "soft target" defined in 6.3.2.

6.6.2. ~~The timing for the collision warning modes referred to in paragraph 5.5.1. above shall comply with the provisions of paragraph 5.2.2.1.~~

**The assessment of the impact speed shall be based on the actual contact point between the target and the vehicle, taking into account the vehicle shape.**

6.7. (reserved)

6.8. Failure Detection Test

6.8.1 Simulate an electrical failure, for example, by disconnecting the power source to any AEBS component or disconnecting any electrical connection between AEBS components. When simulating an AEBS failure, neither the electrical connections for the driver warning signal of paragraph 5.5.4. above nor the optional manual AEBS deactivation control of paragraph 5.4.**1.** shall be disconnected.

6.8.2. The failure warning signal mentioned in paragraph 5.5.4. above shall be activated and remain activated not later than 10 s after the vehicle has been driven at a speed greater than 10 km/h and be reactivated immediately after a subsequent ignition "off" ignition "on" cycle with the vehicle stationary as long as the simulated failure exists.

6.9. Deactivation Test

6.9.1. For vehicles equipped with means to **manually** deactivate the AEBS, turn the ignition (start) switch to the "on" (run) position and deactivate the AEBS. The warning signal mentioned in paragraph ~~5.4.2~~ **5.4.3.** above shall be activated. Turn the ignition (start) switch to the "off" position. Again, turn the ignition (start) switch to the "on" (run) position and verify that the previously activated warning signal is not reactivated, thereby indicating that the AEBS has been reinstated as specified in paragraph 5.4.1. above. If the ignition system is activated by means of a "key", the above requirement shall be fulfilled without removing the key.

**[6.10. Repeatability of test runs**

**6.10.1. [Any of the above test scenarios [,where a scenario describes one test setup at one subject vehicle speed at one load condition] shall be performed two times. If one of the two test runs fails to meet the required performance, the test may be repeated once. A test scenario shall be accounted as passed if the required performance is met in two test runs. [The total number of failed test runs shall not exceed [10%] of all performed test runs of all Car to Car and Car to Pedestrian scenarios in all load conditions.]]**

**6.10.2. The root cause of any failed test run shall be analysed.**

**6.10.3. During the assessment per Annex 3, the manufacturer shall demonstrate via appropriate documentation that the system is capable of reliably delivering the required performances.]**

7. Modification of vehicle type and extension of approval

7.1. Every modification of the vehicle type as defined in paragraph 2.2. above shall be notified to the Type Approval Authority which approved the vehicle type. The Type Approval Authority may then either:

7.1.1. Consider that the modifications made do not have an adverse effect on the conditions of the granting of the approval and grant an extension of approval;

7.1.2. Consider that the modifications made affect the conditions of the granting of the approval and require further tests or additional checks before granting an extension of approval.

7.2. Confirmation or refusal of approval. specifying the alterations. shall be communicated by the procedure specified in paragraph 4.3. above to the Contracting Parties to the Agreement which apply this Regulation.

7.3. The Type Approval Authority shall inform the other Contracting Parties of the extension by means of the communication form which appears in Annex 1 to this Regulation. It shall assign a serial number to each extension to be known as the extension number.

8. Conformity of production

8.1. Procedures concerning conformity of production shall comply with those set out in the 1958 Agreement, Schedule 1 (E/ECE/TRANS/505/Rev.3) and meet the following requirements:

8.2. A vehicle approved pursuant to this Regulation shall be so manufactured as to conform to the type approved by meeting the requirements of paragraph 5. above;

8.3. The Type Approval Authority which has granted approval may at any time verify the conformity of control methods applicable to each production unit. The normal frequency of such inspections shall be once every two years.

9. Penalties for non‑conformity of production

9.1. The approval granted in respect of a vehicle type pursuant to this Regulation may be withdrawn if the requirements laid down in paragraph 8, above are not complied with.

9.2. If a Contracting Party withdraws an approval it had previously granted, it shall forthwith so notify the other Contracting Parties applying this Regulation by sending them a communication form conforming to the model in Annex 1 to this Regulation.

10. Production definitively discontinued

If the holder of the approval completely ceases to manufacture a type of vehicle approved in accordance with this Regulation, he shall so inform the Type Approval Authority which granted the approval, which in turn shall forthwith inform the other Contracting Parties to the Agreement applying this Regulation by means of a communication form conforming to the model in Annex 1 to this Regulation.

11. Names and addresses of the Technical Services responsible for conducting approval tests and of Type Approval Authorities

The Contracting Parties to the Agreement applying this Regulation shall communicate to the United Nations Secretariat[[6]](#footnote-7) the names and addresses of the Technical Services responsible for conducting approval tests and of the Type Approval Authorities which grant approval and to which forms certifying approval or extension or refusal or withdrawal of approval are to be sent.

Annex 1

Communication

(Maximum format: A4 (210 x 297 mm)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | issued by : (Name of administration)  ......................................  ......................................  ...................................... |

[[7]](#footnote-8)Concerning: [[8]](#footnote-9) Approval granted

Approval extended

Approval refused

Approval withdrawn

Production definitively discontinued

of a type of vehicle with regard to the advanced emergency braking system pursuant to Regulation No. [XXX]

Approval No.: .

1. Trademark:

2. Type and trade name(s):

3. Name and address of manufacturer:

4. If applicable. name and address of manufacturer’s representative:

5. Brief description of vehicle:

6. Date of submission of vehicle for approval:

7. Technical Service performing the approval tests:

8. Date of report issued by that Service:

9. Number of report issued by that Service:

10. Approval

**10.1.** **to car to car scenario** granted/refused/extended/withdrawn:2

**10.2.** **to car to pedestrian scenario granted/refused/extended/withdrawn:2**

11. Place:

12. Date:

13. Signature:

14. Annexed to this communication are the following documents. bearing the approval number indicated above:

15. Any remarks:

Annex 2

Arrangements of approval marks

(see paragraphs 4.4. to 4.4.2. of this Regulation)



[152]R-00185-CP

a = 8 mm min

The above approval mark affixed to a vehicle shows that the vehicle type concerned has been approved in Belgium (E 6) with regard to to the Advanced Emergency Braking Systems (AEBS) pursuant to Regulation No. [152] (marked with C for Car to Car. P for Car to Pedestrian). The first two digits of the approval number indicate that the approval was granted in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No. [152] in its original form.

Annex 3

Special requirements to be applied to the safety aspects of electronic control systems

1. General

This annex defines the special requirements for documentation, fault strategy and verification with respect to the safety aspects of Complex Electronic Vehicle Control Systems (paragraph 2.4. below) as far as this Regulation is concerned.

This annex shall also apply to safety related functions identified in this Regulation which are controlled by electronic system(s) (paragraph 2.3.) as far as this Regulation is concerned.

This annex does not specify the performance criteria for "The System" but covers the methodology applied to the design process and the information which must be disclosed to the Technical Service, for type approval purposes.

This information shall show that "The System" respects, under non-fault and fault conditions, all the appropriate performance requirements specified elsewhere in this Regulation and that it is designed to operate in such a way that it does not induce safety critical risks.

2. Definitions

For the purposes of this annex,

2.1. *The System*" means an electronic control system or complex electronic control system that provides or forms part of the control transmission of a function to which this Regulation applies. This also includes any other system covered in the scope of this Regulation, as well as transmission links to or from other systems that are outside the scope of this Regulation, that acts on a function to which this Regulation applies."

2.2. "*Safety Concept*" is a description of the measures designed into the system, for example within the electronic units, so as to address system integrity and thereby ensure safe operation under fault and non-fault conditions, including in the event of an electrical failure. The possibility of a fall-back to partial operation or even to a back-up system for vital vehicle functions may be a part of the safety concept.

2.3. "*Electronic Control System*" means a combination of units, designed to co-operate in the production of the stated vehicle control function by electronic data processing. Such systems, often controlled by software, are built from discrete functional components such as sensors, electronic control units and actuators and connected by transmission links. They may include mechanical, electro-pneumatic or electro-hydraulic elements.

2.4. "*Complex Electronic Vehicle Control Systems*" are those electronic control systems in which a function controlled by an electronic system or the driver may be over-ridden by a higher level electronic control system/function. A function which is over-ridden become~~s~~ part of the complex system, as well as any overriding system/function within the scope of this Regulation. The transmission links to and from overriding systems/function outside of the scope of this Regulation shall also be included.

2.5. "*Higher-Level Electronic Control*" systems/functions are those which employ additional processing and/or sensing provisions to modify vehicle behaviour by commanding variations in the function(s) of the vehicle control system. This allows complex systems to automatically change their objectives with a priority which depends on the sensed circumstances.

2.6. "*Units*" are the smallest divisions of system components which will be considered in this annex, since these combinations of components will be treated as single entities for purposes of identification, analysis or replacement.

2.7. "*Transmission links*" are the means used for inter-connecting distributed units for the purpose of conveying signals, operating data or an energy supply. This equipment is generally electrical but may, in some part, be mechanical, pneumatic or hydraulic.

2.8. "*Range of control*" refers to an output variable and defines the range over which the system is likely to exercise control.

2.9. "*Boundary of functional operation*" defines the boundaries of the external physical limits within which the system is able to maintain control.

2.10. "*Safety Related Function*" means a function of "The System" that is capable of changing the dynamic behaviour of the vehicle. "The System" may be capable of performing more than one safety related function.

3. Documentation

3.1. Requirements

The manufacturer shall provide a documentation package which gives access to the basic design of "The System" and the means by which it is linked to other vehicle systems or by which it directly controls output variables. The function(s) of "The System" and the safety concept, as laid down by the manufacturer, shall be explained. Documentation shall be brief, yet provide evidence that the design and development has had the benefit of expertise from all the system fields which are involved. For periodic technical inspections, the documentation shall describe how the current operational status of "The System" can be checked.

The Technical Service shall assess the documentation package to show that "The System":

(a) Is designed to operate, under non-fault and fault conditions, in such a way that it does not induce safety critical risks;

(b) Respects, under non-fault and fault conditions, all the appropriate performance requirements specified elsewhere in this Regulation; and,

(c) Was developed according to the development process/method declared by the manufacturer.

3.1.1. Documentation shall be made available in two parts:

(a) The formal documentation package for the approval, containing the material listed in paragraph 3. (with the exception of that of paragraph 3.4.4.) which shall be supplied to the Technical Service at the time of submission of the type approval application. This documentation package shall be used by the Technical Service as the basic reference for the verification process set out in paragraph 4. of this annex. The Technical Service shall ensure that this documentation package remains available for a period determined in agreement with the Approval Authority. This period shall be at least 10 years counted from the time when production of the vehicle is definitely discontinued.

(b) Additional material and analysis data of paragraph 3.4.4. which shall be retained by the manufacturer, but made open for inspection at the time of type approval. The manufacturer shall ensure that this material and analysis data remains available for a period of 10 years counted from the time when production of the vehicle is definitely discontinued."

3.2. Description of the functions of "The System"

A description shall be provided which gives a simple explanation of all the control functions of "The System" and the methods employed to achieve the objectives, including a statement of the mechanism(s) by which control is exercised.

Any described function that can be over-ridden shall be identified and a further description of the changed rationale of the function’s operation provided.

3.2.1. A list of all input and sensed variables shall be provided and the working range of these defined.

3.2.2. A list of all output variables which are controlled by "The System" shall be provided and an indication given, in each case, of whether the control is direct or via another vehicle system. The range of control (paragraph ~~2.7~~ **2.8**.) exercised on each such variable shall be defined.

3.2.3. Limits defining the boundaries of functional operation (paragraph ~~2.8~~ **2.9**.) shall be stated where appropriate to system performance.

3.3. System layout and schematics

3.3.1. Inventory of components.

A list shall be provided, collating all the units of "The System" and mentioning the other vehicle systems which are needed to achieve the control function in question.

An outline schematic showing these units in combination, shall be provided with both the equipment distribution and the interconnections made clear.

3.3.2. Functions of the units

The function of each unit of "The System" shall be outlined and the signals linking it with other units or with other vehicle systems shall be shown. This may be provided by a labelled block diagram or other schematic, or by a description aided by such a diagram.

3.3.3. Interconnections

Interconnections within "The System" shall be shown by a circuit diagram for the electric transmission links, by a piping diagram for pneumatic or hydraulic transmission equipment and by a simplified diagrammatic layout for mechanical linkages. The transmission links both to and from other systems shall also be shown

3.3.4. Signal flow, operating data and priorities

There shall be a clear correspondence between these transmission links and the signals and/or operating data carried between units. Priorities of signals and/or operating data on multiplexed data paths shall be stated wherever priority may be an issue affecting performance or safety as far as this Regulation is concerned.

3.3.5. Identification of units

Each unit shall be clearly and unambiguously identifiable (e.g. by marking for hardware and marking or software output for software content) to provide corresponding hardware and documentation association.

Where functions are combined within a single unit or indeed within a single computer, but shown in multiple blocks in the block diagram for clarity and ease of explanation, only a single hardware identification marking shall be used. The manufacturer shall, by the use of this identification, affirm that the equipment supplied conforms to the corresponding document.

3.3.5.1. The identification defines the hardware and software version and, where the latter changes such as to alter the function of the unit as far as this Regulation is concerned, this identification shall also be changed.

3.4. Safety concept of the manufacturer

3.4.1. The Manufacturer shall provide a statement which affirms that the strategy chosen to achieve "The System" objectives will not, under non-fault conditions, prejudice the safe operation of the vehicle.

3.4.2. In respect of software employed in "The System", the outline architecture shall be explained and the design methods and tools used shall be identified. The manufacturer shall show evidence of the means by which they determined the realisation of the system logic, during the design and development process.

3.4.3. The Manufacturer shall provide the Technical Service with an explanation of the design provisions built into "The System" so as to generate safe operation under fault conditions. Possible design provisions for failure in "The System" are for example:

(a) Fall-back to operation using a partial system.

(b) Change-over to a separate back-up system.

(c) Removal of the high level function.

In case of a failure, the driver shall be warned for example by warning signal or message display. When the system is not deactivated by the driver, e.g. by turning the ignition (run) switch to "off", or by switching off that particular function if a special switch is provided for that purpose, the warning shall be present as long as the fault condition persists.

3.4.3.1. If the chosen provision selects a partial performance mode of operation under certain fault conditions, then these conditions shall be stated and the resulting limits of effectiveness defined.

3.4.3.2. If the chosen provision selects a second (back-up) means to realise the vehicle control system objective, the principles of the change-over mechanism, the logic and level of redundancy and any built in back-up checking features shall be explained and the resulting limits of back-up effectiveness defined.

3.4.3.3. If the chosen provision selects the removal of the Higher Level Function, all the corresponding output control signals associated with this function shall be inhibited, and in such a manner as to limit the transition disturbance.

3.4.4. The documentation shall be supported, by an analysis which shows, in overall terms, how the system will behave on the occurrence of any individual hazard or fault which will have a bearing on vehicle control performance or safety.

The chosen analytical approach(es) shall be established and maintained by the Manufacturer and shall be made open for inspection by the Technical Service at the time of the type approval.

The Technical Service shall perform an assessment of the application of the analytical approach(es). The audit shall include:

(a) Inspection of the safety approach at the concept (vehicle) level with confirmation that it includes consideration of interactions with other vehicle systems. This approach shall be based on a Hazard / Risk analysis appropriate to system safety.

(b) Inspection of the safety approach at the system level. This approach shall be based on a Failure Mode and Effect Analysis (FMEA), a Fault Tree Analysis (FTA) or any similar process appropriate to system safety.

(c) Inspection of the validation plans and results. This validation shall use, for example, Hardware in the Loop (HIL) testing, vehicle on–road operational testing, or any means appropriate for validation.

The assessment shall consist of checks of hazards and faults chosen by the Technical Service to establish that the manufacturer’s explanation of the safety concept is understandable, logical and that the validation plans are suitable and have been completed.

The Technical Service may perform or may require to perform tests as specified in paragraph 4. to verify the safety concept.

3.4.4.1. This documentation shall itemize the parameters being monitored and shall set out, for each fault condition of the type defined in paragraph 3.4.4. of this annex, the warning signal to be given to the driver and/or to service/technical inspection personnel.

3.4.4.2. This documentation shall describe the measures in place to ensure the "The System" does not prejudice the safe operation of the vehicle when the performance of "The System" is affected by environmental conditions e.g. climatic, temperature, dust ingress, water ingress, ice packing.

4. Verification and test

4.1. The functional operation of "The System", as laid out in the documents required in paragraph 3., shall be tested as follows:

4.1.1. Verification of the function of "The System"

The Technical Service shall verify "The System" under non-fault conditions by testing a number of selected functions from those declared by the manufacturer in paragraph 3.2. above.

For complex electronic systems, these tests shall include scenarios whereby a declared function is overridden.

4.1.2. Verification of the safety concept of paragraph 3.4.

The reaction of "The System" shall be checked under the influence of a failure in any individual unit by applying corresponding output signals to electrical units or mechanical elements in order to simulate the effects of internal faults within the unit. The Technical Service shall conduct this check for at least one individual unit, but shall not check the reaction of "The System" to multiple simultaneous failures of individual units.

The Technical Service shall verify that these tests include aspects that may have an impact on vehicle controllability and user information (HMI aspects)."

4.1.2.1. The verification results shall correspond with the documented summary of the failure analysis, to a level of overall effect such that the safety concept and execution are confirmed as being adequate.

5. Reporting by Technical Service

Reporting of the assessment by the Technical Service shall be performed in such a manner that allows traceability, e.g. versions of documents inspected are coded and listed in the records of the Technical Service.

An example of a possible layout for the assessment form from the Technical Service to the Type Approval Authority is given in Appendix 1 to this Annex.

Annex 3 - Appendix 1

Model assessment form for electronic systems

Test report No:

1. Identification

1.1. Vehicle make:

1.2. Type:

1.3. Means of identification of type if marked on the vehicle:

1.4. Location of that marking:

1.5. Manufacturer’s name and address:

1.6. If applicable, name and address of manufacturer’s representative:

1.7. Manufacturer’s formal documentation package:

Documentation reference No:

Date of original issue:

Date of latest update:

2. Test vehicle(s)/system(s) description

2.1. General description:

2.2. Description of all the control functions of "The System", and methods of operation:

2.3. Description of the components and diagrams of the interconnections within "The System":

3. Manufacturer’s safety concept

3.1. Description of signal flow and operating data and their priorities:

3.2. Manufacturer’s declaration:   
*The manufacturer(s)* ............................................................. *affirm(s) that the strategy chosen to achieve "The System", objectives will not, under non-fault conditions, prejudice the safe operation of the vehicle.*

3.3. Software outline architecture and the design methods and tools used:

3.4. Explanation of design provisions built into "The System" under fault conditions:

3.5. Documented analyses of the behaviour of "The System" under individual hazard or fault conditions:

3.6. Description of the measures in place for environmental conditions:

3.7. Provisions for the periodic technical inspection of "The System":

3.8. Results of "The System" verification test, as per para. 4.1.1. of Annex 3 to UN Regulation No. [AEBS M1/N1]:

3.9. Results of safety concept verification test, as per para. 4.1.2. of Annex 3 to UN Regulation No. [AEBS M1/N1]:

3.10. Date of test:

3.11. This test has been carried out and the results reported in accordance with ….. to UN Regulation No. [AEBS M1/N1] as last amended by the ..... series of amendments.  
  
Technical Service[[9]](#footnote-10) carrying out the test  
Signed: ....................................... Date: ........................................

3.12. Type Approval Authority1  
Signed: ....................................... Date: ........................................

3.13. Comments:

"

**[~~Annex 3 - Appendix 2~~**

**~~False Reaction scenarios~~**

~~1. Vehicle Target~~

~~1.1. Two stationary vehicles. of Category M~~~~1~~ ~~AA saloon shall be positioned:~~

~~(a) So as to face in the same direction of travel as the subject vehicle;~~

~~(b) With a distance of 4.5m [~~**~~(with a tolerance of +0.2/-0.0 m)]~~** ~~between them;~~

~~(c) With the rear of each vehicle aligned with the other.~~

~~1.2. The subject vehicle shall travel for a distance of at least 60 m. at a constant speed in the range of speeds listed in the Table of paragraph 5.2.1.4. of this Regulation to pass centrally between the two stationary vehicles.~~

~~During the test there shall be no adjustment of any subject vehicle control other than slight steering adjustments to counteract any drifting.~~

~~1.3. The AEBS shall not provide a collision warning and shall not initiate the emergency braking.~~

~~2. Pedestrian Target~~

~~2.1. A pedestrian target as prescribed in 6.3.2. shall be positioned:~~

~~(a) So as to face in the same direction of travel as the subject vehicle.~~

~~(b) With a distance of 1 m from the subject vehicle side closest to the target toward the side in the direction of traffic.~~

~~2.2. The subject vehicle shall travel in a straight line for a distance of at least 60 m. at a constant speed in the range of speeds listed in the Table of paragraph 5.2.2.4. to pass the stationary pedestrian target.~~

~~During the test there shall be no adjustment of any subject vehicle control other than slight steering adjustments to counteract any drifting.~~

~~2.3. The AEBS shall not provide a collision warning and shall not initiate the emergency braking.~~**]**

II. Justifications

1. The World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations (WP.29) at its 178th session in June 2019 adopted the text of a new UN Regulation on AEBS as per document ECE/TRANS/WP.29/2019/61.

2. As requested by GRVA, the IWG on AEBS considered clarifications of the original version of the regulation proposed by the industry in GRVA-02-22.

3. This document is the outcome of this discussion and it is proposed to include these changes as a supplement to the orginal version of the Regulation.

4. However there is some text that needs particular consideration by GRVA and which is shown in square brackets. This concerns paragraph 6.10. (new statistical approach for tests) and Appendix 2 to Annex 3 (false reaction scenarios in Annex 3).

1. \* Formerly: **Working Party on Brakes and Running Gear (GRRF)**. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
2. \*\* In accordance with the programme of work of the Inland Transport Committee for 2018–2019 (ECE/TRANS/274, para. 123 and ECE/TRANS/2018/21/Add.1, Cluster 3), the World Forum will develop, harmonize and update UN Regulations in order to enhance the performance of vehicles. The present document is submitted in conformity with that mandate. [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
3. As defined in the Consolidated Resolution on the Construction of Vehicles (R.E.3.), document ECE/TRANS/WP.29/78/Rev.6, para. 2 - [www.unece.org/trans/main/wp29/wp29wgs/wp29gen/wp29resolutions.html](http://www.unece.org/trans/main/wp29/wp29wgs/wp29gen/wp29resolutions.html) [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
4. The distinguishing numbers of the Contracting Parties to the 1958 Agreement are reproduced in Annex 3 to the Consolidated Resolution on the Construction of Vehicles (R.E.3), document ECE/TRANS/WP.29/78/Rev.6. [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
5. The "nominal" value is understood as being the theoretical target value. [↑](#footnote-ref-6)
6. The UNECE secretariats provides the online platform (“/343 Application”) for exchange of such information with the secretariat: https://www.unece.org/trans/main/wp29/datasharing.html [↑](#footnote-ref-7)
7. Distinguishing number of the country which has granted/extended/refused/withdrawn an approval (see approval provisions in the Regulation). [↑](#footnote-ref-8)
8. Strike out what does not apply. [↑](#footnote-ref-9)
9. To be signed by different persons even when the Technical Service and Type Approval Authority are the same or alternatively, a separate Type Approval Authority authorization is issued with the report. [↑](#footnote-ref-10)