National Implementation Report

(As submitted by: Hungary)

Reporting on implementation of the UNECE Strategy for Education for Sustainable Development Phase III: 2011–2015

The following report is submitted on behalf of the Government of Hungary in accordance with the decision of the ECE Steering Committee on Education for Sustainable Development.

Name of officer (national focal point) responsible for submitting the report: **Dr. Zita Gellér**

Signature:

Date:

31 October, 2014

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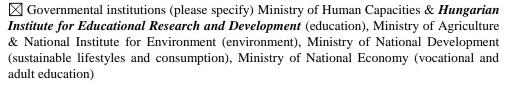
Website:

http://www.kormany.hu/en/ministry-of-agriculture

Contact officer for national report (if different from above): *(the same)*

A. Provide brief information (not more than half a page) on the process by which this report has been prepared, including information on which types of public authorities were consulted or contributed to its preparation, how the stakeholders were consulted and how the outcome of this consultation was taken into account and on the material used as a basis for the report.

The report has been prepared by experts coordinating some governmental ESD programs and researches and being involved in higher education and NGO ESD programs. The report is based on our voluntary report in 2010, on former researches on ESD, governmental reports on environment and sustainability policies and experiences of ESD programs. As there is neither central co-ordination nor continuous monitoring of ESD programs, therefore this report may not precisely present the situation of ESD in Hungary: there might be programs or initiatives on ESD that are not reflected in this report. The draft report was circulated for consultation for relevant ministries and stakeholders (see below).



- ⊠ Stakeholders: Hungarian Scout Association, Ecumenical Council of Churches in Hungary, Eco-Congregation Council
- NGOs (please specify) Hungarian Association on Environmental Education, Ecological Institute for Sustainable Development, Eco-Service Foundation, Hungarian Network of Eco-counselling Offices (KÖTHÁLÓ), Regional Environmental Center for Central- and Eastern Europe (REC),
- Academia (please specify) Szent István University, Doctoral School for Educational Sciences of Károly Eszterházy College, Eötvös University Planning Board for Higher Education
- Business (please specify) SoL Institute
- Other (please specify) National Council for Sustainable Development
- B. Report any particular circumstances that help clarify the context of the report for example, whether the decision-making structure is federal and/or decentralized, and whether financial constraints are a significant obstacle to implementation. (This information should not exceed half a page.)

Hungary is a country with central government, and the educational system has been centralized in 2012 too. The government - Ministry of Human Capacities - determines the framework for education and the educational institutions have the right and duty to develop their own pedagogical program based on the central curricula. ESD is among the tasks of some educational, environmental and cultural departments of the government, but due to financial and organizational constraints there is no governmental institution with clear responsibility and resources for developing and/or monitoring ESD process in Hungary.

Hungary receives significant financial resources from the European Union, and - according to EU rules - sustainable development should be a horizontal priority in the development programs financed with EU assistance. ESD is part of educational programs financed by EU, but due to the lack of central co-ordination even EU sponsored ESD programs are uneven in quality and do not capitalize the possibility of linking different programs.

The first Hungarian National Strategy on Sustainable Development (approved by the Government in June 2007) was revised by the National Council for Sustainable Development and the National Strategic Framework for Sustainable Development (2012-2024) was adopted by the Parliament in March 2013.

Issue¹ 1. Ensure that policy, regulatory and operational frameworks support the promotion of ESD

The new Fundamental Law (http://www.kormany.hu/download/e/02/00000/The%20New%20Fundamental%20Law%20of%20Hungary.pdf) contains some principles of sustainability, as well as the rights of future generations. Among the 17 Standing Committees of the Parliament, there is the Committee for Sustainable Development (http://www.parlament.hu/internet/plsql/ogy_biz.keret_frissit?p_ckl=39&p_biz=A345, and http://www.parlament.hu/web/fenntarthato-fejlodes-bizottsaga).

The Hungarian Government approved the first National Sustainable Development Strategy in 2007.

The Hungarian Parliament established the National Council for Sustainable Development in 2008 to facilitate the formulation of the national sustainable development guiding principles, policy objectives and overarching tasks; to coordinate the review of the Strategy and related planning and consultative work and to enhance participation of the public sector and society at large. The Parliament adopted the National Strategic Framework for Sustainable Development in 2013 for the period until 2024. The Strategy in force is available at http://nfft.hu/assets/NFFT-HUN-web.pdf (in Hungarian) and http://www.stakeholderforum.org/fileadmin/files/National%20Framework%20Strategy%20on%20Sustainable%20Development.pdf (in English).

Indicator 1.1	Prerequisite measures are taken to support the promotion of ESD
Sub-indicator 1.1.1	Is the UNECE Strategy for ESD available in your national ² language(s)?
Yes ⊠ No □	in Hungarian: http://www.unece.org/fileadmin/DAM/env/esd/strategytext/strategyHungarian.pdf
Sub-indicator 1.1.2	Have you appointed a national focal point to deal with the UNECE Strategy for ESD?
Yes ⊠ No □	Dr. Zita Gellér, Ministry of Agriculture (the former Ministry for Environment and Water was merged with Ministry of Agriculture)
Sub-indicator 1.1.3	Do you have a coordinating body for implementation of ESD?
Yes 🗌 No 🖂	There is only informal coordination (informal network), no formal body.
Sub-indicator 1.1.4	Do you have a national implementation plan for ESD?
Yes 🗌 No 🛚	There is no separate implementation plan for ESD, however the periodically revised National Strategy for Environmental Education (managed by NGOs - http://mkne.hu/NKNS_uj/layout/NKNS_layout.pdf - in Hungarian) or the National Environmental Programme in effect (NEP-3. until 2014, and NEP-4. from 2015) could serve as a kind of implementation plan.
Sub-indicator 1.1.5	Are there any synergies at the national level between the ECE ESD process, the UNESCO global process on the United Nations Decade of ESD, ³ and other policy processes relevant to ESD?
Yes 🛛 No 🗌	There is only one single process: no differences between UNECE ESD and UNESCO DESD implementation in Hungary.

¹ Issues 1 to 6 herein are in accordance with the objectives (a)-(f) set out in the UNECE Strategy for ESD (CEP/AC.13/2005/3/Rev.1, para. 7).

² For countries with a federal government structure, all references to "national" apply to "State", as appropriate. In this context, "data at the national level" means aggregated data received from sub-State entities.

³ The United Nations General Assembly in its resolution 57/254 of 20 December 2002 proclaimed the 10-year period beginning on 1 January 2005 the United Nations Decade of Education for Sustainable Development.

Indicator 1.2	Policy, regulatory and operational frameworks support the promotion of ESD
Sub-indicator 1.2.1	Is ESD reflected in any national policy ⁴ document(s)?
Yes 🛛 No 🗌	National Strategic Framework for Sustainable Development, 2012-2024 (http://nfft.hu/assets/NFFT-HUN-web.pdf ; http://www.stakeholderforum.org/fileadmin/files/National%20Framework%20Strategy%20on%20Sustainable%20Development.pdf)
	National Environmental Education Strategy, 2010 (http://mkne.hu/NKNS_uj/layout/NKNS_layout.pdf) of the non-governmental sector
	3 rd National Environmental Programme 2009-2014 (http://eionet.kormany.hu/admin/download/4/64/b0000/96_2009%20OGY%20hat%C3%A1rozat%20NKP-3.doc - only in Hungarian)
Sub-indicator 1.2.2	Is ESD: (a) addressed in relevant national education legislation/regulatory document(s); and (b) included in your national curricula and/or national standards/ordinances/requirements at all levels of formal education, as understood by your education system in accordance with ISCED? ⁵
(a) Yes No (b) Yes No	The National Core Curriculum (Decree 110/2012 of the Government) defines sustainability and environmental awareness as common development areas (educational objectives) for all literacy subjects. In 2004, the Act on public education was amended, making it mandatory for all schools to prepare a local environmental and health education program. National-level qualification framework systems have been established, which are currently operational (Green Kindergarten, Eco-school, Forest Kindergarten, and Forest School programs) as well as other development and talent education programs (e.g. GLOBE, BISEL, school competitions). For the domestic members of the international Eco-School Network, environmental education has a more emphasized manifestation in everyday education and the operation of the school is also performed with regard to environmental considerations. The §1 of the new Act on National Public Education (http://net.jogtar.hu/jr/gen/hjegv_doc.egi?docid=A1100190.TV&celpara=#xcelparam), 2011 states that public education is based on knowledge, justice, law, liberty, fairness, moral and spiritual values of solidarity, equality and the education for sustainable development and for a healthy lifestyle. The §78 (5) specifies environmental education as a development area for which the responsibility belongs to the Minister (responsible for education). The implementing regulations of the new Act on National Higher Education (2011) enable the introduction of sustainability issues for any course, training and courses at any level of higher education. All HE institutions may start new programmes and courses dealing with (at least partly) SD. Implementation belongs to higher education institutes. An analysis of Output Criteria shows that many disciplinary and interdisciplinary courses deal with SD and ESD. More than 50 MSc courses demonstrate a strong SD component; mostly among the competence goals, less among educational aims (of the Output Criteria). The new Act on National Higher Education (Act CCIV of 2011) ren

⁴ Policy documents may include national strategies, plans, programmes, guidelines and the like.

 $^{^{5-\}text{See}}\,\text{http://www.uis.unesco.org/Education/Pages/international-standard-classification-of-education.aspx}.$

		ISCED levels	(a)	(b)		
		ISCED RVCIS	Yes	Yes		
		0. Early childhood education	✓	✓		
		1. Primary education	✓	✓		
		2. Lower secondary education	✓	✓		
		3. Upper secondary education	✓	✓		
		4. Post secondary non-tertiary education	✓			
		5. Short-cycle tertiary education	✓			
		6. Bachelor's or equivalent level	✓			
		7. Master's or equivalent level	✓			
		8. Doctoral or equivalent level				
Sub-indicator 1.2.3	Are non-formal and informal ESD addressed in your relevant national policy and/or regulatory document(s) and operational frameworks?					
Yes 🛛 No 🗌	New Széchenyi Development Plan (2007-2013) (National Strategic Reference Framework) http://palyazat.gov.hu/doc/2670 (in Hungarian only)					
	National Environmental Program - ESD (together with its non-formal and informal educational aims) is part of the 2 nd , 3 rd and 4 th NEP (http://eionet.kormany.hu/admin/download/4/64/b0000/96 2009% 200GY% 20hat% C3% A1rozat% 20NKP-3.doc) (in Hungarian only)					
	National Environmental Education Strategy, 2010 (http://mkne.hu/NKNS_uj/layout/NKNS_layout.pdf) (in Hungarian only)					
Sub-indicator 1.2.4	Is public awareness in relation to ESD addressed in relevant national document(s)?					
Yes 🛛 No 🗌	New Széchenyi Development Plan (Hungarian only)	2007-2013) (National Strategic Reference I	Framewor	rk) <u>http://</u> j	palyazat.gov.hu/doc/2670 (in	

Sub-indicator 1.2.5	Does a formal structure for interdepartmental ⁶ cooperation relevant to ESD exist in your Government?
	There is no governmental institution with clear responsibility and resources for developing and/or monitoring ESD processes in Hungary. ESD is among the tasks of some departments of the government dealing with education, environment, energy and culture. There is cooperation between ministries but no formal structure for ESD cooperation.
Sub-indicator 1.2.6	Does a mechanism for multi-stakeholder cooperation on ESD exist with the involvement of your Government? ⁷
Yes 🗌 No 🖂	There is informal (ad hoc) cooperation with stakeholders, no mechanism.
Sub-indicator 1.2.7	Are public budgets and/or economic incentives available specifically to support ESD?
	The New Széchenyi Development Plan (2007-2013) allocated 21.72 Md HUF (cca 1.7 Md Euros) for this priority, and has helped the successful implementation of about 800 projects (14 Md HUF, 50 M Euros) until Dec 2012.
Indicator 1.3	National policies support synergies between processes related to sustainable development (SD) and ESD
Sub-indicator 1.3.1	Is ESD part of SD policy(ies) if these exist in your country?
Yes ⊠ No □	6 th chapter of National Strategic Framework for Sustainable Development (http://www.stakeholderforum.org/fileadmin/files/National%20Framework%20Strategy%20on%20Sustainable%20Development.ph/
Concluding remarks on issue 1	The policy, regulatory and operational frameworks supporting ESD are given in Hungary, also public funds and incentives for ESD programs are available. There are many programs and initiatives on ESD without central coordination.
	Please address in particular the following questions:
	 Which actions/initiatives have been particularly successful and why? What challenges did your country encounter when implementing this objective? Which other considerations have to be taken into account in future ESD implementation concerning this objective?

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⁶ Between State bodies.

⁷ For an explanation, see paragraph 46 of the UNECE Strategy for ESD.

Issue 2. Pr	omote SD through formal, i	non-formal and i	nformal	learning				
see above, at 1.1.								
Indicator 2.1	SD key themes are ad	dressed in forma	ıl educat	ion				
Sub-indicator 2.1.1	Are key themes of SD ⁸ addr	essed explicitly in	the curr	iculum/p	ogramm	e of study	y at variou	s levels ⁹ of formal education?
Yes ⊠ No □	patterns, environmental prot	ection, natural respondix $I(a)$ that	source m	anagemei l for impl	nt and bio ementation	ological a on phase	nd landsca <i>II under ti</i>	economy, production and consumption ape diversity etc., see App 1.a. his sub-indicator, as appropriate, and adix.
		A	В	С	D	Е	F	
Sub-indicator 2.1.2	Are learning outcomes (skill at various levels of formal ed		alues) tha	at support	ESD add	dressed e	xplicitly ir	the curriculum ¹⁰ /programme of study
Yes ⊠ No □	Please specify what competer Please update the table in ap- indicate the results in the bo	ppendix I (b) that	was used	l for impl	ementati	on phase	II under th	his sub-indicator, as appropriate, and
		A	В	С	D	Е	F	
							\boxtimes	

⁸ For details, see paragraph 15 of the UNECE Strategy for ESD.
9 For the State or federal level, where relevant.
10 Idem.

Sub-indicator 2.1.3	Are teaching/learning methods that support ESD addressed explicitly in the curriculum ¹¹ /programme of study at various levels of formal education?										
Yes 🛛 No 🗌	1 00	lease specify what methods are of particular significance in your country. Please also specify for non-formal education, as oppopriate. See App 1.c									
	Please also update the results in the box below								se II, as	appropria	ite, and indicate the
			A	В	С	D	E	F			
								\boxtimes			
Indicator 2.2	Strategies to in	nplement ESD a	re clearly	y identi	fied						
Sub-indicator 2.2.1	Is ESD addressed thr programmes and cou	ough: (a) existing rses?; (d) a stand-	subjects alone pro	¹² only?; oject? ¹³ ;	(b) a cros (e) other a	s-curriculu approaches	m appro	oach?; (c)	the prov	rision of s	pecific subject
(a) Yes 🗌 No 🖂	Please specify for dif	ferent levels of ea	lucation s	system i	n accordai	nce with IS	CED by	ticking (✓) in the	e table as	appropriate.
(b) Yes No 🗌											
(c) Yes 🛛 No 🗌						(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	_
(d) Yes No 🗌		ISCED levels 2	2011			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-
(e) Yes No 🗌		0. Early childho	ood educa	ation			1	/	1	1	
		1. Primary educ	ation				1	1	/	1	•
		2. Lower secon	dary educ	cation			1	1	1	1	
		3. Upper secondary education									
		4. Post-seconda	ry non-te	ertiary e	ducation		1	1	1	1	
		5. Short-cycle t	ertiary ed	lucation			/	1	/	1	
		6. Bachelor's or	r equivale	ent level			1	1	1	/	•
		7. Master's or e	quivalent	t level			1	1	/	1	
						<u> </u>	<u></u>			L	.1

¹¹ Idem.

¹² E.g., geography or biology. For higher education, "subject" means "course".

¹³ A project is interpreted as a discrete activity with its own time allocation rather than a teaching/learning method.

	Please also provide information al	Please also provide information about the incentives on the national level for implementing (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e).					
	(b): Sustainability is defined as a compulsory cross-curricular area in the National Core Curriculum						
	(c): There are optional subjects or	courses available for ESD					
		educational institutions from NGOs or from CSI o collaborate with these projects.	activities from governmen	ntal agencies,			
	(e): - whole institute approach (Gre- - forest schools and kindergarte subjects	een Kindergarten, Eco-School) en: meaning more days –whole week complex ES	D programs outside the scl	nool covering all the			
Indicator 2.3	A whole-institution approa	ch ¹⁴ to SD/ESD is promoted					
Sub-indicator 2.3.1	Do educational institutions ¹⁵ adopt	a "whole-institution approach" to SD/ESD?					
	action area in your country. Also, please provide information fo	a whole-institution approach. Please provide informal levels of your education system in accordant rmal and informal education, as appropriate.	•				
		ISCED levels 2011	Yes				
		0. Early childhood education					
		1. Primary education					
		2. Lower secondary education					
		3. Upper secondary education					
		4. Post-secondary non-tertiary education					
		5. Short-cycle tertiary education					
		6. Bachelor's or equivalent level					
		7. Master's or equivalent level					
		8. Doctoral or equivalent level					

¹⁴ A "whole institution approach" means that all aspects of an institution's internal operations and external relationships are reviewed and revised in the light of SD/ESD principles. Within such an approach each institution would decide on its own actions, addressing the three overlapping spheres of Campus (management operations); Curriculum; and Community (external relationships).

¹⁵ For higher education institutions: whole-university, whole-college or whole-faculty approach (including inter-faculty approaches).

Sub-indicator 2.3.2	Are there any incentives (guidelines, award scheme, funding, technical support) that support a whole-institution approach to SD/ESD, including the implementation of ESD school plans?			
Yes 🛛 No 🗌	If yes, please specify what schemes are available for all levels of your education sys kindergartens, the Eco-school Award for primary and secondary education, the COF these programs give appreciation and professional support but no extra funds for ins Please also provide information on all education levels in accordance with ISCED lease.	PERNICU titutions.	S program for higher education. All of	
	ISCED levels 2011	Yes		
	0. Early childhood education	/		
	1. Primary education	1		
	2. Lower secondary education	1		
	3. Upper secondary education	1		
	4. Post-secondary non-tertiary education	1	1	
	5. Short-cycle tertiary education	/		
	6. Bachelor's or equivalent level		1	
	7. Master's or equivalent level			
	8. Doctoral or equivalent level			
	Please also specify for non-formal and informal education, as appropriate. If releva (provide examples).	ınt inform	ation is available please also specify	

Sub-indicator 2.3.3	Do institutions/learners develop their own SD/ESD indicators for their institution/organization?						
Yes 🗌 No 🖂	Please specify (i.e., provide examples of how this is done) for formal institutions as well as for non-formal institutions.						
	Please also indicate for all levels of yo	our education system in accordance with ISCE	ED, by tick	king (\checkmark) in the table as appropriate:			
	(a) For formal institutions:						
		ISCED levels 2011	Yes				
		0. Early childhood education		-			
		1. Primary education]			
		2. Lower secondary education		1			
		3. Upper secondary education					
		4. Post-secondary non-tertiary education					
		5. Short-cycle tertiary education					
		6. Bachelor's or equivalent level					
		7. Master's or equivalent level					
		8. Doctoral or equivalent level					
	(b) For non-formal institutions:						
		ISCED levels 2011	Yes				
		0. Early childhood education					
		1. Primary education					
		2. Lower secondary education					
		3. Upper secondary education					
		4. Post-secondary non-tertiary education					
		5. Short-cycle tertiary education					
		6. Bachelor's or equivalent level					
		7. Master's or equivalent level					
		8. Doctoral or equivalent level					

Indicator 2.4	ESD is addressed by	quality assessment/enhancement systems				
Sub-indicator 2.4.1		quality assessment/enhancement systems?: ¹⁶ (ment systems that address ESD in national sys		ey address	s ESD?; (c) Are there any education
(a) Yes No C (b) Yes No C (c) Yes No No	systems. Students' excellent 2011 Students' National Sci Education Act (2011) renew is required, in which SD is t	d Eco-school (voluntary) award systems are fuce program and the annual competitions show tentific Competition we had 22 accepted preserved the quality management system of HE instruction be included. Out levels of your education system in accordance in the contraction of the co	students ² ntations of itutes. No	interest dealing woow a med	in SD/sustrith SD/sustrium term I	ainability. For example at the stainability. The new Higher Institutional Development Plan
	appropriate.	ISCED Lands 2011	(a)	(b)	(c)	-
		ISCED levels 2011	Yes	Yes	Yes	
		0. Early childhood education	/	/		
		1. Primary education	/	/		
		2. Lower secondary education	/	/		
		3. Upper secondary education	/	/		
		4. Post-secondary non-tertiary education	/	/		
		5. Short-cycle tertiary education	/			
		6. Bachelor's or equivalent level	/	/		
		7. Master's or equivalent level	/	/		
		8. Doctoral or equivalent level	/			
	data (i.e., provide examples	formal and informal education, as appropriat on how the data was compiled).				
Indicator 2.5	ESD methods and instrum knowledge, attitude and p	nents for non-formal and informal learning ractice	are in pl	lace to as	sess chang	ges in
Sub-indicator 2.5.1	Are SD issues addressed in informal and public awareness-raising activities?					
Yes ⊠ No □		evelopment Plan there was a special call for te download/doc/2741/A-fenntarthato-eletmodot				

For higher education institutions: either national centres for quality assessment in higher education or cooperation with general quality assessment agencies, such as the European Foundation for Quality Management (EFQM).

Sub-indicator 2.5.2	Is there any support for work-based learning (e.g., for small companies, farmers, trade unions, associations) which addresses SD issues?
Yes ⊠ No □	Within the New Széchenyi Development Plan (2007-2013) there were resources for SD themes for work based learning addressing ESD.
Sub-indicator 2.5.3	Are there any instruments (e.g. research, surveys, etc.) in place to assess the outcomes of ESD as a result of non-formal and informal learning?
Yes ⊠ No □	Within the grants/projects of http://palyazat.gov.hu/download/doc/2741/A-fenntarthato-eletmodot-es-az-ehhez-kapcsolodo-viselkedesmintakzip a common and compulsory assessment method was established.
Indicator 2.6	ESD implementation is a multi-stakeholder process ¹⁷
Sub-indicator 2.6.1	Is ESD implementation a multi-stakeholder process?
Yes ⊠ No □	Please specify the main stakeholders and the main impacts that those stakeholders had/have on implementation. Please update the information provided in the previous table for appendix II as appropriate.
	UNECE: category F; DESD: category E.
Concluding remarks on issue 2	Please provide any concluding remarks you may have concerning the implementation of issue 2, which corresponds to objective (b) under the Strategy, namely to promote sustainable development through formal, non-formal and informal learning
	Please address in particular the following questions: - Which actions/initiatives have been particularly successful and why? - What challenges did your country encounter when implementing this objective? - Which other considerations have to be taken into account in future ESD implementation concerning this objective?

¹⁷ For higher education institutions: this covers the issue of university "outreach" (meaning a wide spectrum from regional integration, business cooperation and transdisciplinarity to eco-procurement and research-education-cooperation).

Issue 3. E	quip educators with the competence to include SD in their teaching
If necessary, provid Indicator 3.1	de relevant information on your country situation regarding this specific objective (up to 1,500 characters with spaces). ESD is included in the training 18 of educators
Sub-indicator 3.1.1	Is ESD a part of educators' initial training? ¹⁹
Yes 🛛 No 🗌	In particular specify what ESD competences ²⁰ are explicitly included in the study programmes.
	It varies, because belongs to the universities' autonomy. Among the compliance (output) criteria for teacher training - 8/2013 (I. 30) Decree of the Minister of Human Capacities - <i>SD/sustainability</i> is mentioned in compliance criteria of teachers of History and Civics, Morals and Ethics, Community Education, Biology, Science, Environmental Sciences, Geography and Drama.
	As for the other courses, the compliance (output) criteria of higher education - 15/2006 (I. 30) Decree of the Minister of Human Capacities - SD/Sustainability mentioned within the compliance criteria of biology, chemistry, natural history, geography, environmental sciences MSc teacher training courses, and for agro-engineering pedagogy. Holistic approach is mentioned in teacher of ethnography and ethology. "Sustainable development or sustainability" does not, however "Holistic approach" appears in the following course's criteria: Infant and Early Childhood Education BA, Cultural Anthropology MSc, Special Needs Education MSc.
Sub-indicator 3.1.2	
Yes 🛛 No 🗌	In particular specify what ESD competences are explicitly included in training programmes. Please also specify to what extent the training programmes are mandatory or optional. Please also update the information provided under the phase II national implementation reporting in appendix III.
Sub-indicator 3.1.3	Is ESD a part of training of leaders and administrators of educational institutions?
Yes 🗌 No 🛚	Please specify what ESD competences are explicitly included in training programmes. Please also specify to what extent the training programmes are accessible and whether they are mandatory or optional. ESD is not a compulsory part of the training, however a mandatory in-service training for civil servants was introduced in 2014, where the training course on "Sustainable development, conscious use of resources" - provided by the National University of Civil Service - is an option, with high (16 credit) value. It is very successful among civil servants, much in demand.

¹⁸ ESD is addressed by content and/or by methodology.

¹⁹ For higher education institutions: the focus is here on existing teacher training at universities/colleges regarding SD and ESD for university/college teachers.

²⁰ For a set of core competences in ESD please see the report by the ECE Expert Group on Competences, Learning for the future: Competences in Education for Sustainable Development (ECE/CEP/AC.13/2011/6), available online from http://www.unece.org/education-for-sustainable-development-esd/publications.html.html

²¹ For higher education institutions: the focus is here on existing in-service training programmes regarding SD and ESD for university/college teachers in their own universities/colleges.

Indicator 3.2	Opportunities exist for educators to cooperate on ESD									
Sub-indicator 3.2.1	Are there any networks/platforms of educators and/or leaders/administrators who are involved in ESD in your country?									
Yes 🛛 No 🗌	Electronic newsletters of: • Hungarian Association for Environmental Education (www.mkne.hu), • Hungarian Educational Research Association, Section of Environmental Pedagogy (HERA Környezetpedagógiai Szakosztály) e.g. https://www.facebook.com/events/691542054231010/ • Eco-school Newsletter (Ökoiskola Hírlevél) - http://regi.ofi.hu/okoiskola/hirlevelarchivum • Green Kindergarten Newsletter (Zöld Óvoda Hírlevél) - http://www.zoldovoda.hu/ There are training programs on ESD for educators organized by non-profit organizations, companies or universities; the participants of these trainings build a kind of network.									
Sub-indicator 3.2.2	Are ESD networks/platforms supported by the government in any way? ²²									
Yes ⊠ No □	The Ministry of Agriculture supports the Green Kindergarten Newsletter and the Ministry of Human Capacities supports Ecoschool Newsletter (through the management costs of its background institutes). Main site: http://www.ofi.hu/tudastar/linktar-fenntarthatosag (in Hungarian)									
Concluding remarks issue 3	Please provide any concluding remarks you may have concerning the implementation of issue 3, which corresponds to objective (c) under the Strategy, namely to equip educators with the competence to include sustainable development in their teaching									
	Please address in particular the following questions: - Which actions/initiatives have been particularly successful and why? - What challenges did your country encounter when implementing this objective? - Which other considerations have to be taken into account in future ESD implementation concerning this objective?									
Issue 4. Eı	nsure that adequate tools and materials for ESD are accessible									
Indicator 4.1 Teaching tools and materials for ESD are produced										
Sub-indicator 4.1.1	Does a national strategy/mechanism for encouragement of the development and production of ESD tools and materials exist?									
Yes No 🛮	There are resources available for ESD that could and often really used to produce ESD tools and materials, but there is no strategy or mechanism just some individual initiatives. A point in case is the cooperation in the development and distribution of the Hungarian version of the "Green Pack", the ESD multimedia educational kit of the Regional Environmental Center (http://education.rec.org/)									

²² Including assistance through direct funding, in-kind help, political and institutional support.

Sub-indicator 4.1.2	Is public (national, subnational, local) a	uthority money invested in this activity?		
Yes No 🗌	300 million USD nationally (average of	nt Plan the renewal of the methodology and if years 2011 and 2012, allocation to program .; SROP 3.2.1.). ESD is included in many of	mes of So	cial Renewal Operational Programme -
Indicator 4.2	Quality control mechanisms for	teaching tools and materials for ESD exis	t	
Sub-indicator 4.2.1		ity guidelines for ESD-related teaching tools horities?; (c) tested and recommended for se		· / II
(a) Yes No \Box		for teaching tools and materials which include	es the exa	mination of ESD content of teaching
(b) Yes 🛛 No 🗌	tools and materials on the basis of curric	cula.		
(c) Yes No No				
Sub-indicator 4.2.2	Are ESD teaching tools/materials availa	able: (a) in national languages?; (b) for all le	vels of edu	ucation according to ISCED?
(a) Yes No No	Please specify. If the answer is yes for (b), please specify by ticking (\checkmark) in the table	as approp	priate.
(b) Yes No \	1		-	1
		ISCED levels 2011 ²³	Yes	
		0. Early childhood education	/	
		1. Primary education	1	
		2. Lower secondary education	1	
		3. Upper secondary education	1	
		4. Post-secondary non-tertiary education	/	
		5. Short-cycle tertiary education	/	
		6. Bachelor's or equivalent level	/	
		7. Master's or equivalent level	1	
		8 Doctoral or equivalent level	1	

Indicator 4.3	Teaching tools and materials for ESD are accessible
Sub-indicator 4.3.1	Does a national strategy/mechanism for dissemination of ESD tools and materials exist?
Yes 🗌 No 🖂	There are some initiatives but no overarching strategy/mechanism. For ISCED 0-3 see: http://iskolataska.educatio.hu/index.php/intezmenyi innovacio/jo gyakorlatok list
	see also: http://www.ofi.hu/tudastar/linktar-fenntarthatosag (in Hungarian only)
	http://documents.rec.org/publications/Green_Pack_Hungary_HU_FEB_03.pdf
Sub-indicator 4.3.2	Is public authority money invested in this activity?
Yes ⊠ No □	Support system for dissemination of teaching tools and materials is usually open for ESD related issues, but there are no specific data available about the amount especially used for materials on ESD.
Sub-indicator 4.3.3	Are approved ESD teaching materials available through the Internet?
Yes 🛛 No 🗌	There are some materials available through the Internet, provided by ministries, background institutions, NGOs see collection at http://iskolataska.educatio.hu/index.php/intezmenyi_innovacio/jo_gyakorlatok_list (in Hungarian only) Green Pack: http://documents.rec.org/publications/Green_Pack_Hungary_HU_FEB_03.pdf (Hungarian version) - see the description in English at http://education.rec.org/
Sub-indicator 4.3.4	Is a register or database of ESD teaching tools and materials in the national language(s): (a) accessible through the Internet?; (b) provided through other channels?
(a) Yes No (b) Yes No No (c)	(a) An NGO (Ökoszolgálat Alapítvány, Eco-Service) maintains a database of ESD – mainly environmental education – tools and materials at http://www.machina.hu/okosz/ . Another NGO-based collection is the http://mkne.hu/modszerkosar.php maintained by the Hungarian EE Society. Many ornithological auxiliary materials are available at http://www.mme.hu/letoltheto-anyagok (Hungarian Ornithological Society). The governmental Best Practice register (http://iskolataska.educatio.hu/index.php/intezmenyi-innovacio/jo-gyakorlatok-list) contains all kind of educational materials, modules (not only ESD), searchable for EE and ESD.
Concluding remarks issue 4	Please provide any concluding remarks you may have concerning the implementation of issue 4, which corresponds to objective (d) under the Strategy, namely, to ensure that adequate tools and materials for ESD are accessible
	Please address in particular the following questions: - Which actions/initiatives have been particularly successful and why? According to surveys among teachers the "Green Pack" education kit proved very useful. The reason is that this method takes into full consideration the national curriculum and adapts the contents to it. In this way teachers of all subjects can find references to sustainability that are easy to include into their own lesson plans. The assistance for the involvement of pupils is adequate (dilemma games, films), pupils like it. Finally, the examples and illustrations are not of a general nature but all coming from country-specific cases. - What challenges did your country encounter when implementing this objective? - Which other considerations have to be taken into account in future ESD implementation concerning this objective?

Issue 5. Pr	comote research on and development of ESD
If necessary, provid	e relevant information on your country situation regarding this specific objective (up to 1,500 characters with spaces).
Indicator 5.1	Research ²⁴ on ESD is promoted
Sub-indicator 5.1.1	Is research that addresses content and methods for ESD ²⁵ supported?
Yes No 🗌	ESD related researches are focusing on institutional ESD and providing more and more elaborated information on those aspects of ESD that are less developed (e.g. vocational education, collaboration with local communities, educational about the built – urban - environment)
Sub-indicator 5.1.2	Does any research evaluate the outcome of the implementation of the UNECE Strategy for ESD?
Yes 🗌 No 🖂	
Sub-indicator 5.1.3	Are post-graduate programmes available: (1) on ESD: ²⁶ (a) for the master's level?; (b) for the doctorate level?;
	(2) addressing ESD: (a) for the master's level?; (b) for the doctorate level?
(1)	The MSC programme Human Ecology (Eötvös University) can be considered as ESD programme.
(a) Yes No (b) Yes No (c)	More and more environmental, marketing and other disciplines doctoral schools are open for ESD related themes, and there doctoral programs dedicated to ESD eg. on the University of West Hungary (Sopron), on the Eszterházy Károly College, Eger etc.
(2)	Most important dissertations are:
(a) Yes No (b) Yes No (c)	Angéla Somogyi Perényi: The Ecological, Pedagogical, and Psychological Aspects of Sustainability http://ilex.efe.hu/PhD/emk/perenyinesomogyi/angol.pdf
	Attila Miklós: Environmental approach and anthropocentrism in environmental studies of Hungarian higher education http://nevelestudomany.phd.elte.hu/wp-content/uploads/2013/09/Miklos_Attila_tezisfuzet_angol.pdf
	Anna Márföldi: The Pedagogical Methodology of the Environmental Measuring in the Profession Education http://ilex.efe.hu/PhD/emk/marfoldi/angol.pdf
Sub-indicator 5.1.4	Are there any scholarships supported by public authorities for post-graduate research in ESD: (a) for the master's level; (b) for the doctorate level?
(a) Yes No (b) Yes No (c) No (c)	no specific grants exclusively for ESD themes
Indicator 5.2	Development of ESD is promoted
Sub-indicator 5.2.1	Is there any support for innovation and capacity-building in ESD practice? ²⁷

²⁴ These include support from various sources, such as State, local authorities, business and non-governmental organizations or institutions.

²⁵ E.g. concepts; formation of attitudes and values; development of competencies, teaching and learning; school development; implementation of information communications technology and means of evaluation, including socioeconomic impacts.

²⁶ ESD is addressed by substance and/or by approach.

²⁷ Activities may include projects, action research, social learning and multi-stakeholder teams.

Yes 🛛 No 🗌	Mainly in the framework of the New Széchenyi Development Plan, within the general resources for development of education. SROP 3.1.1. ESD projects: at least 100.000 Euros/2013; Swiss-Hungarian projects (partly ESD projects): at least 350.000 Euros/2013
Indicator 5.3	Dissemination of research results on ESD is promoted
Sub-indicator 5.3.1	Is there any public authority support for mechanisms ²⁸ to share the results of research and examples of good practices in ESD ²⁹ among authorities and stakeholders?
Yes 🗌 No 🖂	
Sub-indicator 5.3.2	Are there any scientific publications: (a) specifically on ESD?; (b) addressing ESD?
(a) Yes No \[\]	Please name the major publications for (a) and (b).
(b) Yes ⊠ No □	 There are more than a hundred scientific publications on ESD in the last four years according to the Repertory of Hungarian Scientific Publication: https://wm.mtmt.hu/www/index.php#. The most important ones: Hajnal, K: Knowledge Distribution in Paradigm Shift In: Noszkay, Erzsébet (ed.) The Capital of Intelligence - the Intelligence of Capital, Budapest, Foundation for Information Society, 2009. pp. 41-64. (Alma Mater) Katona, V., Vukoszávlyev, Z.: ECO-SPIRIT: Sustainable development and environmental awareness in contemporary liturgical planning A/Z ITU Journal of the Faculty of Architecture 2013 Kerekes, S., Szirmai, V., Székely, M. (ed) A fenntartható fogyasztás környezeti dimenziói (The environmental dimensions of sustainable consumption)
Concluding remarks on issue 5	2007 (IF 8) Please provide any concluding remarks you may have concerning the implementation of issue 5, which corresponds to objective (e) under the Strategy, namely, to promote research on and development of ESD.

²⁸ E.g., conferences, summer schools, journals, periodicals, networks.

²⁹ E.g., the "participatory approach"; links to local, regional and global problems; an integrative approach to environmental, economic and social issues; an orientation to understanding, preventing and solving problems.

	 Which actions/initiatives have been particularly successful and why? What challenges did your country encounter when implementing this objective?
T. 6 G.	Which other considerations have to be taken into account in future ESD implementation concerning this objective?
Issue 6. St	rengthen cooperation on ESD at all levels within the ECE region
If necessary, provide	e relevant information on your country situation regarding this specific objective (up to 1,500 characters with spaces).
Indicator 6.1	International cooperation on ESD is strengthened within the ECE region and beyond
Sub-indicator 6.1.1	Do your public authorities cooperate in/support international 30 networks on ESD?
Yes 🗌 No 🖂	Please specify concrete networks and explain who supports these networks.
Sub-indicator 6.1.2	Do educational institutions/organizations (formal and non-formal) in your country participate in international networks related to ESD?
Yes ⊠ No □	ENSI network - http://www.ensi.org ; Globe network - http://www.globe.gov BISEL, Network of UNESCO Associated Schools - http://www.bisel.hu/ (in Hungarian) MME: bird counting programmes - http://madarszamlalok.mme.hu/blog-cimkek/madarszamlalas (in Hungarian) Carbon detectives - http://www.carbondetectiveseurope.org/ Real World Learning (RWL) - http://www.rwlnetwork.org/ Roots&Shoots - https://www.rootsandshoots.org/ Lernraum Natur (LE-NA) - http://www.le-na.eu/welcome Sustainable Development Academy (REC) - http://sdacademy.rec.org/ see p.3 for a list of 20 programs (in Hungarian) at http://nemkf.com/WEBRA/2013/06/Hazai_es_nemzetkozi_KN_tanulmany_vegleges.pdf
Sub-indicator 6.1.3	Are there any state, bilateral and/or multilateral cooperation mechanisms/agreements that include an explicit ESD component?
Yes ⊠ No □	Please specify and list the major ones. Hungary is co-founder and Signatory to the Regional Environmental Center for Central and Eastern Europe. In the framework of the REC two important topic areas operate on ESD, one on the development of ESD tools and services, and the other in the delivery of ESD (http://www.rec.org/topicarea.php?id=12 ; http://www.rec.org/topicarea.php?id=6 ;).
Sub-indicator 6.1.4	Does your Government take any steps to promote ESD in international forums outside the ECE region?
Yes 🗌 No 🖂	
Concluding remarks on issue 6	Please provide any concluding remarks you may have concerning the implementation of issue 6, which corresponds to objective (f) under the Strategy, namely, to strengthen cooperation on ESD at all levels within the ECE region

³⁰ In this context, international associations, working groups, programmes, partnerships, etc. means those at the global, regional and subregional levels.

Please address in particular the following questions:

Which actions/initiatives have been particularly successful and for which reason?

What challenges did your country encounter when implementing this objective?

Which other considerations have to be taken into account in future ESD implementation concerning this objective?

Issue 7. Foster conservation, use and promotion of knowledge of indigenous peoples, as well as local and traditional knowledge, in ESD

Provide relevant information on your country situation regarding this specific issue (up to 2,000 characters with spaces). Please be as specific as possible.

Traditional culture, local and national traditions are common developmental areas of pedagogy. Local knowledge is widely included in the school-life and learning modules. See http://www.ofi.hu/sites/default/files/attachments/postersalynedervargakonczey20140528.pdf as an example (attachments: <a href="http://www.ofi.hu/sites/default/files/attachments/erika-saly-katalin-neder-attila-varga-reka_konczey_collaboration_between_schools_and_communities_in_hungary_poszter_mellekletei.zip).

What the role does this issue play in ESD implementation in your country? Please provide updated information to indicate changes over time.

Issue 8. Describe any challenges and obstacles encountered in the implementation of the Strategy

Provide relevant information on your country situation regarding this specific issue (up to 2,000 characters with spaces). Please be as specific as possible.

There are a lot of initiatives, programs, and developments in the field of ESD in Hungary. Most educational programs are in line with ESD even if they do not address ESD literally. In spite of these favorable facts, ESD is not in the mainstream.

There are several non-formal and informal forms of education used for ESD in Hungary (forest schools & kindergartens, programs of visitor centers in national parks, museums, zoos etc.). Their role in ESD is not emphasized enough in the Strategy (and therefore they are not reflected in this questionnaire) although they are very important in shaping behavior.

Please in particular discuss any challenges and obstacles encountered that were not yet mentioned in the concluding remarks on the implementation of the Strategy's main objectives (issues 1–6).

Issue 9. Future implementation of Education for Sustainable Development

Is there a political commitment/an indication that ESD implementation will continue to be supported after the end of phase III of the UNECE Strategy for ESD and after the United Nations Decade of ESD in your country? If yes, is there already an indication of implementation priorities?

No accepted plans available so far.

Appendix I (a)

Indicator 2.1, sub-indicator 2.1.1

Please specify which key themes of SD are addressed explicitly in the curriculum/programme of study at various levels of formal education by filling in the table below. (Please tick (\checkmark) relevant themes for each level. Use the blank rows to insert additional themes that are considered to be key themes in addressing learning for SD.)

Also, could you specify which specific themes are of critical importance in your country and why?

			IS	SCED	Leve	ls 201	1		
Some key themes covered by sustainable development	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Peace studies (e.g., international relations, security and conflict resolution, partnerships)				1	✓	✓	1	1	1
Ethics and philosophy		1	1	1	✓	✓	/	/	1
Citizenship, democracy and governance				1	✓	✓	/	1	/
Human rights (e.g., gender and racial and intergenerational equity)		✓	1	1	✓	✓	/	/	1
Poverty alleviation			1	1	✓	✓	/	1	/
Cultural diversity			1	1	✓	✓	/	1	/
Biological and landscape diversity		1	1	1	✓	✓	/	/	/
Environmental protection (waste management, etc.)	1	1	1	1	✓	✓	/	1	/
Ecological principles/ecosystem approach		✓	✓	1	✓	✓	/	/	/
Natural resource management (e.g., water, soil, mineral, fossil fuels)			✓	✓	✓	✓	/	/	/
Climate change		✓	1	1		✓	/	1	/
Personal and family health (e.g., HIV/AIDS, drug abuse)	✓	✓	1	1	✓	✓	/	1	/
Environmental health (e.g., food and drinking; water quality; pollution)	1	1	1	1	✓	✓	/	/	1
Corporate social responsibility						✓	/	1	/
Production and/or consumption patterns			1	/	✓	✓	/	/	/
Economics			1	1	✓	✓	/	/	1
Rural/urban development		1	1	1	✓	✓	/	/	1
Total	3	9	14	16	15	17	17	17	17
Other (countries to add as many as needed) Note: Your response will reflect the variety of ESD themes distributed ecross the ISCED levels. The distribution is n									

Note: Your response will reflect the variety of ESD themes distributed across the ISCED levels. The distribution is more important than the raw number of ticks. The number of ticks may be used for your own monitoring purposes.

The scoring key for this table (maximum 153 ticks; "other" categories not counted) is:

No. of ticks	0–9	10–16	17–39	40–75	76–112	113–153
Scale	Α	В	C	D	Е	F

Among the specific themes of the curriculum/programs, poverty alleviation is being explicitly addressed due to poverty problems of the roma minority.

Appendix I (b)

Indicator 2.1, sub-indicator 2.1.2

Please specify the extent to which the following broad areas of competence that support ESD are addressed explicitly in the curriculum³¹/programme of study at various levels of formal education, by filling in the table below. (*Please tick* () relevant expected learning outcomes for each level. Use the blank rows to insert additional learning outcomes (skills, attitudes and values) that are considered to be key outcomes in your country in learning for SD.)

Table of learning outcomes

				IS	CE	DI	Leve	ls		
Competence	Expected outcomes	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Learning to learn	- posing analytical questions/critical thinking?			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Does education at each level enhance	- understanding complexity/systemic thinking?			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
learners' capacity for:	- overcoming obstacles/problem-solving?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	- managing change/problem-setting?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	 creative thinking/future-oriented thinking? 		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	- understanding interrelationships across disciplines/holistic approach?		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Total	2	4	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
	- other (countries to add as many as needed)?									
	-									
Learning to do	- applying learning in a variety of life-wide contexts?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Does education at each level enhance	- decision-making, including in situations of uncertainty?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
learners' capacity for:	- dealing with crises and risks?				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	- acting responsibly?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
	- acting with self-respect?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	- acting with determination?		<u> </u>		✓	✓	✓			✓
	Total	4	4	4	6	6	6	3	3	6
	- other (countries to add as many as needed)?									

At the state level, where relevant.

				I	SCE	DL	eve	ls		
Competence	Expected outcomes	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Learning to be	- self-confidence?	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Does education at each level enhance	- self-expression and communication?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
learners' capacity for:	- coping under stress?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	- ability to identify and clarify values (for phase III)?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Total	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	- other (countries to add as many as needed)?			ļ		ļ		ļ		
Learning to live and work together	- acting with responsibility (locally and globally)?	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√
Does education at each level enhance	- acting with respect for others?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
learners' capacity for:	- identifying stakeholders and their interests?			✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
1 ,	- collaboration/team working?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	- participation in democratic decision-making?			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	- negotiation and consensus-building?			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	- distributing responsibilities (subsidiarity)?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Total	4	4	7	7	7	7	6	6	7
	- other (countries to add as many as needed)?									
	-									

Note: Your response will reflect the variety of ESD themes distributed across the ISCED levels. The distribution is more important than the raw number of ticks. The number of ticks may be used for your own monitoring purposes.

The scoring key for this table (maximum 207 ticks; "other" not counted) is:

No. of ticks	0–11	12-21	22–53	54-105	106–156	157-207
Scale	Α	В	С	D	Е	F

Appendix I (c)

Indicator 2.1, sub-indicator 2.1.3

Please indicate the teaching/learning methods used for ESD at the different ISCED levels. (*Please tick* () relevant teaching/learning methods for each level. Use the blank rows to insert additional teaching/learning methods that are considered to be key methods in your country in teaching-learning for sustainable development.)

Table of teaching-learning methods

				ISC	ED I	Level	s		
Some key ESD teaching/learning methods proposed by the Strategy ^a	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Discussions	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Conceptual and perceptual mapping	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Philosophical inquiry		✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
Value clarification	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Simulations; role playing; games	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Scenarios; modelling				✓			✓	✓	✓
Information and communication technology (ICT)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Surveys			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Case studies			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Excursions and outdoor learning	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Learner-driven projects	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Good practice analyses			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Workplace experience	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Problem-solving	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Total	9	9	13	14	13	13	13	13	13
Other: Community services				/	/	/			

Note: Your response will reflect the variety of ESD themes distributed across the ISCED levels. The distribution is more important than the raw number of ticks. The number of ticks may be used for your own monitoring purposes.

The scoring key for this table (maximum 126 ticks; "other" not counted) is:

No. of ticks	0–8	9–42	43-53	54–76	77–98	99–126
Scale	A	В	C	D	Е	F

^a Please refer to paragraph 33(e) of the UNECE Strategy for ESD.

Appendix II

Indicator 2.6, sub-indicator 2.6.1

Please specify to what extent ESD implementation is a multi-stakeholder process by filling in the table below. Please provide examples of good practice. (*Please tick* () in both (a) and (b) template-tables to indicate what types of education stakeholders are involved.)

Table (a)
According to the UNECE Strategy for ESD

	Classification by UNECE Strategy for ESD							
Stakeholders	Formal	Non-formal	Informal					
NGOs	1	1	1					
Local government	✓ (Kindergartens)	/	/					
Organized labour		/	/					
Private sector	1	1	1					
Community-based		✓	1					
Faith-based	1	/	/					
Media		/	1					
Total	4	7	7					
Other (countries to add as many as needed)								

The scoring key for this table (maximum 21 ticks; "other" not counted) is:

No. of ticks	0–1	2	3–5	6–10	11–15	16–21
Scale	A	В	C	D	Е	<u>F</u>

The recently introduced community service in upper secondary education could be concerned as a good practice of multi-stakeholder process, as it is organised in the co-operation of schools and NGO's, local governments, faith based and community based organizations.

The system of Green Kindergarten and Eco-School awards also encourage developing multi-stakeholder solutions for ESD.

Table (b)
According to United Nations Decade of ESD

	Classification by United Nations Decade of ESD								
Stakeholders	Public awareness	Quality education	Reorienting education	Training	Social learning				
NGOs	✓		/	1	/				
Local government	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
Organized labour		/		/					
Private sector	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
Community-based	1	/		1	✓				
Faith-based	✓	✓	1	/	1				
Media	/								
Total	6	5	4	6	5				
Other (countries to add as many as needed)									

The scoring key for this table (maximum 35 ticks; "other" not counted) is:

No. of ticks	0–5	0 11	12–17	18–23	47-47	30–35
Scale	A	В	C	D	<u>E</u>	F

Appendix III

Indicator 3.1, sub-indicator 3.1.3

Please specify to what extent ESD is a part of the initial and/or in-service educator's training, by filling in the table below by ticking (\checkmark) as appropriate.

	Percentage of education professionals who have received training ^a to integrate ESD into their practice																	
					i	Educ	ators	5					L	eade	rs/adi	minis	strate	ors ^b
			Init	ial^c				In service ^d						In se	rvice	e		
ISCED levels	A	В	C	D	Е	F	A	В	C	D	Е	F	A	В	C	D	E	F
0.						/			/				/					
1.						/		1					/					
2.				/				1					/					
3.				/				1					/					
4.		/					/						/					
5.		/					/						/					
6.		/					/						/					
7.	/						/						/					
8.	/						/						/					
Non-formal	/								/				/					
Informal			/							/					/			

^a Training is understood to include at least one day (a minimum of five contact hours).

The scoring key for this table (maximum 100%) is:

Percentage of educated trainers	0–5	6–10	11–25	26-50	51–75	76–100
Scale	A	В	C	<u>D</u>	Е	F

^b See paras. 54 and 55 of the UNECE Strategy for ESD.

^c Please indicate the number of educators who have received initial training on ESD as a percentage of the total number of educators by the reporting date.

^d Please indicate the number of educators who have received training on ESD as a percentage of the total number of educators who received in-service teacher training by the reporting date.

^e Please indicate the number of leaders/administrators who have received training on ESD as a percentage of total number of leaders/administrators who received in-service teacher training by the reporting date.

Appendix IV

Summary and self-assessment by countries

Please specify the status of efforts to implement the sub-indicators listed in the table below by ticking (\checkmark) as appropriate.

On the basis of the answers to the sub-indicators, please self-assess the status of the implementation of the respective indicator in your country. If feasible, please specify the methodology used for the self-assessment.

Indicator 1.1	Prerequisite measures are taken to support the promotion of ESD	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☒ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 1.2	Policy, regulatory and operational frameworks support the promotion of ESD	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☒ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 1.3	National policies support synergies between processes related to SD and ESD	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☐ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 2.1	SD key themes are addressed in formal education	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☒ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 2.2	Strategies to implement ESD are clearly identified	☐ Not started ☑ In progress ☐ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 2.3	A whole-institution approach to ESD/SD is promoted	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☒ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 2.4	ESD is addressed by quality assessment/enhancement systems	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☐ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 2.5	ESD methods and instruments for non-formal and informal learning are in place to assess changes in knowledge, attitude and practice	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☐ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 2.6	ESD implementation is a multi-stakeholder process	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☒ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 3.1	ESD is included in the training of educators	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☒ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 3.2	Opportunities exist for educators to cooperate on ESD	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☒ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 4.1	Teaching tools and materials for ESD are produced	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☒ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 4.2	Quality control mechanisms for teaching tools and materials for ESD exist	☐ Not started ☑ In progress ☐ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 4.3	Teaching tools and materials for ESD are accessible	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☒ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 5.1	Research on ESD is promoted	☐ Not started ☑ In progress ☐ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 5.2	Development of ESD is promoted	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☐ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 5.3	Dissemination of research results on ESD is promoted	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☐ Developing ☐ Completed
Indicator 6.1	International cooperation on ESD is strengthened within the ECE region and beyond	☐ Not started ☐ In progress ☐ Developing ☐ Completed