

Dual-fuel engines and vehicles Rules for retrofitting Diesel engines

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Manufacturing dual-fuel engines background

- Currently most dual-fuel engines are a result of modifying already type-approved Diesel engines.
 - ✓ Dual-fuel retrofit is simply a particular retrofit case
 - ✓ Other common retrofit operations are:
 - Installing after-treatment systems (see the future REC regulation)
 - Installing kits (including downgrading kits).
 - Tuning the engine.
- To avoid uncontrolled precedents, there is a need for setting basic retrofit rules instead of multiplying non-consistent individual specific requirements:
 - ✓ REC rules should be considered as a basis
 - ✓ Only what is dual-fuel fuel specific should be addressed by GFV/HDDF.



OICA Certifying retrofitted dual-fuel (diesel-methane) engines Possible procedures

	PROs	CONs
REC	Very solid retrofit principles.Applicable to HDVs	Dedicated solely to Emission Control Devices
R115	 Existing regulation. Dedicated to gas retrofit 	 No possibility to set general (not gas-specific) retrofit principles. Not applicable to HDVs without substantial modifications (e.g. to address solely vehicle retrofit). Risks of generating several inconsistencies with the todays LDV requirements
New reg	 full freedom on the content and structure. May not be limited to gas retrofit. Introduce consistency (R83+R115 vs R49+REC+Rxx) 	Administrative constraints (new Regulation)

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Certifying retrofitted dual-fuel (diesel-methane) engines summary of the OICA position

- GRPE to first set clear general definitions and retrofit principles before starting any work on dual-fuel retrofit
 - ✓ GFV/HDDF to apply them to dual-fuel retrofit
- Consider separately TA of an engine retrofit from TA of a vehicle retrofitted with an approved engine. (like in R49)
- Ensure a fair competition among the possible manufacturing processes and do not generate loop holes (no relaxed route).
- Prefer the development of a new Regulation for specifying Dual-Fuel retrofit (likely less time demanding, more consistent regarding the split HDV-LDV).