Mechanical tests proposal

Proposal from France 4th RESS meeting (Mainz-Germany)

Proposal after the acceptance of the Frontal Impact informal group during their 13th meeting

Mechanical tests

Rationale:

RESS regulation will allow to realize mechanical tests (mechanical shock and mechanical integrity) applied on RESS itself as a component or on a vehicle via R12, R94 and R95 impact tests.

The scope of this regulation applies to RESS with a voltage over 60VDC, whatever is the vehicle category on which the RESS will be fitted.

However R12, R94 and R95 regulations are not applicable to all vehicle categories:

Regulation number	Categories
R12	M1, N1 < 1,5t
R94	M1 < 2,5t and others (decided by the manufacturer)
R95	M1, N1 (with exemption depending of R point position)

Whatever is the RESS destination, the opportunities to realize these tests with R12, R94 or R95 specifications are offered.

Mechanical shock

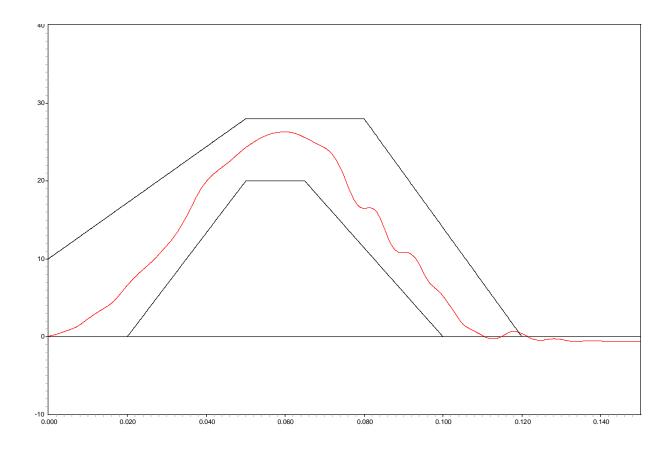
If the RESS is not intended for a specific vehicle, tests are realized on component for the vehicle category requested by the component manufacturer. M1/N1 levels could be applied on this entity (for side and frontal impact test) at the request of the component manufacturer to cover all categories of vehicles.

1. Frontal impact test for M1, N1

The Proposal validated by the Frontal Impact informal group (GRSP) is to apply the R17 dynamic corridor.

<u>Justification</u>: the batteries anchorages shall undergo the same deceleration than the seats fixation points, Therefore they have to undergo the same test level.

The pulse into the corridor is a simulated pulse, H axis: seconds, V axis: acceleration in g.

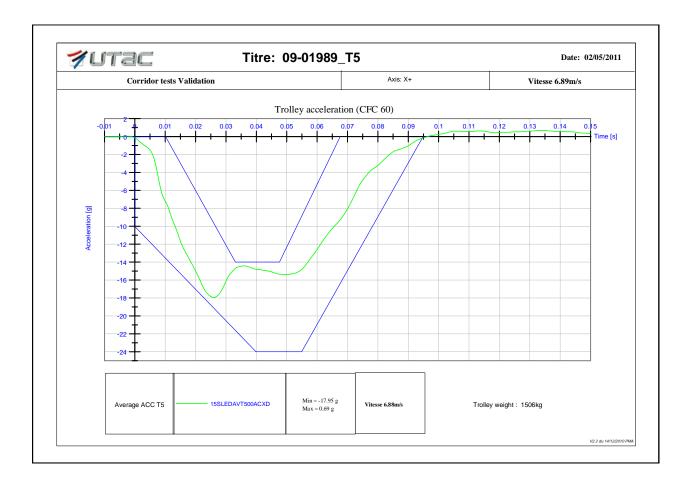


2. Side impact test for M1, N1

No existence of corridor corresponding to a R95 for component test. We studied a corridor based on our experience of R95 impact tests (average of several tests).

Pulse proposal

The pulse into the corridor is a simulated pulse.



3. Corridor for M2, N2 and M3, N3 frontal and side impact tests

We agree with values from RESS 3-3 rev 1 (which are the same values introduced in R110 and R67). Furthermore, we have to define a hold time, and we propose to apply the hold time from R80, which is 50ms, for the M2, N2, M3 and N3 categories.

Extract of R67:

- « ... The fuel container(s) must be mounted and fixed so that the following accelerations can be absorbed (without damage occurring) when the containers are full: Vehicles of categories M1 and N1:
- (a) 20 g in the direction of travel
- (b) 8 g horizontally perpendicular to the direction of travel Vehicles of categories M2 and N2:
- (a) 10 g in the direction of travel
- (b) 5 g horizontally perpendicular to the direction of travel Vehicles of categories M3 and N3:
- (a) 6. 6 g in the direction of travel
- (b) 5 g horizontally perpendicular to the direction of travel